



## Meeting Agenda

### Capital Investment Committee

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Thursday, October 26, 2023

3:30 PM

Board Room

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#### CALL TO ORDER

**CITIZEN COMMENTS** (Open for citizens to be heard on any issue or concern, including those related to items on the agenda. Please submit a Speaker Card at the beginning of the meeting if you would like to address the Board/Commission. If you would like to speak on an agenda item, the Chair will hold your comment until the public comment period associated with the item. As provided by law, Boards/Commissions shall make no decisions or consideration of action of citizen comments for items not on the agenda, except to refer the matter to the City Administrator/Staff for administrative consideration, or to a schedule the matter for consideration at a later date. Those addressing the Board/Commission are requested to come to the microphone and identify themselves by name and address for the official record. The Chair may restrict the period for public comment, including the length of the public comment period, the number of individuals who can speak and the length of time each individual may speak. When time allows, the standard individual public comment time is two minutes.)

Comments on agenda items may be made in person at City Hall or by emailing [recorder@franklintn.gov](mailto:recorder@franklintn.gov) before noon on the day of the meeting. Comments will be submitted for the record.

#### APPROVAL OF MINUTES

1. Consideration Of Approval Of Minutes  
September 28, 2023 Capital Investment Committee Meeting

**Sponsors:** Angie Skarp

#### NEW BUSINESS

2. Consideration Of Ordinance 2023-36, An Ordinance To Establish A No-Parking-Anytime Zone Along The Southerly Extents Of Westwind And Eastwind Court

**Sponsors:** Paul Holzen, Adam Moser

3. Consideration Of Resolution 2023-69, A Resolution Declaring A Portion Of Right-Of-Way On Cherokee Place As Surplus Property

**Sponsors:** Paul Holzen, Jimmy Wiseman

4. Consideration Of DRAFT Amendment 2 To COF Contract No. 2019-0318, With CDM Smith For The Jordan Road Improvements Project In The Amount of \$12,500

**Sponsors:** Paul Holzen, Jonathan Marston, William Banks

5. Consideration Of Resolution 2023-08, A Resolution Adopting Revised General Requirements And Technical Specifications, Water Management Department, City Of Franklin, Tennessee, As Adopted By Reference In Title 18 Of The Franklin Municipal Code

**Sponsors:** Michelle Hatcher, Brian Goodwin, Patricia McNeese

6. Consideration Of COF Contract No. 2023-0318, With C&T Engineering And Inspection, LLC For Harpeth River Stream Monitoring And Data Management

**Sponsors:** Michelle Hatcher

7. Capital Projects Dashboard And Status Updates For October 2023

**Sponsors:** Paul Holzen, Jonathan Marston

## **OTHER BUSINESS**

## **ADJOURN**

Anyone needing accommodations due to disabilities please contact the ADA Coordinator at 615-791-3277 at least 24 hours prior to the meeting.





## Meeting Minutes

### Capital Investment Committee

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Thursday, September 28,  
2023

3:30 PM

Board Room

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#### CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Matt Brown called the meeting to order at 03:30 PM

Board Members Present: Gabrielle Hanson, Matt Brown, Beverly Burger, Brandy Blanton

Board Members Absent: None

**CITIZEN COMMENTS (Open for citizens to be heard on any issue or concern, including those related to items on the agenda. Please submit a Speaker Card at the beginning of the meeting if you would like to address the Board/Commission. If you would like to speak on an agenda item, the Chair will hold your comment until the public comment period associated with the item. As provided by law, Boards/Commissions shall make no decisions or consideration of action of citizen comments for items not on the agenda, except to refer the matter to the City Administrator/Staff for administrative consideration, or to a schedule the matter for consideration at a later date. Those addressing the Board/Commission are requested to come to the microphone and identify themselves by name and address for the official record. The Chair may restrict the period for public comment, including the length of the public comment period, the number of individuals who can speak and the length of time each individual may speak. When time allows, the standard individual public comment time is two minutes.)**

**Comments on agenda items may be made in person at City Hall or by emailing [recorder@franklinton.gov](mailto:recorder@franklinton.gov) before noon on the day of the meeting. Comments will be submitted for the record.**

#### APPROVAL OF MINUTES

1. **Consideration Of Approval Of Minutes  
August 24, 2023 Capital Investment Committee Meeting**

**Sponsors:** Angie Skarp

A motion was made by Alderman Gabrielle Hanson, seconded by Alderman Brandy Blanton to Approve the Minutes. The motion Passed 4-0.

#### NEW BUSINESS

2. **Consideration Of COF Contract No. 2023-0295, With Rebuild-It-Services Group, LLC For A New Drive Unit For Secondary Clarifier No. 10 At The Water Reclamation Facility**

**Sponsors:** Michelle Hatcher

A motion was made by Alderman Brandy Blanton, seconded by Alderman Beverly Burger to Recommend Approval of the contract to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The motion Passed 4-0. This item is expected at the October 10, 2023 Board of Mayor and Aldermen meeting for consideration.

3. **Consideration Of DRAFT Amendment 1 To COF Contract No. 2020-0273, With Gresham Smith For Utility Asset Management Consulting Services.**

**Sponsors:** Michelle Hatcher

A motion was made by Alderman Brandy Blanton, seconded by Alderman Gabrielle Hanson to Recommend Approval of the contract amendment to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The motion Passed 4-0. This item is expected at the October 10, 2023 Board of Mayor and Aldermen meeting for consideration.

4. **Consideration Of DRAFT Ordinance 2023-35, An Ordinance To Establish All-Way Stop Control At The Intersection Of Liebler Lane And McAvoy Drive**

Sponsors: Adam Moser, Paul Holzen

A motion was made by Alderman Gabrielle Hanson, seconded by Alderman Brandy Blanton to Recommend Approval of the ordinance to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The motion Passed 4-0. This item is expected at the November 14, 2023 Board of Mayor and Aldermen meeting for First Reading.

5. **Consideration Of Resolution 2023-67, A Resolution To Rescind Resolution 2019-92 And Provide A Design Concept For The Lewisburg Avenue Pedestrian Improvements Projects**

Sponsors: Paul Holzen

A motion was made by Alderman Brandy Blanton, seconded by Alderman Beverly Burger to Recommend Approval of the resolution to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The motion Passed 4-0. This item is expected at the November 14, 2023 Board of Mayor and Aldermen meeting for consideration.

6. **Consideration Of Change Order 1 And Change Order 2 To COF Contract No. 2022-0114 With Dement Construction Co, LLC For Harlinsdale Farm Multi-Use Path And Pedestrian Bridge (COF Project No. 2017-018 / TDOT PIN 126630.00) For A Cost Increase Of \$50,818.05**

Sponsors: Paul Holzen, David Hodnett, Jonathan Marston

A motion was made by Alderman Beverly Burger, seconded by Alderman Brandy Blanton to Recommend Approval of the change orders to the contract to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The motion Passed 4-0. This item is expected at the November 14, 2023 Board of Mayor and Aldermen meeting for consideration.

7. **Consideration Of DRAFT Amendment 1 To COF Contract No. 2021-0321, With CT Consultants, Inc., To Include Geotechnical Services For Design/Right-Of-Way Plans For The Church Street Improvements Project At A Cost Increase of \$48,000**

Sponsors: Paul Holzen, Jonathan Marston, William Banks

A motion was made by Alderman Brandy Blanton, seconded by Alderman Beverly Burger to Recommend Approval of the amendment to the contract to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The motion Passed 4-0. This item is expected at the October 10, 2023 Board of Mayor and Aldermen meeting for consideration.

8. **Consideration Of COF Contract No. 2023-0284, A Memorandum Of Understanding With Cumberland River Compact For The Ralston Branch At Pinkerton Park Stream Restoration Project**

Sponsors: Mark Hilty, Paul Holzen, Jeff Willoughby

A motion was made by Alderman Brandy Blanton, seconded by Alderman Gabrielle Hanson to Recommend Approval of the contract to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The motion Passed 4-0. This item is expected at the November 14, 2023 Board of Mayor and Aldermen meeting for consideration.

9. **Capital Projects Dashboard And Status Updates For September 2023**

**Sponsors:** Paul Holzen, Jonathan Marston

## **OTHER BUSINESS**

### **ADJOURN**

A motion was made by Alderman Brandy Blanton, seconded by Alderman Beverly Burger to Adjourn. The motion Passed 4-0.



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**File #: 21-05263**

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**DATE:** September 21, 2023  
**TO:** Capital Investment Committee  
**FROM:** Paul Holzen, Director of Engineering  
Adam Moser, Traffic Engineer

**SUBJECT:**

Consideration Of Ordinance 2023-36, An Ordinance To Establish A No-Parking-Anytime Zone Along The Southerly Extents Of Westwind And Eastwind Court

**PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide information to the Franklin Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BOMA) concerning a no parking zone to be established for Westwind and Eastwind Court cul-de-sacs and along southern part of the roadway. This is to preserve the turnaround portion of the cul-de-sac and for preserving the emergency access to the business located along that southern right-of-way, as well as to preserve ease of access to the business for its customers, by request of property owner.

**BACKGROUND/STAFF COMMENTS:**

The property owner and management of the storage facility asked for the no parking zone to be established due to vehicles parking and blocking access and turnaround capabilities around the perimeter of the cul-de-sac and along the roadway.

**FINANCIAL IMPACT:**

Funding for signs and posts is covered in the annual budget for the Streets Department.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends that Ordinance 2023-36 be recommended to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for approval.

## **ORDINANCE NO. 2023-36**

### **AN ORDINANCE TO ESTABLISH A NO-PARKING-ANYTIME ZONE ALONG THE SOUTHERLY EXTENTS OF WESTWIND AND EASTWIND COURT**

**WHEREAS**, the Business and Property Owner adjacent to the Westwind and Eastwind Courts cul-de-sac desires to improve the safety and security of travel on Westwind and Eastwind Court, and

**WHEREAS**, the alignments of driveway connections to the cul-de-sac make it difficult for passenger vehicles and emergency vehicles to enter and exit the property when vehicles are parked in the cul-de-sac, and

**WHEREAS**, the property owner located at 101 Westwind Court and 102 Eastwind Court requests a NO PARKING ANYTIME zone within the cul-de-sac and along the southerly extents of the street adjacent to their property.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE, AS FOLLOWS:**

**SECTION I:** That a NO PARKING ANYTIME zone be created for the southerly extents of the roadway and cul-de-sac on Westwind and Eastwind Court.

**SECTION II:** Said NO PARKING ANYTIME zone is created in order to prohibit vehicles from parking in such a manner as to create traffic hazard or obstruct vehicle flow, and is more specifically described as follows:

1. From the property corner of Woodlands Subdivision Lots 5 and 6 located along Westwind Court cul-de-sac running southerly and easterly counterclockwise around the cul-de-sac and to the east to the intersection of Southwinds Drive
2. From the property corner of Woodlands Subdivision Lot 10 located along Eastwind Court cul-de-sac running southerly and westerly clockwise around the cul-de-sac and to the west to the intersection of Southwinds Drive

**SECTION III:** That the Streets Department Director or his designee shall obtain and install all necessary signs to carry out the intention of this Ordinance.

**SECTION IV:** That the penalty for failure to obey the provisions of this Ordinance shall be as indicated in the Franklin Municipal Code and/or the Tennessee Code Annotated.

**SECTION V: BE IT FINALLY ORDAINED** by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Franklin, Tennessee, that this Ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage on second and final reading, the health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Franklin requiring it.

**ATTEST:**

**CITY OF FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**Eric S. Stuckey**  
**City Administrator**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**Dr. Ken Moore**  
**Mayor**

Approved as to form by:

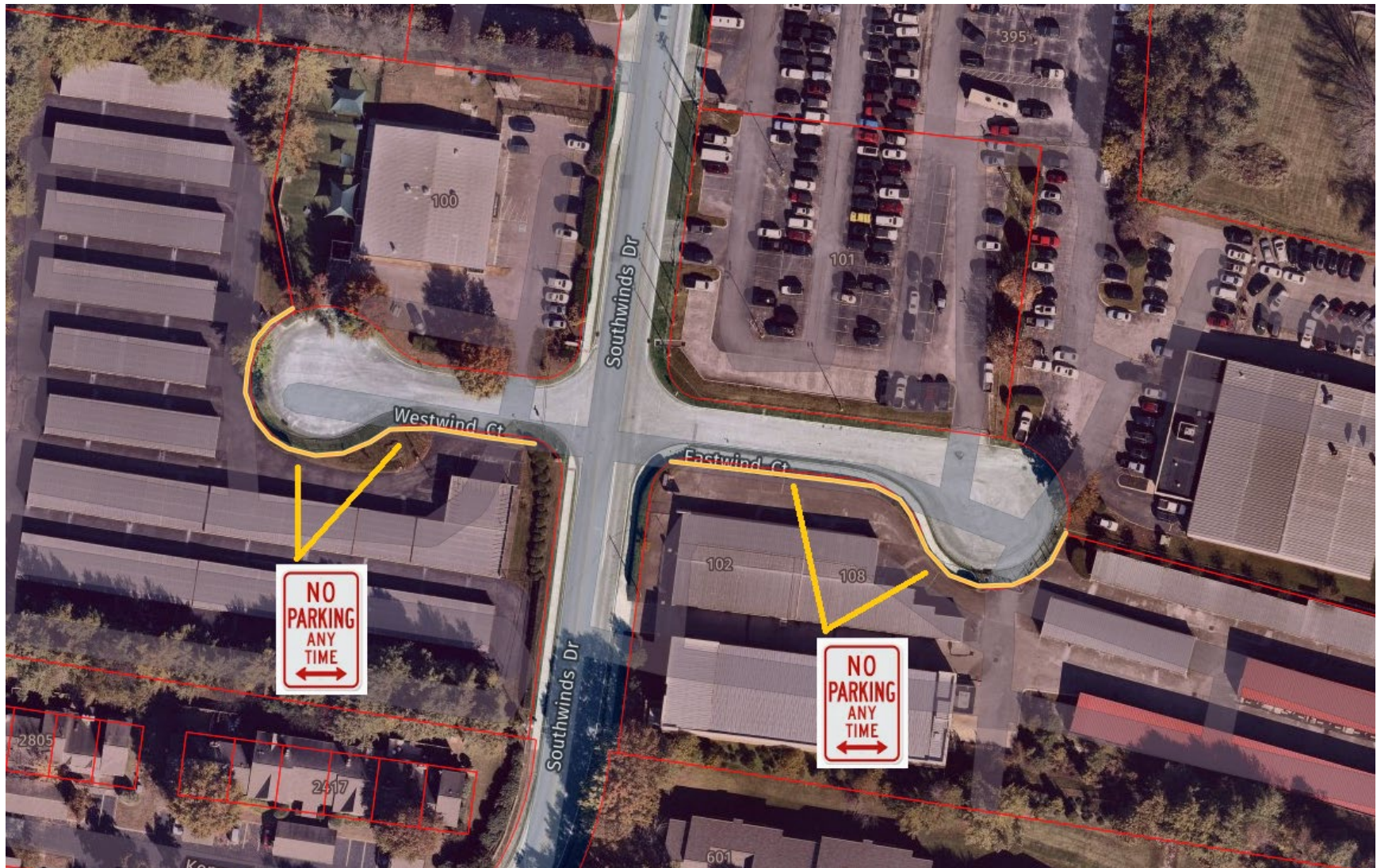
\_\_\_\_\_  
William E. Squires  
Assistant City Attorney

Passed First Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

Passed Second Reading: \_\_\_\_\_

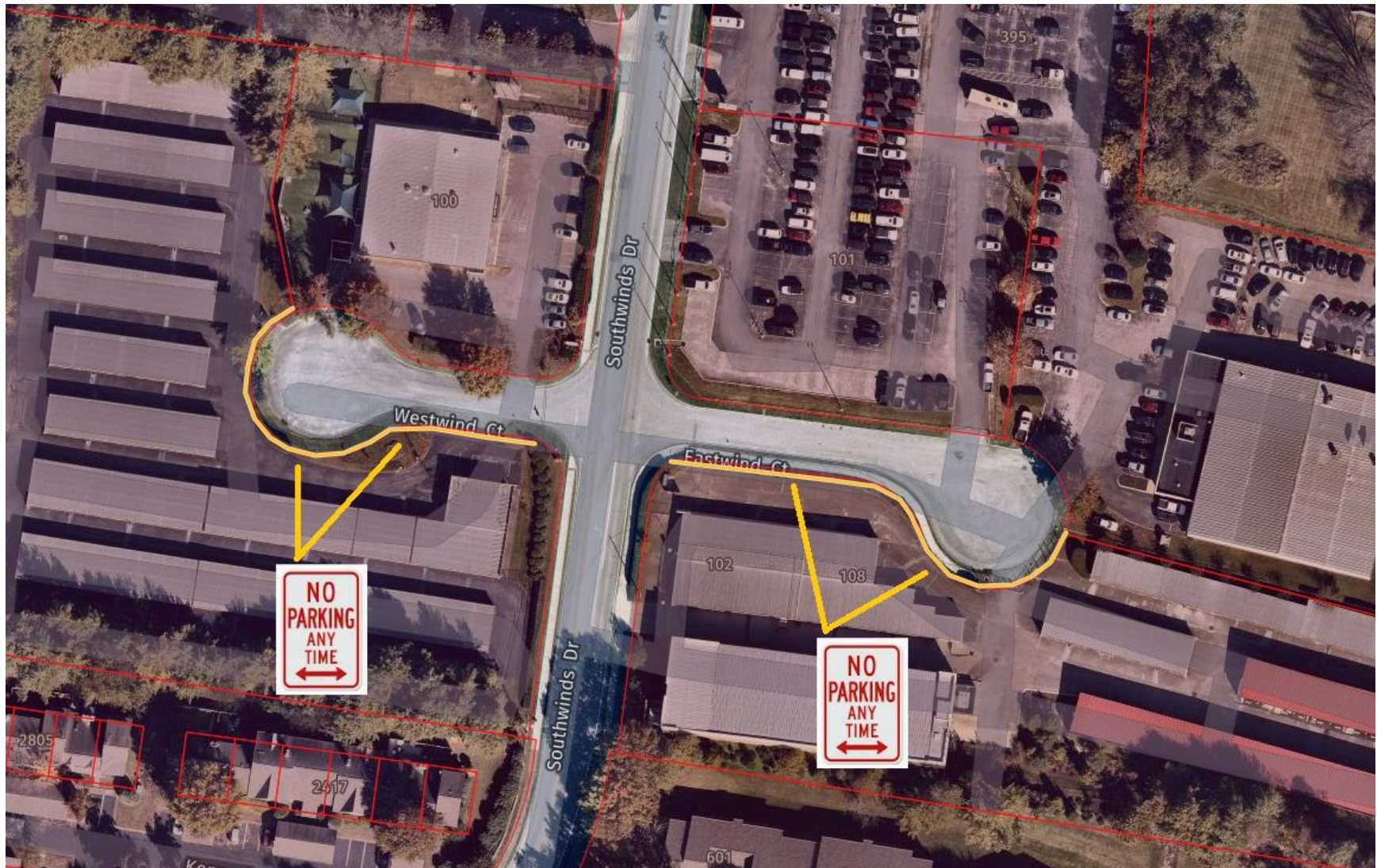


## EXHIBIT A





## EXHIBIT A





**From:** [Ed Freeman](#)  
**To:** [Adam Moser](#); [StorPlace of Franklin](#)  
**Cc:** [Nadine](#)  
**Subject:** RE: StorPlace of Franklin 101 Westwind Ct Parking Issues  
**Date:** Wednesday, September 20, 2023 2:11:23 PM  
**Attachments:** [image001.jpg](#)

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***ATTENTION COF staff: This email originated from outside the City of Franklin. Please use discretion when clicking on attachments & links from unknown senders or suspicious emails.***

Mr. Moser:

I am the managing Partner of StorPlace-Self Storage of Franklin.

Yes, please designate those cul-de-sacs as a no parking zones.

Thank-you

Ed Freeman

J. Edmond Freeman, Jr.

Managing Partner



615-383-3111

615-397-6981

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**From:** Adam Moser <[adam.moser@franklintn.gov](mailto:adam.moser@franklintn.gov)>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, September 20, 2023 10:49 AM  
**To:** StorPlace of Franklin <[fk@storplace.com](mailto:fk@storplace.com)>  
**Cc:** Nadine <[nadinem@storplace.com](mailto:nadinem@storplace.com)>; Ed Freeman <[ed@storplace.com](mailto:ed@storplace.com)>  
**Subject:** RE: StorPlace of Franklin 101 Westwind Ct Parking Issues

**CAUTION:** This email originated from outside your organization. Exercise caution when opening attachments or clicking links, especially from unknown senders.

Thank you

All that would be needed is the property owner's acceptance of this email as to requesting the no parking zone for the ordinance to be written (no parking for cul-de-sacs on Westwind and Eastwind Cts.)

**Adam Moser, P.E.**  
*City Traffic Engineer*  
City of Franklin

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**From:** StorPlace of Franklin <[fk@storplace.com](mailto:fk@storplace.com)>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, September 20, 2023 10:24 AM  
**To:** Adam Moser <[adam.moser@franklintn.gov](mailto:adam.moser@franklintn.gov)>  
**Cc:** Nadine <[nadinem@storplace.com](mailto:nadinem@storplace.com)>; Ed Freeman <[ed@storplace.com](mailto:ed@storplace.com)>  
**Subject:** StorPlace of Franklin 101 Westwind Ct Parking Issues

***ATTENTION COF staff: This email originated from outside the City of Franklin. Please use discretion when clicking on attachments & links from unknown senders or suspicious emails.***

Good morning Mr. Moser

I am reaching out to you seeking help with an issue we are having with parking in the cul-de-sacs at 101 Westwind Ct and 102 Eastwind Ct.

There is a large semi that has been sitting in the cul-de-sac on Westwind Ct for nearly 3 weeks now. It just sits there.

Also, on Eastwind Ct, we have been having an issue with vehicles parked along the street as well. I have worked with the Fire Department and the Franklin PD trying to remedy these issues, but to no avail.

We are a storage facility and sometimes our customers / tenants, can't even get to the gates due to vehicles parked all along the street there.

I get phone calls from angry customers because of this, and there is nothing I can do and we're very frustrated.

I am sending some pics of the semi on Westwind Ct. to possibly help you see where we are coming from.

I understand that you need a request from the owner, and I have copied him on this email as well and will give him a call, in efforts to get this ball rolling.

We would like to have no parking signs along our fence on Westwind Ct and Eastwind Ct, if possible.

Thanks, in advance, for your help with this issue.

Sincerely,  
Mike Young

***Mike Young  
Property Manager  
615 591 9008  
1138 Murfreesboro Road  
Franklin, TN 37064***





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**File #: 21-05256**

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**DATE:** September 19, 2023  
**TO:** Board of Mayor and Aldermen  
**FROM:** Paul Holzen, Director of Engineering  
Jimmy Wiseman, Asst. Director of Engineering

**SUBJECT:**

Consideration Of Resolution 2023-69, A Resolution Declaring A Portion Of Right-Of-Way On Cherokee Place As Surplus Property

**PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide information to the Franklin Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BOMA) concerning Resolution 2023-69.

**BACKGROUND/STAFF COMMENTS:**

The Franklin Housing Authority is currently constructing the Cherokee Place PUD Subdivision. During construction of several of the homes, the structures were extended onto the public right-of-way of Cherokee Place. This is the only section of Cherokee Place that is in the public right-of-way. The remainder is privately owned and maintained by the Cherokee Place Homeowner's Association. This section of right-of-way only serves the Cherokee Place PUD Subdivision and the existing Chickasaw Senior Community.

The Developer and City Staff agree that abandoning this portion of right-of-way is the appropriate step to allow the homes to be left as constructed.

**FINANCIAL IMPACT:**

There is no financial impact to the City of Franklin.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends that Resolution 2023-69 be recommended to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for approval.

## **RESOLUTION 2023-69**

### **A RESOLUTION DECLARING A PORTION OF RIGHT-OF-WAY ON CHEROKEE PLACE AS SURPLUS PROPERTY**

**WHEREAS**, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BOMA) determined that a portion of right-of-way on Cherokee Place as shown on Exhibits A and B is no longer necessary, suitable and desirable for the public welfare; and

**WHEREAS**, the City now desires to declare the right-of-way as depicted in Exhibits A and B as surplus property and desires to sell or dispose of the property to the adjoining property owner of Map 078H, Parcel No. 04.00, Franklin Housing Authority; and

**WHEREAS**, the surplus property as depicted in Exhibits A and B shall be disposed of equally to the Franklin Housing Authority as owner adjacent to the City right-of-way as shown in Exhibits A and B; and

**WHEREAS**, the City will realize additional tax benefits from this property being returned to the tax roll with such transfer of ownership of the property; and

**WHEREAS**, City staff has determined the value to be under \$25,000.00 because the property depicted in Exhibit A creates non-buildable lots; and

**WHEREAS**, Municipal Code, Title 5, Chapter 8; Sec. 5-802, allows the BOMA to sell or dispose of right-of-way by negotiated contract or by other means that will adequately protect the public interest when the value does not exceed \$25,000.00.

**NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Franklin, Tennessee, that the right-of-way as shown in attached Exhibits A and B is hereby declared surplus property.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen that the right-of-way so declared as surplus shall be disposed equally to the property owners of Map 078H, Parcel No. 04.00, Franklin Housing Authority, as negotiated by the City Engineer and approved by the City Administrator, with the following conditions:

- 1) Require a Public Utility and Drainage Easement on the property being vacated as determined by the City Engineer.
- 2) Require the property owner(s) to complete a survey of the surplus right-of-way and pay all closing costs associated with the transfer of the property. Said survey shall include the location of all utilities and drainage facilities within or along the subject right-of-way.
- 3) Franklin Housing Authority shall assume all maintenance and liability of the right-of-way as shown in Exhibit A immediately following the transfer of the abandoned right-of-way.



**IT IS SO RESOLVED AND DONE** on this the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2023.

**ATTEST:**

**CITY OF FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**ERIC S. STUCKEY**  
City Administrator/Recorder

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**DR. KEN MOORE**  
Mayor

**Approved As To Form By:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**William E. Squires**  
Assistant City Attorney



PARKING REQUIRED PER MOS #1

1 BEDROOM - 16 @ 1.5 PER UNIT = 24

2 BEDROOM - 40 @ 2.25 PER UNIT = 90

3 BEDROOM - 38 @ 2.75 PER UNIT = 105

4 BEDROOM - 4 @ 3.0 PER UNIT = 12

5 BEDROOM - 2 @ 3.0 PER UNIT = 6

TOTAL REQUIRED = 237

TOTAL PROVIDED = 238

HANDICAP PROVIDED = 13

BICYCLE PARKING REQUIRED ZONING ORDINANCE 10.2.1

236 BEDROOMS x 0.05 PER BEDROOM

TOTAL REQUIRED = 12

TOTAL PROVIDED = 12

OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 30,019 S.F.

NATURAL AREA PROVIDED: 49,228 S.F.

**POCKET PARK 1**

SIZE PROVIDED: 22,311 SF / 0.512 ACRES

AMENITIES: WALKING TRAIL; BENCHES

**POCKET PARK 2**

SIZE PROVIDED: 3,409 SF / 0.078 ACRES

AMENITIES: PLAYGROUND EQUIPMENT; SEATING AREA

**POCKET PARK 3**

SIZE PROVIDED: 1,793 SF / 0.041 ACRES

AMENITIES: BENCHES

**POCKET PARK 4**

SIZE PROVIDED: 2,506 SF / 0.058 ACRES

AMENITIES: GAZEBO; BENCHES

**SITE KEY NOTES:**

- CONCRETE SIDEWALK, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAIL.
- BIKE RACK W/ CONCRETE PAD, SEE SHEET C2.3 FOR DETAILS.
- MAIL KIOSK W/ CONCRETE PAD, SEE ARCHITECTURAL SHEET FOR DETAILS.
- DUMPSTER ENCLOSURE WITH PEDESTRIAN ACCESS DOOR, SEE ARCHITECTURAL SHEET FOR DETAILS.
- HANDICAP PARKING, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAILS.
- EXISTING ROADWAY, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAIL & SHEET C4.0 FOR TYPICAL SECTION.
- DETECTABLE WARNING STRIPS, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAIL.
- RETAINING WALL, SEE SHEET C2.3 FOR DETAILS & SHEET C3.1 FOR T.W. & B.W. ELEVATIONS.
- BIORETENTION AREA, SEE SHEETS C3.0 - C3.4 FOR ELEVATIONS & DETAILS.
- STORM WATER OPEN DETENTION POND, SEE SHEETS C3.0 - C3.4 FOR ELEVATIONS & DETAILS.
- POCKET PARK AREA, SEE ARCHITECTURAL SHEET FOR DETAILS.
- ASPHALT PARKING AREAS, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAILS.
- CONCRETE POST CURB, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAIL.
- EXTRUDED CONCRETE CURB (TYPICAL FOR LANDSCAPING ISLANDS), SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAIL.
- EXISTING TRANSIT STOP TO REMAIN.
- CROSS PER CITY OF FRANKLIN STREET DEPARTMENT REQUIREMENTS.
- ADA ACCESSIBLE CONCRETE RAMP W/ DETECTABLE WARNING, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAIL.
- VAN ACCESSIBLE HANDICAP PARKING, SEE SHEET C2.2 FOR DETAILS.
- HANDICAP PARKING, SEE DETAILS 8, 10 AND 11 ON SHEET C2.2.
- SOLID WOOD FENCE ON THREE SIDES OF HVAC UNITS TO SCREEN FROM VIEW. SEE DETAIL OF TYPICAL HVAC SCREEN ON SHEET L3.0 AND SOLID WOOD FENCE DETAIL ON SHEET L4.0.

TWIN OAKS SUBDIVISION  
P.B. 12, PG. 93, R.O.W.C.  
ZONED R-3

**LEGEND**

- PUBLIC ACCESS EASEMENT
- DRAINAGE EASEMENT
- UTILITY EASEMENT
- TRANSITION ZONE 1
- TRANSITION ZONE 2
- TRANSITION ZONE 3

**NOTES**

- UNCONTROLLED PEDESTRIAN CROSSING LOCATIONS WILL BE DETERMINED BY CITY OF FRANKLIN ENGINEERING STAFF ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS WITH THE REVIEW OF SUBSEQUENT SITE PLANS.
- CHICKASAW PLACE AND CHEROKEE PLACE ROADWAYS TO BE RE-PAVED IN THEIR ENTIRETY WITHIN THE DEVELOPMENT BOUNDARY.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT IS COMPLETELY SCREENED FROM ALL DIRECTIONS AND OFF SITE VIEWS.
- THE CHANGE OUT OF ANY EQUIPMENT TO A LARGER DIMENSIONAL HEIGHT OR MOUNTING HEIGHT WILL REQUIRE THAT ADDITIONAL MEASURES BE TAKEN TO MEET CITY OF FRANKLIN SCREENING REQUIREMENTS.

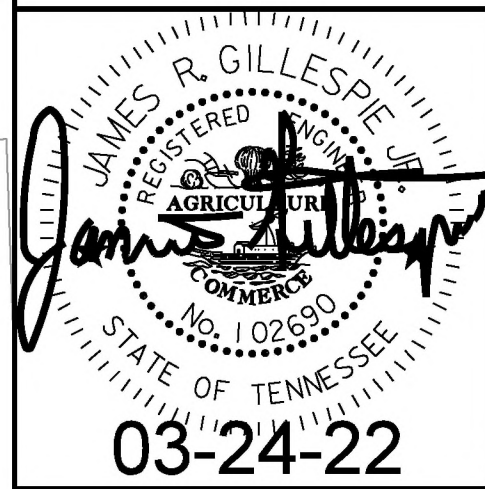
WEST MEADE - SECTION 2  
P.B. 3, PG. 11, R.O.W.C.  
ZONED R-4



One Vantage Way, Suite E-220 • Knoxville, Tennessee 37228-0505 • (615) 726-4848

Engineers  
Planners and  
Computer Applications

**JAMES + ASSOCIATES, INC.**



**ENLARGED SITE PLAN**

SITE PLAN  
CHEROKEE PLACE PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT  
CHEROKEE PLACE @ SHAWNEE DRIVE  
FRANKLIN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE

| DR   | CHK | DATE     | SITE PLAN RESUBMITTAL          |
|------|-----|----------|--------------------------------|
| TEAM | JRG | 02-19-21 | SITE PLAN RESUBMITTAL          |
| TEAM | JRG | 03-08-21 | SITE PLAN RESUBMITTAL          |
| TEAM | JRG | 04-01-21 | SITE PLAN RESUBMITTAL          |
| TEAM | JRG | 05-06-21 | ONE STOP SUBMITTAL             |
| TEAM | JRG | 05-19-21 | ONE STOP SUBMITTAL             |
| TEAM | JRG | 11-01-21 | BLDG PERMIT REVIEW SUBMITTAL   |
| TEAM | JRG | 03-24-22 | BLDG PERMIT COMMENTS SUBMITTAL |

Proposed  
abandonment of  
ROW

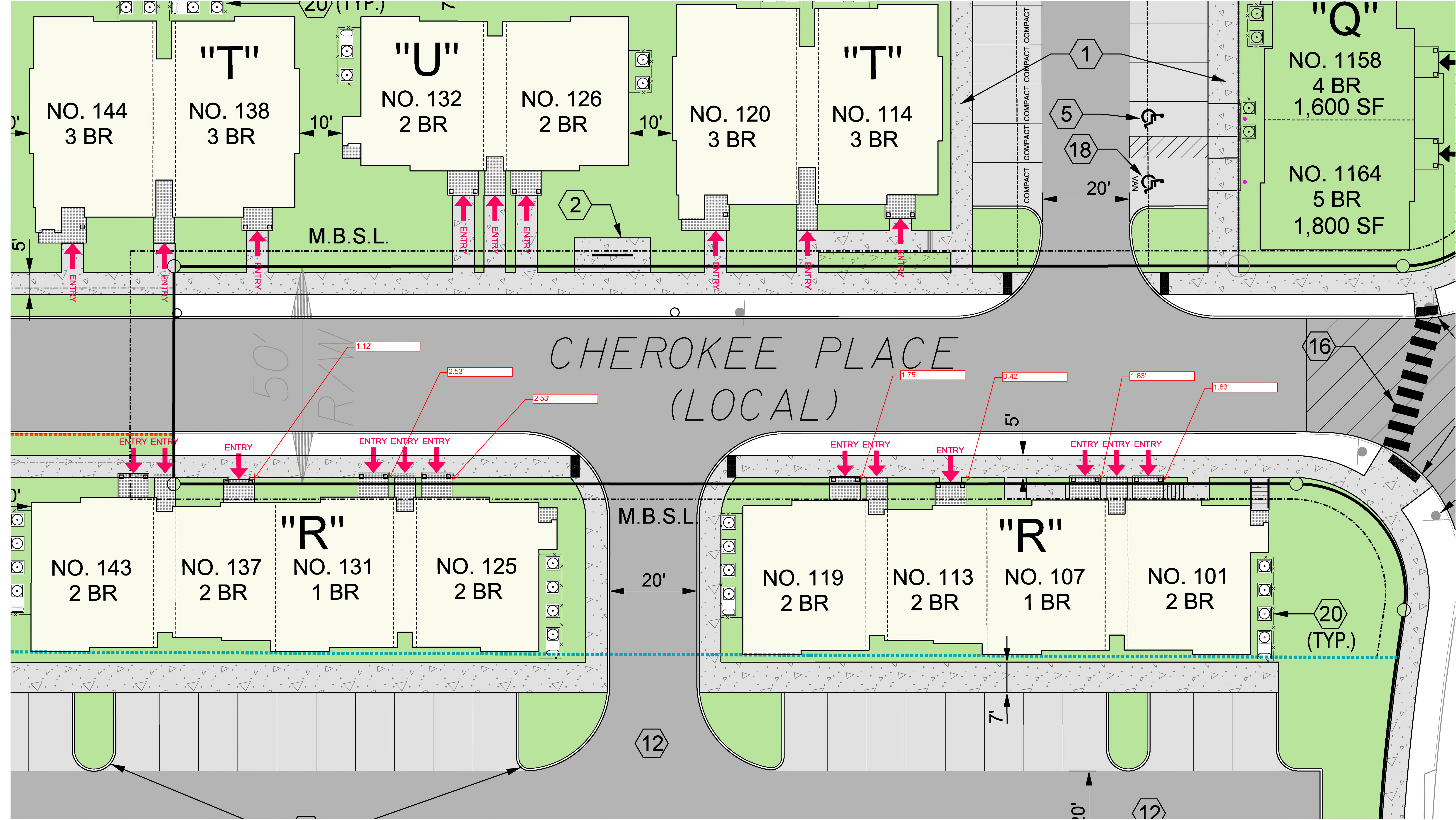


COF PROJECT NO. 7492

**C2.1**

FILE NO. 1716-20









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**File #: 21-05406**

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**DATE:** October 18, 2023  
**TO:** Capital Investment Committee  
**FROM:** Paul Holzen, Director of Engineering  
Jonathan Marston, Asst. Director of Engineering  
William Banks, Staff Engineer

**SUBJECT:**

Consideration Of DRAFT Amendment 2 To COF Contract No. 2019-0318, With CDM Smith For The Jordan Road Improvements Project In The Amount of \$12,500

**PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide information to the Franklin Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BOMA) concerning Amendment 2 to COF Contract No. 2019-0318 with CDM Smith, Inc. (CDM Smith).

**BACKGROUND/STAFF COMMENTS:**

Construction plans for reconstruction of Jordan Road, between Aspen Grove Drive and Mallory Lane, were completed in early 2010. However, there was no funding for construction at that time, so the plans were shelved. This project was included in the approved project list for the fiscal year (FY) 2019-2028 Capital Improvement Program (CIP).

On November 26, 2019, the BOMA approved COF Contract No. 2019-0318 with CDM Smith for an amount not to exceed \$120,000 to complete the final design.

On October 13, 2020, the BOMA approved Amendment 1, which covered costs associated with utility coordination, coordination with adjacent development and the preparation of legal descriptions/exhibits needed for the right-of-way acquisition phase, at a cost increase of \$35,500.

This Amendment 2 covers additional utility relocation coordination updates and design revisions for recent development access requirements at a cost increase of \$12,500. See "Attachment A" for the full Amendment 2 scope.

The plans are now complete, and the project will be out for bid throughout November 2023.

**FINANCIAL IMPACT:**

The total cost of this Amendment is \$12,500. Funding for this project is currently programmed to come from Collector Road Impact Fees or as determined by the Finance Department.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends that Amendment 2 to COF Contract No. 2019-0318 with CDM Smith, Inc. be recommended to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for approval.

**AMENDMENT 2 TO  
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT  
FOR FINAL DESIGN OF JORDAN ROAD IMPROVEMENTS  
COF Contract No. 2019-0318**

**THIS AMENDMENT** is made and entered into on this the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, by and between the **City of Franklin, Tennessee** ("City") and **CDM SMITH** ("Consultant").

**WITNESSETH:**

**WHEREAS**, on November 26, 2019, the City and the Consultant entered into a Professional Services Agreement ("Agreement") entitled **Final Design of Jordan Road Improvements**; and

**WHEREAS**, said Agreement stipulated that the Consultant would be paid a Lump Sum Amount of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$120,000.00) to provide engineering, and related technical services, as detailed in the Scope of Services; and

**WHEREAS**, on October 13, 2020, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen approved Amendment No. 1 with the Consultant for additional design work due to circumstances beyond the control of the Consultant in the amount of THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$35,500.00); and

**WHEREAS**, the City and Consultant realize the need for additional design work due to updated utility relocation coordination and recent development access requirements; and

**WHEREAS**, the Consultant has provided a Proposal ("Attachment A"), dated September 15, 2023, to provide the additional services requested by the City at a Lump Sum Cost Increase of **TWELVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$12,500.00)**; and

**WHEREAS**, the City has reviewed the Proposal and desires to enter into an Amendment to the Agreement for the Project as proposed.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of these premises and the mutual promises contained herein, it is agreed by and between the parties as follows:

1. The foregoing recitals are incorporated by reference as if fully stated herein.
2. Consultant's Responsibilities and Duties. The Consultant agrees to perform the work as proposed in Attachment A, dated September 15, 2023, which includes the Scope of Services for this Amendment, all of which shall be considered as an integral part hereof.
3. City's Responsibilities and Duties. The City shall pay the Consultant for the cost of the work as described in Attachment A in the Lump Sum amount of **TWELVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$12,500.00)**.

The City reserves the right to issue any payments jointly to the Consultant and Sub-Consultant when the City receives information that the Consultant has not paid its Sub-Consultant.

4. Waiver. Neither party's failure nor delay to exercise any of its rights or powers under this Amendment will constitute or be deemed a waiver or forfeiture of those rights or powers. For a waiver of a right or power to be effective, it must be in writing signed by the waiving party.



An effective waiver of a right or power shall not be construed as either (a) a future or continuing waiver of that same right or power, or (b) the waiver of any other right or power.

5. Severability. If any term or provision of the Amendment is held to be illegal or unenforceable, the validity or enforceability of the remainder of the Amendment will not be affected.

6. Precedence. In the event of conflict between this Amendment and the provisions of the previous Agreement(s), or any other contract, agreement or other document to which this Amendment may accompany or incorporate by reference, the provisions of this Amendment will, to the extent of such conflict (or to the extent the Agreement is silent), take precedence unless such document expressly states that it is amending this Amendment.

7. Entire Agreement. The Amendment between the parties supersedes any prior or contemporaneous communications, representations or agreements between the parties, whether oral or written, regarding the subject matter of the entire Amendment. The terms and conditions of this Amendment may not be changed except by an amendment expressly referencing this Amendment by section number and signed by an authorized representative of each party.

8. Additions/Modifications. If seeking any addition or modification to the Amendment, the parties agree to reference the specific paragraph number sought to be changed on any future document or purchase order issued in furtherance of the Amendment, however, an omission of the reference to same shall not affect its applicability. In no event shall either party be bound by any terms contained in any purchase order, acknowledgement, or other writings unless: (a) such purchase order, acknowledgement, or other writings specifically refer to the Amendment or to the specific clause they are intended to modify; (b) clearly indicate the intention of both parties to override and modify the Amendment; and (c) such purchase order, acknowledgement, or other writings are signed, with specific material clauses separately initialed, by authorized representatives of both parties.

9. Breach. Upon deliberate breach of the Amendment by either party, the non-breaching party shall be entitled to terminate the Amendment without notice, with all of the remedies it would have in the event of termination, and may also have such other remedies as it may be entitled to in law or in equity.

10. Survival. This Amendment shall survive the completion of or any termination of the original contract, revised contract, or agreement or other document to which it may accompany or incorporate by reference.

All other provisions of the Agreement, dated November 26, 2019, and Amendment No. 1 dated October 13, 2020, are unchanged and remain in full force and effect.

*(Signatures on Following Page)*

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the parties have executed this Amendment.

**THE CITY OF FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE:**

**CDM SMITH:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

Name: Dr. Ken Moore

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: Mayor

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Attest:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

Eric S. Stuckey  
City Administrator

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Approved as to Form:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
William E. Squires,  
Assistant City Attorney



September 15, 2023

Mr. William Banks, P.E.  
City of Franklin  
109 Third Avenue South  
Franklin, Tennessee 37064

Subject: Jordan Road Reconstruction Design – Addendum

Dear Mr. Banks:

CDM Smith would like to request an addendum to help cover the additional project charges. As you are aware, this project has lasted longer than originally expected. Incorporating the ROW information was anticipated, but what was not anticipated was the need to propagate access to the new development on the south side of the road. The initial intent was to close Jordan Road east of Aspen Grove Drive all the way up to the driveway of the movie theater. This change caused the traffic control plan to go from a simple detour plan to having to add two additional sheets for the extra stages of construction. In addition, the initial approach for the bridge assumed enough separation between the sidewalk and the guardrail, where no additional pedestrian railing / fall prevention was anticipated. Updating the plans to include pedestrian railing modifies the structure sheets and adds additional bid items and quantities. Below is a quick summary of the additional work not previously anticipated:

- Update to the following plan sheets:
  - Estimate Roadway Quantities – updated due to maintaining access to property on the south.
  - Typical Section - include private access road cross section for maintaining access to property on the south.
  - Tabulated Roadway Quantities – include quantities for access road for maintaining access to property on the south.
  - Proposed Layout – Update to reflect pedestrian railing at the back of the sidewalk.
  - Utility Adjustments – extra meetings that resulted in additional changes beyond changes performed in January.
  - Culvert Cross Section – Update to incorporated pedestrian railing on sidewalk and update the corresponding quantities for the new 74 LF dimension
  - Traffic Control Layout – Phase 1 – reflect the access to property on the South – Modified from Detour plan to include staging - access of Jordan Road
  - Traffic Control Layout – Phase 2 – reflect the access to property on the South – New sheet.
  - Traffic Control Layout – Phase 3 – reflect the access to property on the South – New sheet.
- Update quantities for project to reflect temporary access to the property on the South.

Page 2

- Updates to cross sections
- Additional coordination meetings above and beyond the intended duration of the project.

Please review our proposed addendum and let us know if we need to adjust anything.

### **Schedule**

The updated final plans will be provided by September 28<sup>th</sup>, with our goal to deliver sooner if possible.

### **Budget**

The total additional budget that we are requesting is **\$12,500**.

Thank you again for this opportunity to work with you and the City of Franklin staff on this project. Please feel free to call me or Ashley if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,



Jorge Renteria, PE  
Senior Project Manager

Enclosure

cc: Ashley Smith, CDM Smith  
Zach Daniel, CDM Smith





## City of Franklin

109 3rd Ave S.  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 791-3217

---

**File #: 21-05264**

---

**DATE:** September 21, 2023  
**TO:** Capital Investment Committee  
**FROM:** Michelle Hatcher, Director of Water Management  
Brian Goodwin, Asst. Director of Water Management  
Patricia McNeese, Utilities Engineer

**SUBJECT:**

Consideration Of Resolution 2023-08, A Resolution Adopting Revised General Requirements And Technical Specifications, Water Management Department, City Of Franklin, Tennessee, As Adopted By Reference In Title 18 Of The Franklin Municipal Code

**PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide information to the Franklin Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BOMA) concerning the Resolution to adopt the revised General Requirements And Specifications, Water Management Department, City of Franklin, Tennessee, as adopted by reference in Title 18 of the Franklin Municipal Code.

**BACKGROUND/STAFF COMMENTS:**

The General Requirements and Technical Specifications for Utility Installation, Water Management Department, City of Franklin, Tennessee, were revised and approved by Resolution 2020-162 on October 13, 2020. The Tennessee Department of Environment (TDEC) approved these specifications for three years and expired on February 14, 2023. The specifications were resubmitted and reviewed by TDEC in January 2023. TDEC had comments which WMD addressed and submitted back to TDEC. TDEC reapproved the revised specifications on February 9, 2023 and the approval will remain in effect until February 9, 2028.

As you can see from the attached letter from TDEC, the changes were minor and mostly included updating of professional standards.

**FINANCIAL IMPACT:**

There is no financial impact with the approval of this resolution.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends that Resolution 2023-08 be recommended to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for approval.



**RESOLUTION 2023-08**

**A RESOLUTION ADOPTING REVISED *GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS, WATER MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT, CITY OF FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE*, AS ADOPTED BY REFERENCE IN TITLE 18 OF THE FRANKLIN MUNICIPAL CODE**

**WHEREAS**, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Franklin, Tennessee adopted the “General Requirements And Technical Specifications, Water Management Department, City of Franklin, Tennessee”, into Title 18, Chapter 1, Section 18-110, Chapter 2, Section 18-209, and Chapter 4, Section 18-411, to provide uniform engineering and technical standards for water, sanitary sewer, and reclaimed water main line design and construction projects respectively within the City; and

**WHEREAS**, City Staff has recognized the need to revise the Specifications to better reflect the intent of what the City desires as to completed water, sanitary sewer and reclaimed water projects as well as to correct any incomplete information concerning some of the Specifications; and

**WHEREAS**, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen believe adopting the Technical Specifications For Utility Installation, Water Management Department, City of Franklin, Tennessee is in the best interest of the City.

**NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Franklin, Tennessee, that the Technical Specifications For Utility Installation, Water Management Department, City of Franklin, Tennessee, (Exhibit A) shall be approved and take effect from and after its passage, the health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Franklin requiring it.

**ATTEST**

**CITY OF FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**Eric Stuckey**  
**City Administrator**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**Dr. Ken Moore**  
**Mayor**

**Approved as to Form:**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**Shauna R. Billingsley**  
**City Attorney**

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR UTILITY INSTALLATION

## Water Management Department

### City of Franklin, Tennessee



HISTORIC  
FRANKLIN  
TENNESSEE

DW20230040

#### APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION

THE DOCUMENT BEARING THIS STAMP HAS BEEN RECEIVED AND REVIEWED BY THE

TENNESSEE DEPT. OF ENVIRONMENT & CONSERVATION  
DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

AND IS HEREBY APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION BY THE COMMISSIONER

A handwritten signature in blue ink, likely of the Commissioner of the Tennessee Department of Environment &amp; Conservation.

02/09/2023

THIS APPROVAL SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED AS CREATING A PRESUMPTION  
OF CORRECT OPERATION OR AS WARRANTING BY THE COMMISSIONER THAT  
THE APPROVED FACILITIES WILL REACH THE DESIGNED GOALS.

APPROVAL EXPIRES ONE YEAR FROM ABOVE DATE



Approved: A handwritten signature in blue ink, likely of Brian Goodwin, P.E.

Brian Goodwin, P.E.

Assistant Director Water Management





## TABLE OF CONTENTS

| <i>Division No.</i>                               | <i>Section Title</i>                                     | <i>No. of Pages</i> |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b><u>DIVISION 01 – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS</u></b>  |                                                          |                     |
| 01 0000                                           | General Information and Requirements .....               | 7                   |
| 01 7839                                           | Project Record Documents .....                           | 4                   |
| 01 4200                                           | References.....                                          | 4                   |
| <b><u>DIVISION 03 – CONCRETE</u></b>              |                                                          |                     |
| 03 3000                                           | Cast-in-Place Concrete.....                              | 6                   |
| <b><u>DIVISION 31 – EARTHWORK</u></b>             |                                                          |                     |
| 31 0000                                           | Earthwork .....                                          | 8                   |
| 31 2319                                           | Dewatering.....                                          | 2                   |
| 31 5000                                           | Excavation Support and Protection.....                   | 2                   |
| <b><u>DIVISION 32 – EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS</u></b> |                                                          |                     |
| 32 3113                                           | Chain Link Fences and Gates .....                        | 7                   |
| 32 9219                                           | Seeding.....                                             | 3                   |
| <b><u>DIVISION 33 – UTILITIES</u></b>             |                                                          |                     |
| 33 0000                                           | General Design Requirements .....                        | 1                   |
| 33 0523                                           | Trenchless Installation of Utilities .....               | 14                  |
| 33 1100                                           | Water Utility Distribution Piping .....                  | 25                  |
| 33 1216                                           | Valves.....                                              | 16                  |
| 33 1219                                           | Hydrants.....                                            | 5                   |
| 33 1233                                           | Water Service Assemblies.....                            | 6                   |
| <b><u>STANDARD DETAIL DRAWINGS</u></b>            |                                                          |                     |
| <b><u>GENERAL CONSTRUCTION</u></b>                |                                                          |                     |
| G – 1                                             | Chain Link Fence with Double 6’ Gates .....              |                     |
| G – 2                                             | Concrete Valve Box.....                                  |                     |
| G – 3                                             | 2” Blow-Off Assembly for Water and Reclaimed Water ..... |                     |
| G – 4                                             | Utility Identification Marker .....                      |                     |
| G – 5                                             | Restrained Joint Table - PVC.....                        |                     |
| G – 6                                             | Restrained Joint Table - DIP.....                        |                     |
| G – 7                                             | Thrust Block Table .....                                 |                     |
| G – 8                                             | Utility Bedding and Backfill Detail .....                |                     |
| G – 9                                             | Concrete Protection for Buried Utilities .....           |                     |
| G – 10                                            | Bore and Jack Casing.....                                |                     |
| G – 11                                            | Check Dam for Utility Lines.....                         |                     |



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|        |                                                         |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| G – 12 | Utility Stream Crossings.....                           |
| G – 13 | Combination Air Valve Assembly for Pressure Mains ..... |

### **WATER CONSTRUCTION**

|        |                                                                            |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| W – 1  | ¾" and 1" Water Service Assemblies.....                                    |
| W – 2  | 1-1/2" and 2" Water Service Assemblies.....                                |
| W – 3  | 3" – 8" Water Meter .....                                                  |
| W – 4  | 4" – 8" Fire Meter .....                                                   |
| W – 5  | Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventer for ¾" and 1" Irrigation Lines .....   |
| W – 6  | Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventer for ¾", 1" and 2" Lines.....           |
| W – 7  | Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventer for 3" – 8" Lines (Above Ground) ..... |
| W – 8  | Backflow Preventer 4" – 8" Lines .....                                     |
| W – 9  | Fire Hydrant Setting.....                                                  |
| W – 10 | Fire Hydrant Setting for Domestic Water Blow-Off.....                      |





## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 PURPOSE STATEMENT

- A. These Specifications are guidelines for Engineers, Contractors, and Developers for the planning, design, and construction of water distribution systems, sanitary sewer collection systems, reclaimed water systems and associated appurtenances within the City of Franklin, Tennessee Water Management Department service area. The Specifications identify standards, criteria, submittal requirements, and approval procedures to be used for projects within the City of Franklin.
- B. These Specifications shall govern the construction materials and installation of water, sanitary sewer, and reclaimed water systems that are, or will become, the responsibility of the City of Franklin to operate and maintain as part of their system.
- C. These Specifications are intended to meet or exceed the requirements of the State of Tennessee's Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC).
- D. These Specifications are not intended to serve as a step-by-step design and construction method nor can this manual address every situation that may arise. The application of sound engineering/surveying principles combined with the information contained herein is necessary to complete the planning, design, and construction of water, sanitary sewer, and reclaimed water systems.

### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Contractor: The person, firm, or corporation with whom Developer has executed an agreement and is responsible for the work.
- B. Developer: One who owns a proposed development where water, sanitary sewer or reclaimed water infrastructure is to be installed.
- C. Engineer: One who prepared the construction plans for the installation of water, sanitary sewer or reclaimed water and is the Engineer of Record. The Engineer must be licensed in the State of Tennessee.
- D. Owner: City of Franklin, Tennessee
- E. Project: The organized process to construct infrastructure within the City of Franklin, Tennessee.



GENERAL INFORMATION AND REQUIREMENTS  
Section 01 0000

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- F. Resident Project Representative: City of Franklin Water Management Department Inspector or its designee.
- G. Subcontractor: An individual or entity having a direct contract with Contractor or with any other Subcontractor for the performance of a part of the Work at the site.
- H. Surveyor: One who measures and records locations for the installation of water, sanitary sewer or reclaimed water. The Surveyor must be licensed in the State of Tennessee.
- I. Work: Any and all obligations, duties and responsibilities necessary to the successful completion of the Project assigned to or undertaken by Contractor.

### 1.3 SUMMARY

- A. The following are acronyms used throughout this document:
  - 1. AWWA: American Water Works Association
  - 2. COF: City of Franklin
  - 3. TDEC: Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation
  - 4. WMD: Water Management Department
  - 5. RPR: Resident Project Representative

### 1.4 CONTACT INFORMATION

- A. City of Franklin Water Management Department  
124 Lumber Drive  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 794-4554
- B. City of Franklin Fire Department Administration  
109 3rd Avenue South, Suite 130  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 791-3270
- C. City of Franklin Engineering Department  
109 3rd Avenue South, Suite 133  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 791-3218
- D. Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC)  
Division of Water Pollution Control (DWPC)  
L & C Tower Annex, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor





GENERAL INFORMATION AND REQUIREMENTS  
Section 01 0000

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- 401 Church Street  
Nashville, TN 37243  
(615) 532-0625
- E. Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC)  
Division of Water Supply (DWS)  
L & C Tower Annex, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor  
401 Church Street  
Nashville, TN 37243  
(615) 532-0191
- F. City of Franklin Streets Department  
124 Lumber Drive  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 791-3254
- G. Williamson County Highway Department  
302 Beasley Drive  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 790-5596
- H. City of Franklin Police Department  
Communications Division  
900 Columbia Avenue  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 794-2513
- I. Williamson County Office of Public Safety  
304 Beasley Drive  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 790-5752
- J. City of Franklin Traffic Operations Center City Hall  
109 3rd Avenue South  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 791-3218

## 1.5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: The Contractor shall have full use of premises and dedicated easements for



GENERAL INFORMATION AND REQUIREMENTS  
Section 01 0000

construction operations, including use of project site, during construction. Contractor's use of premises is limited only by Owner's right to perform Work or to retain other contractors on portions of project and conditions of any easement or right-of-way occupancy permits.

- B. Prior to commencement of Work, the Contractor shall review the construction site with the Resident Project Representative to make permanent record of such existing damage as cracks, malfunctioning utility equipment and fixtures, or other similar damage. This record shall serve as a basis for determination of subsequent damage to the structures and adjacent areas due to Contractor's operations. Any damage to these structures and adjacent areas not noted in original review record shall be reported immediately to Owner. Permanent record shall include photographs and/or video graphic recording.
- C. Erosion Control: Erosion prevention and sediment control measures must be in place prior to commencement of Work. All erosion control shall be in compliance with the City of Franklin's Best Management Practices Stormwater Management Manual.
- D. Fire Precautions: Fire or use of any fire- or explosion- producing tools or equipment will be permitted on the premises only when review has been completed by the City of Franklin and the required jurisdictional permits have been obtained.
- E. Manufacturers Qualifications: The manufacturers of all materials and equipment used must be approved by the Owner and regularly engaged in the manufacture of the particular material or equipment for the use and service to which it will be subjected.
- F. Compliance with state and local laws: Comply with all applicable requirements of state and local laws and ordinances to the extent that such requirements do not conflict with federal laws or regulations.
- G. Protection of public and private property: The Contractor shall be responsible for preservation of and shall take special care in working areas to protect public and private property. The Contractor shall replace or repair at his own expense any damaged water pipes, power and communication lines, or other public utilities, roads, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, drain pipes, drainage ditches, all properties and fixtures (both permanent and temporary), and all plantings, including grass or sod on the site of the Work. Leave the site in original or better condition after all cleanup has been done.
- H. Markers: Preserve all surveyed and privately owned markers and monuments; do not remove or disturb any such markers without prior approval from the owner of the marker. Any removal and replacement of such markers shall be at the expense of the Contractor.
- I. Pavement repair and/or replacement: Whenever existing asphalt is removed, restore traffic over the disturbed area as quickly as possible by backfilling with at least 12 inches of





GENERAL INFORMATION AND REQUIREMENTS  
Section 01 0000

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- compacted Class A, Grade D crushed stone to within 2 inches of the existing surface and then applying a 2 inch layer of cold mix. Add material and otherwise maintain such surface until the permanent pavement is restored by the Contractor or until acceptance by the Owner. All roadway construction shall be in compliance with the Franklin Transportation and Street Technical Standards.
- J. Department of Transportation Permits: The Contractor must obtain a street cutting permit and bore permit from the Owner, if applicable. All such Work shall be coordinated with and be subject to the approval of said transportation department and Owner. The Contractor shall be responsible for permits and bonding for Work not provided for on the Drawings.
- K. Approved Chemicals: All chemicals used during project construction or furnished for project operation, whether herbicide, pesticide, disinfectant, polymer, reactant, or of other classification, must show approval of either EPA or USDA. The use of all such chemicals and the disposal of residues shall be in strict conformance with manufacturer's instructions. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) must be available on site for inspection. All chemicals shall be transported and stored in original containers.
- L. Catalog Data for Owners: Provide duplicate complete, bound sets of a compilation of catalog data of each manufactured item of mechanical and electrical equipment used in the Work, for transmittal to the Owner prior to acceptance. Include descriptive data and printed installation, operating, and maintenance instructions (including a parts list for each item of equipment). Provide a complete double index as follows:
1. List the products alphabetically by name.
  2. List alphabetically the names of manufacturers whose products have been incorporated in the Work, together with their addresses and the names and addresses of the local sales representative.
- M. Installation, Testing and Guarantee: Install all materials and equipment exactly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The completely installed system shall be guaranteed against any and all defects of manufacture, materials, workmanship, or installation for a minimum period of one year from the date of acceptance by the Owner.
- N. Operation and Maintenance of the Systems and Instruction to Owner: Where the specifications for equipment require that a factory service representative provide operation and maintenance instruction to the Owner for that equipment, this service shall be performed by prior arrangement with the Owner after and in addition to the manufacturer's instructions to the Contractor for installation and start-up. The individual performing the instructions to the Owner is to be trained and/or certified by the manufacturer as its authorized operation, maintenance, and service specialist. If the said specialist is not a regular, full-time employee of the manufacturer, the specialist's qualifications shall be



GENERAL INFORMATION AND REQUIREMENTS  
Section 01 0000

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submitted to the Owner for review and approval prior to scheduling the site visit for instructions to the Owner.

- O. Drawings of Record: Provide and keep up-to-date a complete record set of drawings, which shall be corrected daily to show every change. Keep this set of prints at the job site and use only as a record set. This shall not be construed as authorization for the Contractor to make changes in the approved layout without definite instructions in each case. Turn the set over to the Owner upon Final Completion of the project. Record drawings must be submitted to and approved by the Owner prior to acceptance of the project. Refer to Division 01 Section "Project Record Documents" for additional information.
- P. Preservation of Existing Vegetation: Take reasonable care during construction to avoid damage to vegetation. Where the area to be excavated is occupied by trees, brush, or other uncultivated vegetable growth, clear such growth from the area, and dispose of it in a manner satisfactory to the Owner. Leave undisturbed any trees, cultivated shrubs, flowers, etc., situated within public right-of-ways and/or easements through private property but not located directly within excavation limits. Take special precautions (including the provision of barricades and the temporary tying back of shrubbery and tree branches) for the protection and preservation of such objects throughout all stages of construction; the Contractor will be held liable for any damage that may result to said objects from excavation or construction operations. Refer to the COF Zoning Ordinance for Tree Protection Standards and Tree Removal Permit requirements.
- Q. Existing Utilities: The Contractor shall notify Tennessee One-Call and the owner of all other underground utilities no less than 3 business days or 72 hours in advance of excavation and/or proposed utility interruption. The Contractor is responsible for locating all existing utilities prior to construction and shall carefully protect from damage all utilities in the vicinity of the Work at all times. The Contractor shall be responsible for repairing any utilities that were properly located and marked. If it is necessary to repair, remove, and/or replace any such utility in order to complete the Work properly, do so in compliance with the rules, regulations, and approval of the particular utility involved.

Existing utilities shall remain in service at all times during construction. Contractor shall provide any temporary piping necessary to maintain utility service to existing customers.

- R. Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices published by the U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration in supplying adequate signage, flagging, personnel, etc. for the entire project. The Contractor shall be responsible for the placement and removal of all signage. Submit a traffic control plan to the authority having jurisdiction.
- S. The Contractor shall maintain an acceptable flow of traffic through construction areas. If a roadway must be closed in order to construct the Work, the Contractor shall notify, at a





GENERAL INFORMATION AND REQUIREMENTS  
Section 01 0000

minimum, the Franklin Police Emergency Communications, Williamson County Emergency Operations Center, City of Franklin Traffic Operations Center, local school superintendent(s), and local U.S. Postal Service office(s) at least two days prior to roadway closure. If lanes must be closed in order to construct the Work, the Contractor shall notify the City of Franklin Traffic Operations Center at least two days prior to lane closure.

T. Work in Rights-of-Way:

1. The Contractor shall notify the authorities having jurisdiction prior to entering and working in rights-of-way and shall be responsible for all damages resulting from said Work and for satisfying the requirements of said authorities.
2. The Contractor shall maintain a suitable and safe condition throughout the right-of-way affected by the Work and provide detours as necessary for public and private traffic.
3. Materials excavated in rights-of-way shall be hauled to a disposal site immediately and shall not be stockpiled in right-of-way.

- U. Inspection of Work: The Contractor shall provide full access to the project site at all times for inspection and observation of Work by the Owner, Engineer, and agents of any local, state, or federal agency having jurisdiction.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 OPERATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. The Work shall be performed so as to cause minimum interference or interruption with the normal operation of the existing utilities. The Contractor shall plan and conduct construction sequencing operations to avoid disturbing existing utilities and equipment, except as may be provided or approved by the Owner.

**END OF SECTION**



## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web site addresses are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.

|        |                                                                                                                                             |                                  |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| AA     | Aluminum Association, Inc. (The)<br><a href="http://www.aluminum.org">www.aluminum.org</a>                                                  | (703) 358-2960                   |
| AASHTO | American Association of State Highway and<br>Transportation Officials<br><a href="http://www.transportation.org">www.transportation.org</a> | (202) 624-5800                   |
| ACI    | ACI International<br>(American Concrete<br>Institute)<br><a href="http://www.aci-int.org">www.aci-int.org</a>                               | (248) 848-3700                   |
| ACPA   | American Concrete Pipe Association<br><a href="http://www.concrete-pipe.org">www.concrete-pipe.org</a>                                      | (972) 506-7216                   |
| AGA    | American Gas Association<br><a href="http://www.aga.org">www.aga.org</a>                                                                    | (202) 824-7000                   |
| AI     | Asphalt Institute<br><a href="http://www.asphaltinstitute.org">www.asphaltinstitute.org</a>                                                 | (859) 288-4960                   |
| AISC   | American Institute of Steel Construction<br><a href="http://www.aisc.org">www.aisc.org</a>                                                  | (800) 644-2400<br>(312) 670-2400 |
| AISI   | American Iron and Steel Institute<br><a href="http://www.steel.org">www.steel.org</a>                                                       | (202) 452-7100                   |
| ANSI   | American National Standards Institute<br><a href="http://www.ansi.org">www.ansi.org</a>                                                     | (202) 293-8020                   |
| AOSA   | Association of Official Seed Analysts<br><a href="http://www.aosaseed.com">www.aosaseed.com</a>                                             | (202) 870-2412                   |
| APA    | Architectural Precast Association<br><a href="http://www.archprecast.org">www.archprecast.org</a>                                           | (850) 205-5637                   |
| ASCE   | American Society of Civil Engineers<br><a href="http://www.asce.org">www.asce.org</a>                                                       | (800) 548-2723<br>(703) 295-6300 |



REFERENCES  
Section 01 4200

|        |                                                                                                                                      |                                  |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ASHRAE | American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers<br><a href="http://www.ashrae.org">www.ashrae.org</a>      | (800) 527-4723<br>(404) 636-8400 |
| ASME   | ASME International<br>(The American Society of Mechanical Engineers International)<br><a href="http://www.asme.org">www.asme.org</a> | (800) 843-2763                   |
| ASSE   | American Society of Sanitary Engineering<br><a href="http://www.asse-plumbing.org">www.asse-plumbing.org</a>                         | (708) 995-3019                   |
| ASTM   | ASTM International<br>(American Society for Testing and Materials International)<br><a href="http://www.astm.org">www.astm.org</a>   | (610) 832-9500                   |
| AWS    | American Welding Society<br><a href="http://www.aws.org">www.aws.org</a>                                                             | (800) 443-9353                   |
| AWWA   | American Water Works Association<br><a href="http://www.awwa.org">www.awwa.org</a>                                                   | (800) 926-7337<br>(303) 794-7711 |
| CDA    | Copper Development Association Inc.<br><a href="http://www.copper.org">www.copper.org</a>                                            | (800) 232-3282<br>(212) 251-7200 |
| CGA    | Compressed Gas Association<br><a href="http://www.cganet.com">www.cganet.com</a>                                                     | (703) 788-2700                   |
| CLFMI  | Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute<br><a href="http://www.chainlinkinfo.org">www.chainlinkinfo.org</a>                         | (301) 596-2583                   |
| CRSI   | Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute<br><a href="http://www.crsi.org">www.crsi.org</a>                                               | (847) 517-1200                   |
| CSI    | Construction Specifications Institute (The)<br><a href="http://www.csiresources.org">www.csiresources.org</a>                        | (800) 689-2900<br>(703) 684-0300 |
| EJCDC  | Engineers Joint Contract Documents Committee<br><a href="http://www.ejcdc.org">www.ejcdc.org</a>                                     | (608) 798-0698                   |
| FCI    | Fluid Controls Institute<br><a href="http://www.fluidcontrolsintstitute.org">www.fluidcontrolsintstitute.org</a>                     | (216) 241-7333                   |
| FMG    | FM Global<br>(Formerly: FM - Factory Mutual System)<br><a href="http://www.fmglobal.com">www.fmglobal.com</a>                        | (401) 275-3000                   |
| FSA    | Fluid Sealing Association<br><a href="http://www.fluidsealing.com">www.fluidsealing.com</a>                                          | (610) 971-4850                   |





REFERENCES  
Section 01 4200

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|       |                                                                                                                                     |                                  |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| GSI   | Geosynthetic Institute<br><a href="http://www.geosynthetic-institute.org">www.geosynthetic-institute.org</a>                        | (610) 522-8440                   |
| HI    | Hydraulic Institute<br><a href="http://www.pumps.org">www.pumps.org</a>                                                             | (888) 786-7744<br>(973) 267-9700 |
| IEEE  | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (The)<br><a href="http://www.ieee.org">www.ieee.org</a>                     | (212) 419-7900                   |
| LPI   | Lightning Protection Institute<br><a href="http://www.lightning.org">www.lightning.org</a>                                          | (800) 488-6864                   |
| MBMA  | Metal Building Manufacturers Association<br><a href="http://www.mbma.com">www.mbma.com</a>                                          | (216) 241-7333                   |
| MSS   | Manufacturers Standardization Society of The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.<br><a href="http://www.mss-hq.com">www.mss-hq.com</a> | (703) 281-6613                   |
| NACE  | NACE International<br>(National Association of Corrosion Engineers International)<br><a href="http://www.nace.org">www.nace.org</a> | (281) 228-6200                   |
| NCMA  | National Concrete Masonry Association<br><a href="http://www.ncma.org">www.ncma.org</a>                                             | (703) 713-1900                   |
| NCPI  | National Clay Pipe Institute<br><a href="http://www.ncpi.org">www.ncpi.org</a>                                                      | (262) 742-2904                   |
| NEMA  | National Electrical Manufacturers Association<br><a href="http://www.nema.org">www.nema.org</a>                                     | (703) 841-3200                   |
| NFPA  | NFPA<br><a href="http://www.nfpa.org">www.nfpa.org</a>                                                                              | (800) 344-3555<br>(617) 770-3000 |
| NRMCA | National Ready Mixed Concrete Association<br><a href="http://www.nrmca.org">www.nrmca.org</a>                                       | (888) 846-7622<br>(301) 587-1400 |
| NSF   | NSF International<br>(National Sanitation Foundation International)<br><a href="http://www.nsf.org">www.nsf.org</a>                 | (800) 673-6275<br>(734) 769-8010 |
| NSSGA | National Stone, Sand & Gravel Association<br><a href="http://www.nssga.org">www.nssga.org</a>                                       | (800) 342-1415<br>(703) 525-8788 |
| PPI   | Plastic Pipe Institute<br><a href="http://www.plasticpipe.org">www.plasticpipe.org</a>                                              | (469) 499-1044                   |



REFERENCES  
Section 01 4200

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|      |                                                                                                               |                                  |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| PCI  | Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute<br><a href="http://www.pci.org">www.pci.org</a>                        | (312) 786-0300                   |
| SAE  | SAE International<br><a href="http://www.sae.org">www.sae.org</a>                                             | (724) 776-4841<br>(877) 606-7323 |
| SSPC | The Society for Protective Coatings<br><a href="http://www.sspc.org">www.sspc.org</a>                         | (877) 281-7772<br>(412) 281-2331 |
| STI  | Steel Tank Institute<br><a href="http://www.steeltank.com">www.steeltank.com</a>                              | (847) 438-8265                   |
| SWRI | Sealant, Waterproofing, & Restoration Institute<br><a href="http://www.swrionline.org">www.swrionline.org</a> | (816) 472-7974                   |
| TMS  | The Masonry Society<br><a href="http://www.masonrysociety.org">www.masonrysociety.org</a>                     | (303) 939-9700                   |
| UL   | Underwriters Laboratories Inc.<br><a href="http://www.ul.com">www.ul.com</a>                                  | (847) 272-8800                   |
| UNI  | Uni-Bell PVC Pipe Association<br><a href="http://www.uni-bell.org">www.uni-bell.org</a>                       | (972) 243-3902                   |

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION



## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Record Drawings:
  - 1. Submit two paper copy sets of marked up record prints.
  - 2. Submit \*.dwg, \*.dgn and \*.pdf electronic files.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

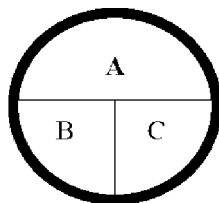
### 2.1 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Record drawings must be stamped and signed by licensed surveyor or engineer within the State of Tennessee.
- B. Record drawings shall be submitted after final grading of a Project has been completed, including but not limited to curb and gutter, roadway binder, storm drainage and utility installation.
- C. Record Prints: Maintain one set of marked-up paper copies of the drawings, incorporating new and revised drawings as modifications are issued.
  - 1. Preparation: Mark record prints to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Provide an inventory chart of all items.
    - a. Give particular attention to information on buried elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
    - b. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it.
    - c. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
    - d. Cross-reference record prints to corresponding archive photographic documentation.
  - 2. Content: Types of items requiring marking include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Include inventory of installed infrastructure:
      - 1. Length and type of pipe (include size, material, pressure class, etc.).
      - 2. Number of manholes (include depth, invert, etc.).
      - 3. Number of valves, hydrants, meters, valve sizes, manufacturer, material, right hand/left hand open/close, etc.
    - b. Dimensional changes to drawings.
    - c. Revisions to details shown on drawings.
    - d. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
    - e. Datum used.
    - f. Provide profile.
    - g. Details not on the original drawings.





- h. For Water Booster Stations, Sanitary sewer pump Stations and Water Storage Facilities:
  - 1. All revisions in pipe sizes
  - 2. All revisions to electrical controls
  - 3. All revisions to ventilation systems
  - 4. Pump modifications
  - 5. Include motor and pump info: manufacturer, model, serial #, HP, pump curve, etc.
  - 6. Changes in elevation for level controls
  - 7. Equipment layout modifications
  - 8. Building modifications
  - 9. Location and elevation of existing utilities
  - 10. Revisions to electrical circuitry and conduit (where applicable).
- i. For Sanitary sewer Lines:
  - 1. All revisions in pipe sizes, lengths, slopes and angles
  - 2. Mainline and lateral invert elevations (to the nearest hundredth)
  - 3. Manhole covers
  - 4. Flow lines
  - 5. Changes in offset distances of structures
  - 6. Location and elevation of existing utilities
- j. Property service connections for sanitary sewer laterals shall be shown as follows:



Whereas:

A = The horizontal distance from the center of the wye or tee to the center of the downstream manhole.

B = The horizontal distance from the center of the wye or tee to the end of the lateral.

C = The vertical distance from the top of the ground to the top of the lateral at the plug or property line.

- 3. Mark the drawings completely and accurately. Use personnel proficient at recording graphic information in production of marked-up record prints.
- 4. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original drawings.



PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS  
Section 01 7839

- D. Record Digital Data Files: Immediately or before releasing performance bond to maintenance, review marked-up record prints with Owner. Prepare a full set of corrected digital data files of the Contract Drawings, as follows:
  - 1. Format: \*.dwg, \*.dgn or \*.pdf.
  - 2. Incorporate changes and additional information previously marked on record prints. Delete, redraw, and add details and notations where applicable.
  - 3. Refer instances of uncertainty to Owner for resolution.
- E. Format: Identify and date each record drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
  - 1. Record Prints: Organize record prints and newly prepared record drawings into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
  - 2. Record Digital Data Files: Organize digital data information into separate electronic files that correspond to each sheet of the drawings. Name each file with the sheet identification. Include identification in each digital data file.
  - 3. Identification: As follows:
    - a. Project name
    - b. Date
    - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS"
    - d. City of Franklin Project number

## 2.2 MISCELLANEOUS RECORD SUBMITTALS

- A. Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.
- B. Format: Submit miscellaneous record submittals as one paper-copy set and \*.pdf electronic file.
  - 1. Include miscellaneous record submittals directory organized by Specification Section number and title, electronically linked to each item of miscellaneous record submittals.
- C. To be submitted with the Record Drawings: Where water, reclaimed water or sanitary sewers are installed in new fill, a compaction letter sealed by a Geotechnical Engineer registered in the State of Tennessee shall be submitted to the Owner prior to installation of said utilities. An acceptable compaction letter shall state that field density testing indicates the fill has been compacted to at least 95% of the maximum dry density according to the Standard Proctor.



## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 RECORDING AND MAINTENANCE

- A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for project record document purposes. Post changes and revisions to project record documents as they occur; do not wait until end of Project.
- B. Maintenance of Record Documents and Samples: Do not use project record documents for construction purposes. Maintain record documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to project record documents for reference during normal working hours.

**END OF SECTION**





## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 APPLICATION

- A. Where cast-in-place concrete is allowed by the WMD the following section shall apply.

### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: In addition to the following, comply with submittal requirements in ACI 301.
- B. Product Data: For each type of manufactured material and product indicated.
- C. Design Mixes: For each concrete mix.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed concrete work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products complying with ASTM C 94 requirements for production facilities and equipment.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of cement of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, each aggregate from one source, and each admixture from the same manufacturer.
- D. Comply with ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," including the following.
  - 1. General requirements, including submittals, quality assurance, acceptance of structure, and protection of in-place concrete.
  - 2. Formwork and form accessories.
  - 3. Steel reinforcement and supports.
  - 4. Concrete mixtures.
  - 5. Handling, placing, and constructing concrete.
  - 6. Lightweight concrete.



## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 FORMWORK

- A. Furnish formwork and form accessories according to ACI 301.

### 2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420), deformed.
- B. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A 185, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.

### 2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregate: ASTM C 33, uniformly graded, not exceeding 1 1/2-inch (38 millimeters) nominal size.
- C. Lightweight Aggregate: ASTM C 330.
- D. Water: Potable and complying with ASTM C 94.

### 2.4 ADMIXTURES

- A. General: Admixtures certified by manufacturer to contain not more than 0.1 percent water-soluble chloride ions by mass of cement and to be compatible with other admixtures. Do not use admixtures containing calcium chloride.
- B. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.

### 2.5 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
- B. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz. /sq. yd. (305 g/sq. m) dry.
- C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.



D. Water: Potable.

## 2.6 CONCRETE MIXES

- A. Comply with ACI 301 requirements for concrete mixtures.
- B. Prepare design mixes, proportioned according to ACI 301, for normal-weight concrete determined by either laboratory trial mix or field test data bases, as follows:
  - 1. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 4000 psi (27.6 MPa) vaults, water tank foundations.
  - 2. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 3500 psi (24.1 MPa) pump station slabs.
  - 3. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 3000 psi (20.7 MPa) concrete encasement, concrete caps, and concrete anchors for water lines. Slump: 4 inches (100 millimeters).
- C. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having an air content of 2.5 to 4.5 percent.

## 2.7 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Comply with ASTM C 94.
  - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F (30 and 32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 FORMWORK

- A. Design, construct, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork according to ACI 301.

## 3.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
  - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

## 3.3 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Locate and install so as not to impair strength or appearance of concrete,





at locations indicated or as approved by Owner.

- C. Isolation Joints: Install joint-filler strips at junctions with slabs-on-grade and vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.
  - 1. Extend joint fillers full width and depth of joint, terminating flush with finished concrete surface, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Contraction (Control) Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of the concrete thickness, as follows:
  - 1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint with groover tool to a radius of 1/8 inch (3 millimeters). Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover marks on concrete surfaces.

### 3.4 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Comply with recommendations in ACI 304R for measuring, mixing, transporting, and placing concrete.
- B. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement.
- C. Consolidate concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment.

### 3.5 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defective areas repaired and patched, and fins and other projections exceeding 1/4 inch (6 millimeters) in height rubbed down or chipped off.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.
- B. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defective areas. Completely remove fins and other projections.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view or to be covered with a coating or covering material applied directly to concrete, such as waterproofing, damp proofing, veneer plaster, or painting.
  - 2. Apply the following rubbed finish, defined in ACI 301, to smooth-formed finished concrete.
    - a. Grout-cleaned finish (for tank foundations).



- C. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

### 3.6 FINISHING UNFORMED SURFACES

- A. General: Comply with ACI 302.1R for screening, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.
- B. Screed surfaces with a straightedge and strike off. Begin initial floating using bull floats or derbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane before excess moisture or bleed water appears on the surface.
  - 1. Do not further disturb surfaces before starting finishing operations.
- C. Float Finish: Apply float finish to surfaces of slabs that are to be beneath prefabricated pumping stations.

### 3.7 TOLERANCES

- A. Comply with ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."

### 3.8 CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and follow recommendations in ACI 305R for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screening, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- C. Begin curing after finishing concrete, but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.
- D. Curing Methods: Cure formed and unformed concrete for at least seven days by moisture curing, moisture-retaining-cover curing, curing compound, or a combination of these as follows:
  - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for no less than seven days.
  - 2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least



CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE  
Section 03 3000

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12 inches (300 millimeters), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.

3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

### 3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to sample materials, perform tests, and submit test reports during concrete placement according to requirements specified in this Section. Perform tests according to ACI 301.
  1. Testing Frequency: Obtain at least one composite sample for each 100 cu. yd. (76 cu. m) or fraction thereof of each concrete mix placed each day.
  2. Testing not required on concrete for utility line anchors or encasement.

### 3.10 REPAIRS

- A. Remove and replace concrete that does not comply with requirements in this Section.

**END OF SECTION**





## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: Materials used to fill an excavation.
  - 1. Initial Backfill: Backfill placed beside and over pipe in a trench, including haunches to support sides of pipe.
  - 2. Final Backfill: Backfill placed over initial backfill to fill a trench.
- B. Base Course: Layer placed between the subbase course and asphalt paving.
- C. Bedding Course: Layer placed over the excavated subgrade in a trench before laying pipe.
- D. Borrow: Satisfactory soil as defined in Section 2.1A, approved by the Engineer and imported from off-site for use as fill or backfill.
- E. Excavation: Removal of material encountered above subgrade elevations.
- F. Fill: Materials used to raise existing grades.
- G. Rock: Rock material in beds, ledges, unstratified masses, and conglomerate deposits and boulders of rock material  $\frac{3}{4}$  yd<sup>3</sup> (0.57 m<sup>3</sup>) or more in volume that cannot be removed by an excavator.
- H. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
- I. Subbase Course: Layer placed between the subgrade and base course for asphalt paving, or layer placed between the subgrade and a concrete pavement or walk.
- J. Subgrade: Surface or elevation remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.

### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Blasting plan approved by authorities having jurisdiction, for record purposes.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with applicable requirements of NFPA 495, "Explosive Materials Code."



- B. Comply with the "Underground Utilities Damage Prevention Act" (TCA Section 65-31-101, et.seq., as amended).

## 1.4 EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Utilities include above ground and underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables.
- B. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities unless permitted in writing by the utility provider and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify the utility provider not less than 72 hours in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without the utility provider's written permission.
  - 3. Contact utility-locator service for area where Project is located before excavating.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Satisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM, or a combination of these group symbols; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches (75 millimeters) in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.
- B. Unsatisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GC, SC, ML, MH, CL, CH, OL, OH, and PT, or a combination of these group symbols.
  - 1. Unsatisfactory soils also include satisfactory soils not maintained within 2 percent of optimum moisture content at time of compaction.
- C. Backfill and Fill: Backfill material for new water lines shall be satisfactory, sifted soil; if none available, must haul from offsite. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.
- D. Subbase: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel and crushed stone; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 1 1/2-inch (38 millimeter) sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 (0.075 millimeter) sieve.
- E. Base: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel and crushed stone; ASTM D 2940; with at least 95 percent passing a 1 1/2-inch (38 millimeter) sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 (0.075 millimeter) sieve.



- F. Bedding: Class B, Natural sandy soil, all of which passes a 3/8-inch (9.5 millimeter) sieve and not more than 10% passes a No. 200 (0.075 millimeter) sieve.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.
- B. Protect subgrades and foundation soils against freezing temperatures or frost. Provide protective insulating materials as necessary.
- C. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways per the Stormwater Management Ordinance.

### 3.2 DEWATERING

- A. Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.
- B. Protect subgrades from softening, undermining, washout, and damage by rain or water accumulation.
  - 1. Reroute surface water runoff away from excavated areas. Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Do not use excavated trenches as temporary drainage ditches.
  - 2. Install a dewatering system to keep subgrades dry and convey ground water away from excavations. Maintain until dewatering is no longer required.
  - 3. Meet the requirements of the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC) and the City of Franklin Stormwater Management Ordinance for stormwater discharge from construction-related activities.

### 3.3 EXPLOSIVES

- A. Explosives: Obtain written permission and required permits from authorities having jurisdiction before bringing explosives to Project site or using explosives on Project site.
  - 1. Do not damage adjacent structures, property, or site improvements or weaken the bearing capacity of rock subgrade when using explosives.





### 3.4 EXCAVATION FOR STRUCTURES

- A. Excavate to indicated elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch (25 millimeters). Extend excavations a sufficient distance from structures for placing and removing concrete formwork, for installing services and other construction, and for inspections.

### 3.5 EXCAVATION FOR UTILITY TRENCHES

- A. Prior to installation of utility the site shall be within 1 foot of final subgrade elevation along the utility alignment. A grade cut sheet indicating proposed final grade, proposed subgrade, and actual grade elevations shall be submitted and sealed by Engineer or Surveyor.
- B. Excavate trenches to indicated gradients, lines, depths, and elevations.
- C. Excavate trenches to uniform widths to provide a working clearance on each side of pipe or conduit. Trench walls shall be vertical from trench bottom to 12 inches (300 millimeters) higher than top of pipe or conduit, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Clearance: See Detail titled Bedding and Backfilling for Pressure Lines.
- D. Trench Bottoms: In soil excavate trenches to required elevation. Hand excavate for bell of pipe.
  - 1. Excavate trenches 6 inches (150 millimeters) deeper than elevation required in rock or other unyielding bearing material to allow for bedding course.

### 3.6 STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Stockpile borrow materials and satisfactory excavated soil materials. Comply with the City of Franklin Stormwater Management Ordinance requirements for stockpiles.
  - 1. Use proper erosion control measures. Temporarily seed if left undisturbed for fifteen (15) days.
  - 2. Stockpile soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
  - 3. Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

### 3.7 BACKFILL

- A. Place and compact backfill in excavations promptly, but not before completing the following:
  - 1. Surveying locations of underground utilities for record documents.
  - 2. Inspecting underground utilities.



3. Removing concrete formwork.
  4. Removing trash and debris.
  5. Removing temporary shoring and bracing, and sheeting.
- B. Crushed Stone Refill
1. This item shall include furnishing, placing and installing refill at the locations as directed by the Engineer during construction. This shall also include the removing and disposing of all unsuitable unclassified material necessary to establish satisfactory foundations and install refill.
  2. Work to be performed shall include all work necessary for the furnishing and replacing of refill. Crushed Stone refill furnished shall be as specified in Article 2.1 of this Section or other size approved by Engineer.

### 3.8 UTILITY TRENCH BACKFILL

- A. Place and compact bedding course on trench bottoms and where indicated. Shape bedding course to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits.
- B. Provide a complete stone backfill for piping within driveways, roadways, and parking areas. If in roadway or paved area, backfill entire trench with No. 67 stone to a height 12 inches below road surface. Final 12 inches shall be filled with compacted road base stone.
1. Backfill within TDOT right-of-way shall be in accordance with TDOT requirements.
- C. Place and compact initial backfill of material, free of particles larger than 2 inches (51 millimeters), to a height of 12 inches (300 millimeters) over the utility pipe.
1. Carefully compact material under pipe haunches and bring backfill evenly up on both sides and along the full length of utility piping to avoid damage or displacement of utility system.
- D. Coordinate backfilling with utilities testing.
- E. Fill voids with approved backfill materials while shoring and bracing, and as sheeting is removed. Maximum dimension of individual rock in backfill from 12 inches above pipe to top of ground shall not exceed 6 inches.
- F. Place and compact final backfill of satisfactory soil material to final subgrade.





- G. Whenever excavation has been made within easements on private property, the top one (1) inch of backfill material shall be topsoil material consisting of fine, loose earth, free from large clods, vegetable matter, debris, stone, or other objectionable material.

Whenever existing asphalt is removed, restore traffic over the disturbed area as quickly as possible by backfilling with at least 12 inches of compacted Class A, Grade D crushed stone to within 2 inches of the existing surface and then applying a 2 inch layer of cold mix. Add material and otherwise maintain such surface until the permanent pavement is restored by the Contractor or until acceptance by the Owner.

### 3.9 MOISTURE CONTROL

- A. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content.
1. Do not place backfill or fill material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice.
  2. Remove and replace, or scarify and air-dry, otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight.

### 3.10 COMPACTION OF BACKFILLS AND FILLS

- A. Place backfill and fill materials in layers not more than 8 inches (200 millimeters) in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches (100 millimeters) in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.
- B. Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of 95 percent density according to ASTM D 698:
1. Under pavements, compact each layer of backfill or fill material at 95 percent.
  2. Under walkways, scarify and recompact top 6 inches (150 millimeters) below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill material at 92 percent.
  3. Under lawn or unpaved areas, scarify and recompact top 6 inches (150 millimeters) below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill material at 85 percent.
  4. For gravel backfill, vibratory compaction is required.

### 3.11 GRADING

- A. General: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free from irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated.
1. Provide a smooth transition between adjacent existing grades and new grades.





2. Cut out soft spots, fill low spots, and trim high spots to comply with required surface tolerances.

### 3.12 SUBBASE AND BASE COURSES

- A. Under pavements and walks, place subbase course on prepared subgrade and as follows:
  1. Place base course material over subbase.
  2. Compact subbase and base courses at optimum moisture content to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thickness to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.
  3. For gravel backfill, vibratory compaction is required.
  4. Shape subbase and base to required crown elevations and cross-slope grades.
  5. When thickness of compacted subbase or base course is 6 inches (150 millimeters) or less, place materials in a single layer.
  6. When thickness of compacted subbase or base course exceeds 6 inches (150 millimeters), place materials in equal layers, with no layer more than 6 inches (150 millimeters) thick or less than 3 inches (75 millimeters) thick when compacted.

### 3.13 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Contractor will engage a qualified independent geotechnical engineering testing agency to perform field quality-control testing. Contractor to pay for testing services. One copy of the test reports shall be sent to the Owner.
- B. Allow testing agency to inspect and test subgrades and each fill or backfill layer. Proceed with subsequent earthwork only after test results for previously completed work comply with requirements.
- C. Testing agency will test compaction of soils in place according to ASTM D 1556, ASTM D 2167, ASTM D 2922, and ASTM D 2937, as applicable. Tests will be performed at the following locations and frequencies:
  1. Trench Backfill: At each compacted initial and final backfill layer, at least one test for each 150 feet (46 meters) or less of trench length, but no fewer than two tests.
- D. When testing agency reports that subgrades, fills, or backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to depth required; recompact and retest until specified compaction is obtained.



### 3.14 PROTECTION

- A. Protecting Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.
- B. Repair and reestablish grades to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction due to subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.
  - 1. Scarify or remove and replace soil material to depth as directed by Owner; reshape and recompact.
- C. Where settling occurs before Project correction period elapses, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional soil material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.
  - 1. Restore appearance, quality, and condition of finished surfacing to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to the greatest extent possible.

### 3.15 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Promptly remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris from site unless written permission from property owner allows otherwise.
- B. Obtain permission from applicable regulatory agency for disposal of debris to waste disposal site.

**END OF SECTION**



## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Dewatering Performance: Design, furnish, install, test, operate, monitor, and maintain dewatering system of sufficient scope, size, and capacity to control ground-water flow into excavations and permit construction to proceed on dry, stable subgrades.

### 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with water disposal requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by dewatering operations.
  - 1. Prevent surface water and subsurface or ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding site and surrounding area.
  - 2. Protect subgrades and foundation soils from softening and damage by rain or water accumulation.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install dewatering system utilizing wells, well points, or similar methods complete with pump equipment, standby power and pumps, filter material gradation, valves, appurtenances, water disposal, and surface-water controls.
- B. Before excavating below ground-water level, place system into operation to lower water to specified levels. Operate system continuously until structures such as drains and sewers have been constructed and fill materials have been placed, or until dewatering is no longer required.
- C. Provide an adequate system to lower and control ground water to permit excavation, construction of structures, and placement of fill materials on dry subgrades. Install sufficient





DEWATERING  
Section 31 2319

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dewatering equipment to drain water-bearing strata above and below bottom of foundations, drains, sewers, and other excavations.

- D. Do not permit open-sump pumping that leads to loss of fines, soil piping, subgrade softening, and slope instability.
- E. Reduce hydrostatic head in water-bearing strata below subgrade elevations of foundations, drains, sewers, and other excavations.
- F. Dispose of water removed by dewatering in a manner that avoids endangering public health, property, and portions of work under construction or completed. Dispose of water in a manner that avoids inconvenience to others. Provide sumps, sedimentation tanks, and other flow- control devices as required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- G. Provide standby equipment on-site, installed and available for immediate operation, to maintain dewatering on continuous basis if any part of system becomes inadequate or fails. If dewatering requirements are not satisfied due to inadequacy or failure of dewatering system, restore damaged structures and foundation soils at no additional expense to Owner.
  - 1. Remove dewatering system from Project site on completion of dewatering. Plug or fill well holes with sand or cut off and cap wells a minimum of 36 inches (900 millimeters) below overlying construction.
- H. Damages: Promptly repair damages to adjacent facilities caused by dewatering operations.

**END OF SECTION**



## EXCAVATION SUPPORT AND PROTECTION Section 31 5000

### PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design, furnish, install, monitor, and maintain excavation support and protection system in compliance with current OSHA standards that are capable of: supporting excavation sidewalls, resisting soil and hydrostatic pressure, and supporting superimposed and construction loads.
  - 1. Provide professional engineering services to assume engineering responsibility, including preparation of Shop Drawings and a comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings for Information: Prepared by or under the supervision of a qualified professional engineer for excavation support and protection systems.

#### 1.3 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Survey adjacent structures and improvements within 50 feet of project limits, employing a qualified professional engineer or land surveyor; establish exact elevations at fixed points to act as benchmarks. Clearly identify benchmarks and record existing elevations.
  - 1. During installation of excavation support and protection systems, regularly resurvey benchmarks, maintaining an accurate log of surveyed elevations and positions for comparison with original elevations and positions. Promptly notify Owner if changes in elevations or positions occur or if cracks, sags, or other damage is evident in adjacent construction.

### PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

### PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards that could develop during excavation support and protection system operations.



EXCAVATION SUPPORT AND PROTECTION  
Section 31 5000

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- B. Install excavation support and protection systems to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Monitor excavation support and protection systems daily during excavation progress and for as long as excavation remains open. Promptly correct bulges, breakage, or other evidence of movement to ensure that excavation support and protection systems remain stable.
- D. Promptly repair damages to adjacent facilities caused by installing excavation support and protection systems.

### 3.2 REMOVAL AND REPAIRS

- A. Remove excavation support and protection systems when construction has progressed sufficiently to support excavation and bear soil and hydrostatic pressures. Remove in stages to avoid disturbing underlying soils or damaging structures, pavements, facilities, and utilities.

**END OF SECTION**





## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show locations, components, materials, dimensions, sizes, weights, finishes of components, installation and operational clearances, gate swings, and details of post anchorage and attachment and bracing.

### 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fencing and all accessories shall be produced by a single manufacturer.

### 1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Each length of fabric shall be tightly rolled and firmly tied.
- B. Each shipment of fabric shall be identified as to the material, color (as applicable), mesh size, height and length of fabric in each roll, ASTM designation, and name or mark of the manufacturer.
- C. Store materials in a clean, dry area.
- D. Handle materials in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 CHAIN LINK FENCE FABRIC

- A. The fabric shall consist of one-piece fabric widths for fences up to 8'-0" in height.
- B. Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric: Comply with Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute's "Product Manual."
  - 1. Diamond Mesh and Wire Size: 2-inch (50 millimeters) mesh, 0.192-inch (4.88 millimeters) diameter (6 gage).
  - 2. Zinc-Coated Fabric: ASTM A 392, with zinc coating applied to steel wire mesh fabric after weaving with Class 1, 1.2-oz./sq. ft. (366-g/sq. m) minimum coating weight.
- C. Fabric Selvage: Twisted at top selvage and knuckled at bottom.



CHAIN LINK FENCE  
Section 32 3113

- D. Fabric Height: 8 feet.

## 2.2 HEAVY DUTY FENCE FRAMING

- A. Round Steel Pipe: Standard weight, Schedule 40, galvanized steel pipe complying with ASTM F 1083. ASTM F 1043, Material Design Group IA, external and internal coating Type A, consisting of not less than 1.8-oz./sq. ft. (0.55-kg/sq. m) zinc; and line, end, corner, and pull posts and rails and braces as required for heavy duty fence.
- B. Rails and Braces: Top, Intermediate, and Bottom Rails shall be not less than 18 feet in length with swaged end or fitted with couplings for connecting the lengths into a continuous run. Couplings shall allow for expansion and contraction, be not less than 6 inches long, and have minimum wall thickness of 0.070 inches. Open seam outside sleeves shall be permitted only with a minimum wall thickness of 0.100 inches.
1. Post Brace Rails: Provide brace rail with truss rod assembly for each gate, end, and pull post. Provide two brace rails extending in opposing directions, each with truss rod assembly, for each corner post and for pull posts. Provide rail ends and clamps for attaching rails to posts.
  2. Means shall be provided for attaching rails to each gate, corner, pull, and end post.
  3. Tension wire is required at top of fence if top rail is omitted.
- C. Barbed Wire Supporting Arms: Shall be at an angle of approximately 45 degrees or vertical, as required, and shall be fitted with clips or other means for attaching 3 strands of barbed wire. With 45 degree arms, the top wire shall be approximately 12 inches horizontally from the fence line and the other wires spaced uniformly between the top of the fence fabric and the outside strand. Arms shall be capable of supporting a weight of 250 pounds applied at the outer strand of barbed wire.
- D. Barbed Wire: Commercial quality steel, 12-1/2 gage line wire, two strand twisted line wire with 4 point, 14 gage barbs at 5 inch spacing. Coating shall consist of a minimum of 0.80 ounces of zinc per square foot of wire surface conforming to ASTM A121 or a minimum of 0.30 ounces of aluminum per square foot of wire surface conforming to ASTM A585.
- E. Components Dimensions and Weights:
1. Pipe Weight:

| Nominal Pipe O.D. | Pipe Weight (lbs/ft) |
|-------------------|----------------------|
|                   | Group IA             |
| 1-5/8 inch        | 2.27                 |
| 2 inches          | 2.72                 |
| 2-1/2 inch        | 3.65                 |



CHAIN LINK FENCE  
Section 32 3113

|            |      |
|------------|------|
| 3 inches   | 5.79 |
| 3-1/2 inch | 7.58 |
| 4 inches   | 9.11 |

2. Fence Post Size:

|               | Group IA               |                       |
|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Fabric Height | Line Post Nominal O.D. | Terminal Post Nominal |
| 3 to 5 feet   | 2 inches               | 2-1/2 inches          |
| 6 to 8 feet   | 2-1/2 inches           | 3 inches              |
| 10 to 12 feet | 3 inches               | 4 inches              |

3. Gate Post:

| Group IA and IC Post O.D. | Single Gate Width | Double Gate Width  |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 3 inches                  | Up to 6 feet      | Up to 12 feet      |
| 4 inches                  | 7 feet to 12 feet | 13 feet to 25 feet |

### 2.3 TIES AND CLIPS

- A. Ties and/or clips of adequate strength shall be provided for attaching the fence fabric securely to all line posts at intervals not exceeding 15 inches; and not exceeding 24 inches when attaching fabric to rails or tension wire.
1. Stretcher Bar Bands: Heavy pressed steel spaced not over 15 inches on center to secure stretcher bars to tubular end, corner pull, and gate post.
  2. Wire Ties: For tying fabric to line posts, use 11 gauge steel wire clips for C-section posts and a minimum 9 gauge aluminum wire ties for tubular posts, spaced 14 inches on center. For tying fabric to rails and braces, use 9 gauge aluminum wire ties spaced 24 inches on center. For tying fabric to tension wire, use 11 gauge hog rings spaced 24 inches on center.

### 2.4 TENSION BARS

- A. Not less than 3/16 inch by 3/4 inch and not less than 2 inches shorter than the normal height of the fence fabric with which they are to be used. One tension bar shall be provided for each end and gate post, and two for each corner and pull post.

### 2.5 TERMINAL POST BANDS OR CLIPS

- A. Provided for attaching the fence fabric and stretcher bars to all terminal posts at intervals not exceeding 15 inches.





CHAIN LINK FENCE  
Section 32 3113

1. Galvanized steel or aluminum alloy per ASTM F-626.
2. Formed From Flat or Beveled Steel:
  - a. Minimum thickness of 0.078 inch after galvanizing and minimum width of 3/4 inch for 4 inch O.D. or less posts.
  - b. Minimum thickness of 0.108 inch after galvanizing and minimum width of 7/8 inch for posts larger than 4 inches O.D.
3. Attachment bolts shall be 5/16 inch galvanized carriage bolts.

## 2.6 TENSION WIRE AND FITTINGS

- A. Metallic-Coated Steel Tension Wire: 7 gage, 0.177-inch-(4.5-mm-) diameter, Marcellled tension wire complying with ASTM A824. Coating shall conform to ASTM A824 Type I, aluminum coated, 0.40 oz/ft<sup>2</sup> or Type II zinc coated Class 2, 1.20 oz/ft<sup>2</sup>.
- B. Fittings: Provide fittings for a complete fence installation, including special fittings for corners. Comply with ASTM F 626.

## 2.7 POST TOPS

- A. Post Tops: Pressed steel or malleable iron (designed as a weather tight closure cap for tubular posts). Where top rail is used, provide tops to permit the passage of the top rail.

## 2.8 GATES

- A. Swing gates shall conform to ASTM F900.
  1. Materials: The base materials of the gate frame shall be round tubular members welded at all corners or assembled with corner fittings. Gates assembled with corner fittings shall have adjustable truss rods 5/16 inch minimum diameter on panels 5 feet wide or wider. Truss rods shall be the same base metal and finish as the gate frames.
    - a. The interior bracing, when needed shall be the same metal and shape tubular material and finish as the gate frame, but need not be the same size. Gates leaves shall have vertical interior bracing at maximum intervals of 8 feet and shall have a horizontal interior member if the fabric height is 8 feet or more.
    - b. Zinc-coated steel frames shall be in accordance with ASTM Specifications F1043 or F1083, or a combination thereof, and shall match that selected for any adjoining fence framework. Welded joints shall be coated in accordance with Practice A780, employing a zinc-rich paint.
    - c. Gate fabric shall be the same type as used in fence construction. The fabric shall be attached securely to the gate frame at intervals not exceeding 15 inches.



CHAIN LINK FENCE  
Section 32 3113

- d. Barbed Wire Top: The end members of the gate frame shall be extended 1 foot in height to accommodate three strands of barbed wire. Clips necessary for securing wire shall be provided.
2. Dimensions, Mass, and Permissible Variations:
  - a. Size of the gate opening shall be measured from the inside face to inside face of gate posts.
  - b. Gate frame shall be designed for the width and built so that the outer members shall not sag in excess of the lesser of 1 percent of the gate leaf width or 2 inches.
3. Gate Accessories: All gate accessories shall be of the materials as specified for the fence.
  - a. Gate Hinges: Hinges shall be structurally capable of supporting the gate leaf and allow the gate to open and close without binding. The hinges shall be so designed to permit the gate to swing a full 180 degrees.
  - b. Single Gate Latch: Gate latch shall be capable of retaining the gate in a closed position and shall have provision for a padlock.
  - c. Double Gate Latch: Gate latch shall be a drop rod or plunger bar arranged to engage the gate stop. Locking devices shall be constructed so that the center drop rod or plunger bar cannot be raised when the gate is locked. The latching devices shall have provision for a padlock.
  - d. Gate Stops: Gate stops shall be provided for all double gates.
  - e. Keepers shall be provided for each gate leaf over 5 feet.
  - f. Gates 5 feet and under shall have a self-closing mechanism.

## 2.9 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

- A. General: Comply with ACI 301 for cast-in-place concrete; materials consisting of portland cement complying with ASTM C 150, aggregates complying with ASTM C 33, and potable water.
  1. Concrete Mixes: Normal-weight concrete air entrained with not less than 3000-psi (20.7-MPa) compressive strength (28 days), 3-inch(75-mm) slump, and 1-inch (25- mm) maximum size aggregate.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install chain-link fencing to comply with ASTM F 567 and more stringent requirements indicated. Do not begin installation before final grading is completed, unless otherwise permitted by the Owner. Install all fencing to the limits shown on the drawings.
- B. Post Excavation: Drill or hand-excavate holes for posts to diameters, depths, and spacings indicated, in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil.



CHAIN LINK FENCE  
Section 32 3113

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- C. Post Setting:
  - 1. Concrete Footings: Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Trowel smooth the top of each footing at a 20 degrees angle from the post to the surrounding ground to shed water away from the post. The post shall extend to the full depth of the footing. Verify that posts are set plumb, aligned, and at correct height and spacing, and hold in position during placement and finishing operations until concrete is sufficiently cured. Set the following post types in concrete footings and protect portion of posts aboveground from concrete splatter:
    - a. Terminal.
    - b. Line.
    - c. Gate.
  - 2. Set all posts with a vertical tolerance of less than 1 inches in 10 feet as measured with a plumb bob.
- D. Terminal Posts: Locate terminal end, corner, and gate posts per ASTM F 567 and terminal pull posts at changes in horizontal or vertical alignment greater than 20 degrees.
  - 1. Only one end or corner post shall be installed at the junction of different heights of fence and shall be consistent with the largest post required at the junction.
- E. Line Posts: Space line posts uniformly at 10 feet (3.05 meters) on center.
- F. Intermediate Rails: Install in one piece at post-height center span, spanning between posts, using fittings, special offset fittings, and accessories.
- G. Top Rails: Install, spanning between posts, using fittings and accessories.
- H. All fences shall have a bottom tension wire attached to the fabric and posts.
- I. Chain-Link Fabric: Apply fabric to outside of enclosing framework.
- J. Tie Wires: Attach wire to chain-link fabric per ASTM F 626. Tie fabric to line posts at maximum interval of 12 inches (304 mm) o.c. and to braces at maximum interval of 24 inches (609 mm) o.c.
- K. Assemble gate frames by welding or fittings and rivets for rigid connections. Install fabric with stretcher bars at vertical edges, and tie at top and bottom edges. Attach stretcher bars to gate frame at not more than 15 inches on center. Attach hardware with rivets or by other means that will provide security against removal or breakage.





CHAIN LINK FENCE  
Section 32 3113

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- L. Gate Installation: Install gates level, plumb, and secure for full opening without interference. Attach hardware using tamper-resistant or concealed means. Install ground-set items in concrete for anchorage. Adjust gate to operate smoothly, easily, and quietly throughout entire operational range. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.
- M. All corner, terminal and gate posts for fence 6 feet and higher shall have a mid-rail and 3/8 round adjustable truss rod to the next post.

**END OF SECTION**



## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This work shall be performed in all disturbed areas not receiving such site improvements as buildings, roads, walks, sod, planting, etc., and shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, all seed bed preparation; the supplying and placing of soil additives, seed, and mulch wherever directed by the Owner; and maintenance.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Grass Seed: Contractor's blend (including Kentucky 31 Fescue and annual rye) furnished in new bags or bags that are sound and not mended; no "below standard" seed accepted.
- B. Fertilizer: Commercially manufactured; Grade 10-10-10; furnished in standard containers that are clearly marked with the name, weight, and guaranteed analysis of the contents and that ensure proper protection in transportation and handling; and in compliance with all local, state, and federal fertilizer laws.
- C. Agricultural Limestone: Containing a minimum of 85 percent calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate combined, 85 percent of which passes a No. 10 mesh sieve.
- D. Mulch: Stalks of rye, oats, wheat, or other approved grain crops properly cured prior to baling, air dried, and reasonably free of noxious weeds and weed seeds or other material detrimental to plant growth.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 SEEDING

- A. Perform all seeding and related work as a continuous operation. Sow seed as soon as the seed bed has been prepared and perform subsequent work in a continuous manner.
- B. Before beginning seeding operations in any area, complete the placing of topsoil and final grading, and have the work approved by the Owner.
- C. Scarify, disk, harrow, rake, or otherwise work each area to be seeded until the soil has been loosened and pulverized to a depth of not less than 2 inches. Perform this work only when the soil is in a tillable and workable condition.



- D. Apply fertilizer and agricultural limestone uniformly over the seed bed, and lightly harrow, rake, or otherwise incorporate them into the soil for a depth of approximately 1 inch at the following rates:
  - 1. Fertilizer: 40 pounds per 1,000 square feet
  - 2. Agricultural Limestone: 80 pounds per 1,000 square feet
- E. Sow seed uniformly with a rotary seeder, wheelbarrow seeder, or hydraulic equipment or by other satisfactory means.
- F. The seeding rate shall be 5 pounds per 1,000 square feet for Kentucky 31 Fescue (*Festuca Elatior*).
- G. Perform no seeding during windy weather or when the ground surface is frozen, wet, or otherwise un-tillable.
- H. When seeding with mulch is specified, spread the mulch material evenly over the seeded areas immediately following the seeding operation.
- I. Mulch Rate: 2 bales (100 pound minimum) per 1,000 square feet, depth = 2 inches min.
- J. The mulch rate may be varied by the Owner, depending on the texture and condition of the mulch material and the characteristics of the area seeded. Cover all portions of the seeded areas with a uniform layer of mulch so that approximately 25 percent of the ground is visible.
- K. Mulch shall be anchored by a tackifier or crimping.
- L. No equipment, material storage, construction traffic, etc., will be permitted on newly seeded ground.
- M. Dispose of all surplus materials as directed by the Owner.

### 3.2 INSPECTIONS

- A. The Owner shall inspect the seeding within 14 days after planting and determine if the seeds are germinating and 60 days to determine if the coverage is acceptable.

### 3.3 HIGH-VELOCITY CLEANING

- A. Secure an acceptable growth of grass in all areas designated for seeding.





SEEDING  
Section 32 9219

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- B. An area is considered acceptable if it is represented by a minimum of 100 seedlings per square foot of the permanent species of grass representative of the seed mixture. If an acceptable growth is not obtained on the first planting, reseeding and re-mulching will be required.
- C. If the planting is less than 50 percent successful, rework the ground, re-fertilize, reseed and re- mulch.

**END OF SECTION**



## GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS Section 33 0000

### PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.1 EASEMENTS

- A. Water, Wastewater and/or Reclaimed Water Mains: When required, permanent exclusive easements must be provided with a minimum width of 20 feet. Easement width requirements are as follow:
1. 0'-12' depth requires 20' easement.
  2. 13'-20' depth requires 30' easement.
  3. Depths greater than 20' require wider easements; these widths to be approved by the WMD.

A minimum 10-foot wide temporary construction easement on each side of the permanent easement must also be provided. No trees shall be planted within the permanent easements. No permanent structures shall be constructed within the permanent easement. Structures immediately adjacent to proposed or existing easements must be designed and signed by a licensed structural Engineer.

- B. Easements for water, wastewater and/or reclaimed water line extensions may be provided in either of two ways.
1. Easement Document on forms provided by the City of Franklin Engineering Department, which must include legal description of the easement(s), legal Owners name, map and parcel, and must be signed by the Owner; and then notarized and recorded.
  2. Record with Subdivision Plat - If this method of recording easements is chosen, a preliminary plat of the subdivision must be provided at the time of plans submittal, which clearly defines the easements to be recorded.
- C. All easements for work on property not owned by the Developer or Owner must be obtained and recorded before construction can begin. In new subdivisions, the letter of intent and preliminary plat showing the easements will be sufficient to start construction. However, the Final Plat must be recorded and delivered prior to final inspection of the new facilities by the WMD.
- D. For developments which require either a water booster station or a sanitary sewer pump station, a parcel of land shall be deeded to the City of Franklin. Plats with descriptions and deeds shall be provided for all pumping stations and access roads to pumping stations.

#### 1.2 ABANDONING UNACCEPTED INFRASTRUTURE

- A. In the event that water, wastewater or reclaimed water infrastructure is constructed but is never accepted by the WMD for a period of twelve (12) months or more, the infrastructure shall be considered abandoned and require re-televising, re-testing, development of a



**GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**  
**Section 33 0000**

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punchlist of any deficiencies and correction of all deficiencies prior to final acceptance, release of performance bonds and allowing any service connections.

**END OF SECTION**





TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 DEFINITIONS

A. Methods of trenchless installation:

1. Bore and Jack (auger boring): A trenchless method that utilizes a rotating cutting head and augers to excavate material along a predetermined alignment. The excavation, generally 6 inches ahead of the casing pipe being jacked simultaneously, occurs by an auger placed within the encasement. The spoil material is removed through the open end of the casing pipe. Pipe diameter range: 12 inches through 48 inches; maximum distance: 300 feet.
2. Directional Drilling: A trenchless method that consists of a multi-stage process to excavate and install a pipeline. A pilot bore is drilled along the predetermined alignment. Drilling fluid is usually injected to minimize friction and prevent collapse of the bore hole. Typically, a radio signal from a transmitter located in the drill bit head indicates depth and alignment. The initial pilot bore can be adjusted by means of hydraulics until it reaches the termination point. The pilot bore is then replaced by a reaming device and pulled back through the initial bore alignment. The pipe material is attached to the reaming device and is pulled into the ground during the back reaming process. Pipe diameter range: 4 inches through 72 inches; maximum distance: 2,000 feet.
3. Microtunneling: A trenchless method similar to the bore and jack method with the exception that it is remotely controlled. The guidance system provides control of the steering head. Stability to the excavation face is provided by applying mechanical or fluid pressure to counterbalance earth and hydrostatic pressures. Pipe diameter range: 12 inches through 180 inches; maximum distance: unlimited.
4. Pipe Ramming: A trenchless method using a pneumatic ramming tool to push a casing pipe through subsurface material, usually soil. The process effectively swallows the subsurface material into the interior of an open-ended casing pipe and is later removed by pneumatic or auger means. Pipe diameter range: 4 inches through 80 inches; maximum distance: 200 feet.
5. Tunneling: A trenchless method requiring hand mining or drilling equipment, such as a tunnel boring machine (TBM), to excavate a predetermined alignment. Liner plates are installed as support for the open area. Tunnel diameter range: 48 inches through 192 inches, maximum distance: unlimited.
6. Pipe Bursting: A trenchless method used to replace and upsize existing utilities. The method requires that the utility be temporarily abandoned to conduct work. A cutting



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

head is pulled through the existing pipeline effectively displacing the fragments of the pipeline into the surrounding soil while simultaneously pulling a new pipeline into place behind it. Pipe diameter range: 4 inches through 54 inches, maximum distance: pressure pipe – fitting to fitting, gravity pipe – structure to structure.

- B. Carrier Pipe: utility pipe in excess of 2 inch in diameter.
- C. Service Pipes: utility pipe ranging in diameter from ¾-inch to 2 inches.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. Carrier pipe
  - 2. Casing pipe
  - 3. Casing spacers
  - 4. End seals
  - 5. Liner plates
  - 6. Tunnel liner grout
  - 7. Casing and tunnel pipe filler material
  - 8. Backfill for abandoned casings and tunnels
  - 9. Utility identification sign
- B. The Contractor shall prepare a schedule for the Work and submit it to the Owner for approval. The schedule shall include all major tasks to be performed including the following:
  - 1. Equipment mobilization and setup
  - 2. Pipe assembly
  - 3. Pilot hole drilling (directional drilling)
  - 4. Pre-reaming (directional drilling)
  - 5. Pre-testing and pigging pipe before installation
  - 6. Pipe pulling (directional drilling)
  - 7. Testing and pigging pipe after reinstallation
  - 8. Restoration and demobilization

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The Contractor shall have a representative who is thoroughly knowledgeable of the equipment, boring, and jurisdictional Agency procedures present at the job site during the entire installation and available to address immediate concerns and emergency operations.
- B. Provide a record of the advancement of the casing or carrier pipe. The log shall indicate the distance traveled and depth below existing grade over the entire length at 5-foot intervals.





TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

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- C. Conduct survey of finished work to ensure alignment of casing or carrier pipe is within specified tolerances.
- D. Provide compaction testing of backfills and embankment, if required, as part of the field quality control for the carrier pipe being constructed. Assure that at least one compaction test site occurs at each pit.
- E. Do not remove failed casing, liner plate, or carrier pipe from bore or tunnel alignment. Upon unsuccessful installation of casing or carrier pipe, backfill pipe or tunnel per the requirements of Part 2.
- F. Provide three copies of complete record drawings for each utility pipeline crossing. Drawings shall include plan view and profile view.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver pipe, casing, and accessories to jobsite in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Accessory items shall be in manufacturer's original, unopened packaging. Store and protect materials in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 CARRIER PIPE

- A. The carrier pipe within the casing pipe shall be restrained joint and used to convey water, sewage, or other medium.
- B. Refer to Division 33 Section Sanitary Sewer (Gravity) and Sewage Force Main for acceptable materials. Refer to project Drawings for material type and identification.

### 2.2 SERVICE PIPE

- A. The service pipe within the casing pipe shall be used to convey water, sewage, or other medium.
- B. Refer to Division 33 Section "Sanitary Sewer (Gravity)" for service pipe materials. Refer to the Drawings for material type identification.





TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

## 2.3 CASING PIPE FOR UTILITY PIPELINES

- A. The casing pipe or encasement shall be used for structural integrity of the installation and protection of the carrier pipe. In all instances the casing pipe shall have a minimum nominal diameter 4 inches larger than the greatest outside diameter of the carrier pipe, including the pipe bells. Casing pipe is required under local roadways, state roadways, and railways and meet the requirements of TDOT's Design Guidance and the American Railway Engineering and Maintenance of Way Association's Specifications for Pipelines Conveying Flammable and Non-Flammable Substances, current edition.
- B. The casing pipe material shall be as noted on the Drawings and as approved by the Agency having jurisdiction over the area being crossed.
- C. The casing pipe shall be new, welded or seamless steel pipe per ASTM A139, Grade B; ASTM A252, Grade 2; or ASTM A53, Grade B. The steel casing pipe shall have a minimum yield strength of 35,000 psi and shall have a minimum wall thickness as shown in the following table:

| TABLE OF MINIMUM THICKNESS FOR STEEL CASING |                                   |                                    |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Casing Pipe Nominal Diameter (in)           | Under Highway Wall Thickness (in) | Under Railroad Wall Thickness (in) |
| 6 through 12                                | 0.250                             | 0.250                              |
| 14                                          | 0.250                             | 0.281                              |
| 16                                          | 0.250                             | 0.281                              |
| 18                                          | 0.250                             | 0.312                              |
| 20                                          | 0.312                             | 0.344                              |
| 24                                          | 0.312                             | 0.406                              |
| 30                                          | 0.375                             | 0.469                              |
| 36                                          | 0.500                             | 0.532                              |
| 42                                          | 0.500                             | 0.625                              |
| 48                                          | 0.625                             | 0.688                              |
| 54                                          | 0.625                             | 0.781                              |
| 60                                          | 0.625                             | 0.844                              |
| 66                                          | 0.625                             | 0.938                              |
| 72                                          | 0.750                             | 1.000                              |

- D. When the steel casing pipe is installed without the benefit of a protective coating, the wall thickness should be increased to the nearest standard size, which is a minimum of 0.063 inches greater than the thickness indicated in the Table.



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

- E. For directional drilling applications, and as approved by WMD, the casing pipe may utilize new, welded, or seamless high density polyethylene (HDPE) type DR 11 per ASTM D3350-02.

## 2.4 CASING PIPE FOR UTILITY SERVICES

- A. The casing pipe shall be used for structural integrity of the installation and protection of the service pipe.
- B. Utility service casing pipe material shall be new Schedule 40 PVC unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings.

## 2.5 CASING SPACERS

- A. Casing spacers/isolators shall be installed on any carrier pipe passing through a casing pipe or tunnel. They are designed to support and protect the carrier pipe, and electrically isolate the carrier pipe from the casing pipe. Casing spacers are not required when HDPE carrier pipe is used in directional drilling applications that utilize HDPE casing pipe. Casing spacers are not required for service pipe installations.
- B. Spacing: Number of spacers and distance between spacers are determined by type of pipe used. Recommended spacing for steel carrier pipe is 6 feet to 8 feet, recommended spacing for PVC pipe is 3 spacers per joint.
- C. Band: shall be constructed of minimum 14 gauge 304 stainless, two segment. For carrier pipes 42 inch diameter and larger, bands shall be three or more segments and 12 gauge carbon steel.
- D. Risers: shall be constructed of minimum 10 gauge high grade 304 stainless steel. Risers shall be sized to position the carrier pipe in the casing, support all loads and provide proper contact for the isolation function.
- E. Liner: the casing spacers/isolators shall have a flexible PVC liner of 0.09 inch thickness with a durometer "A" 85-90 hardness and a minimum 58,000 volt dielectric strength.
- F. Runners: the runners shall be of high pressure molded glass reinforced polymer with a minimum compressive strength of 18,000 psi, 2 inch in width and a minimum of 7 inches long. Polyethylene runners are not acceptable. The runners shall be attached to the band or riser by welded stainless steel studs and lock nuts which shall be recessed far below the wearing surface on the runner. The recess shall be filled with a corrosion inhibiting filler.
- G. Hardware: the band sections shall be bolted together with 304 stainless steel studs, nuts and washers. Hardware shall be 5/16-inch for pipes up to 42-inch diameter and 3/8-inch for





TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

carrier pipes 42-inch and larger.

## 2.6 END SEALS

- A. End seals shall be used to effectively seal the casing pipe to the carrier pipe at each end of the casing pipe prior to backfilling.
- B. Material: shall be made of 1/8-inch thick synthetic rubber and use stainless steel bands and clamps to secure each end to the casing and carrier pipes.

## 2.7 LINER PLATES

- A. The tunnel liner plate shall be of structural quality, hot-rolled, carbon-steel sheets or plates in conformance with ASTM A1011. The steel liner plate shall have a minimum thickness of 12 gage.
- B. The tunnel liner plate submittal should specify either smooth or corrugated, number of flanges, exterior coating, and width of plate.

## 2.8 TUNNEL LINER GROUT

- A. Cement grout shall consist of a uniform mixture of 1:6 (cement:sand). Completely fill all voids using a pumping system. The compressive strength at 28 days shall be 100 psi, minimum.

## 2.9 CASING AND TUNNEL PIPE FILLER

- A. The space between the casing pipe and the carrier pipe should not be filled completely to avoid transfer of earth and live loads from the casing to the carrier pipe.
- B. Material: fill sand, flowable mortar, or controlled low strength material. Refer to tables for approximate quantities.
- C. Compressive strength of flowable mortar at 28 days: 100 psi to 200 psi.

| TABLE OF QUANTITIES FOR FLOWABLE MORTAR |                         |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Material Type                           | Quantity per Cubic Yard |
| Cement                                  | 100 lbs                 |
| Fly ash                                 | 300 lbs                 |
| Fine aggregate                          | 2,600 lbs               |

- D. Compressive strength of controlled low strength material at 28 days: 50 psi.





TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

| TABLE OF QUANTITIES FOR CONTROLLED LOW STRENGTH |                         |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Material Type                                   | Quantity per Cubic Yard |
| Cement                                          | 50 lbs                  |
| Fly ash                                         | 250 lbs                 |
| Fine aggregate                                  | 2,910 lbs               |

## 2.10 BACKFILL FOR ABANDONED CASINGS AND TUNNELS

- A. The space between the casing pipe and carrier pipe should be filled completely to avoid settlement of casing due to earth and live loads.
- B. Material: 3,000 psi minimum Portland cement concrete, flowable mortar, or controlled low strength material. Refer to tables above for approximately quantities.
- C. Compressive strength at 28 days: 100 psi to 200 psi – refer to the above tables.
- D. Compressive strength at 28 days: 50 psi – refer to the above tables.

## 2.11 UTILITY IDENTIFICATION SIGN

- A. Provide a utility identification sign for each end of a casing pipe or tunnel. Provide additional signs as shown on the Drawings.
- B. Post: The post shall be constructed of composite material and have dimensions of 66-inches high by 4 inches wide. The marker post shall be pigmented throughout based upon the utility type.
  - 1. Water – blue
  - 2. Sanitary sewer – green
  - 3. Reclaimed – purple
- C. Sign: The post shall have a sign affixed to it. The sign shall be constructed of powder coated steel. The overall dimensions of the sign shall be 6-inches by 6-inches. The following information shall be engraved upon the sign:

Warning: Utility Water/Sanitary sewer/Reclaimed Crossing  
Contact: City of Franklin Water Management Department  
Phone: 615-794-4554



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

- D. The marker and sign shall be guaranteed in quality for 15 years against deterioration and discoloring.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall select a method of trenchless installation which is appropriate for anticipated subsurface conditions; will allow the pipe to be installed to the desired line and grade as specified; and will prevent heaving or settlement of the ground surface or damage to nearby facilities.
- B. All borings and tunnels shall be accomplished by one of the specified and approved trenchless installation methods; and shall meet the size, line, and grade shown on the Drawings.
- C. All trenchless installation work shall be done in accordance with Agencies having jurisdictional authority over the utility being crossed. Contractor shall notify the jurisdictional agency a minimum of three business days prior to the start of trenchless activities.
- D. Contractor shall protect all existing utilities and facilities in the work area.
- E. Upon successful installation of casing or carrier pipe based on tolerances stated herein, backfill said pipe or tunnel per the requirements of Part 2 of this Section.
- F. Verify suitability of excavated materials for reuse as backfill per Section 31 0000. Remove and stockpile topsoil for subsequent reuse. Do not mix topsoil with other excavated materials. Remove rock, rubbish, debris, and unsuitable materials. Excavate the minimum size pits necessary to safely and properly perform the work.
- G. Comply with requirements of Division 31 Sections “Dewatering” and “Excavation Support and Protection” as necessary.
- H. Clean up all affected sites and restore all areas to pre-construction or better condition.

### 3.2 ACCEPTABLE TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION METHODS

- A. Bore and Jack (Auger Boring):
  - 1. Excavate a suitable sized pit to accommodate the equipment. Provide adequate walkway and workspace on each side of the auger and jacking equipment. The Contractor shall furnish and install trench shoring or bracing in compliance with OSHA standards.



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

2. Provide continuous pressure to the face of the excavation to balance groundwater and earth pressures.
  3. The carrier pipe shall be furnished by the Contractor. Jack the steel casing pipe into place as the boring proceeds. Ensure that the end of casing is true. Completely weld sections of pipe to provide watertight joints.
  4. Upon acceptance of the casing, install the carrier pipe in the casing by jacking it through the casing. If necessary to achieve proper line and grade on the carrier pipe, use blocking material to offset any minor variations in the alignment of the casing. Otherwise, casing spacers shall be used for all pressure main installations. Spacers shall be installed 1 foot from each end of each pipe joint and at the midpoint of each pipe joint. The carrier pipe shall be restrained by the spacer within the casing.
  5. Both ends of casing pipe shall be sealed with synthetic rubber end seals with stainless steel band and clamps.
  6. Tolerances:
    - a. Bore accuracy shall be within  $\pm 1\%$  (both horizontally and vertically) of the total borehole length.
    - b. The borehole shall follow the design centerline of the pipe profile and alignment described on the Drawings. At no point in the bore will the combined radii in the plan and profile exceed the allowable minimum radius of the pipeline manufacturer.
- B. Directional Drilling:
1. Drilling until shall be equipped with an electrical strike safety package and shall be tested upon setup of the job.
  2. Drill a pilot bore with the designed tolerances for radius requirements. The pilot bore shall be monitored using instrumentation which will accurately locate the pilot bore positions in the X, Y, and Z axes relative to the ground surface.
  3. The enlargement of the hole to accommodate the carrier pipe shall be accomplished by the ream and pull back method:
    - a. Prereaming: Prereaming operating shall be conducted at the discretion of horizontal drilling Contractor. All provisions of this specification relating to simultaneous reaming and pulling back operations shall also pertain to prereaming operations.
    - b. Pulling Loads: Contractor shall be responsible for determining safe pulling loads required for proper installation. Such loads shall be minimized as required to prevent failure of the pipeline during installation.
    - c. Torsional Stress: A properly sized and fully operational swivel will be installed between the reaming assembly at the end of the drill pipe, and the pipeline to restrict torsional stress from being transmitted to the pipeline.
    - d. Pull Section Support: The pull section shall be supported as it proceeds during pull back so that it moves freely, and the pipe material is not damaged.
  4. Tolerances:
    - a. A smoothly drilled pilot hole shall follow the design centerline of the pipe profile and alignment described on the Drawings. At no point in the bore will the combined radii in the plan and profile exceed the allowable minimum radius of the pipeline manufacturer.





TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

- b. The course of the pilot hole must stay within the given right-of-way at all points along the drilled route. Contractor shall provide and use a separate steering system employing a ground survey grid system, such as "Tru-Tracker".
  - c. The Contractor shall have accurate working gauges which register the tensile force being used to pull the pipeline back through the reamed borehole. It is the Contractor's responsibility to prepare the reamed out hole such that pulling back operations do not exceed the tensile strength of the pipe. The Contractor shall provide estimated calculations for the pulling loads and allowable loads before pull back operations begin. If during the pipeline pulling process this force exceeds 75 percent of this allowable load for the pipeline, the project inspector must be notified immediately. Logs must be kept intact referencing all forces exerted on the pipeline during pullback.
  - d. The Contractor shall provide adequate supports along the stringing area to protect the pipe and allow free movement of the pipeline during pullback.
  - e. During pullback operations, Contractor shall monitor roller operation and use sidebooms, if required, to assist movement of the pipe. Situations which could cause damage to the pipe material shall be corrected immediately. Damaged pipe shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Owner or replaced by the Contractor before pulling operations resume.
- C. Microtunneling:
- 1. Excavate suitable sized pits to accommodate the tunneling equipment at entrance and exit of proposed microtunnel bore. The Contractor shall furnish and install trench shoring or bracing in compliance with OSHA standards.
  - 2. Excavate the tunnel using a steerable, laser guided tunnel boring machine remotely controlled and monitored from the surface by the operator at all times. Functions of the system to be monitored at the remote console shall include rate of advance, length of conduit installed, thrust force, deviation from line and grade, roll, inclination, and valve positions.
  - 3. Excavation of tunnel shall take place within the tunneling shield. Personnel should not enter the excavation. The tunnel shield shall be full faced with the capability of supporting the face both during excavation and during shutdown. When soil conditions dictate, the tunnel shield must be capable of removing cobbles and boulders. The excavation system shall be fully capable of excavating all material that it will encounter.
  - 4. The jacking system, including any intermediate jacks used, shall be capable of continuously monitoring the jacking pressure, the rate of advancement and the distance jacked. The equipment shall have the capability of limiting the jacking force applied to the pipe/tunnel shield so as not to exceed the maximum compressive loads allowed for the pipe. A lubrication system shall be provided that injects an approved lubricant at the rear of the tunneling shield to lower the friction developed on the exterior of the pipe during jacking.
  - 5. The spoil can be removed from inside the pipe or casing by auger, compressed air, or water jetting.
  - 6. Tolerances:
    - a. Microtunnel accuracy should be within  $\pm 1$  inch (both horizontally and vertically).
    - b. The borehole shall follow the design centerline of the pipe profile and alignment



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

described on the Drawings. At no point in the bore will the combined radii in the plan and profile exceed the allowable minimum radius of the pipeline manufacturer.

D. Pipe Ramming:

1. Excavate suitable sized pits to accommodate equipment at entrance and exit of proposed tunnel bore. The Contractor shall furnish and install trench shoring or bracing in compliance with OSHA standards.
2. Set guide rails to line and grade of proposed bore. The first section of pipe or casing shall be equipped with a steel band around the leading edge to over excavate the bore and reduce friction on successive sections.
3. Install steel pipe casing using a pneumatic tool hammer to push the pipe or casing into the ground. The leading edge of the pipe shall be left open for most applications, allowing the soil to enter the pipe or casing. The leading edge can be closed for pipe casing diameters of 4 inches or less.
4. Remove spoil from inside of pipe casing by auger, compressed air, or water jetting.
5. Tolerances:
  - a. Pipe ramming bore accuracy should be within  $\pm 5\%$  (both horizontally and vertically) of total bore length.
  - b. The bore shall follow the design centerline of the pipe profile and alignment described on the Drawings. At no point in the bore will the combined radii in the plan and profile exceed the allowable minimum radius of the pipeline manufacturer.

E. Tunneling:

1. Excavate suitable sized pits/shafts to accommodate the equipment at entrance and exit of proposed tunnel bore. The Contractor shall furnish and install trench shoring or bracing in compliance with OSHA standards.
2. Excavate a utility tunnel using a tunnel boring machine (TBM) and conventional methods. Excavation of tunnel shall take place within tunneling shield. Tunneling shield shall be of steel construction and sufficient length to install one complete ring of liner plates before it is advanced for the installation of the next ring of liner plates.
3. Liner plate must be constructed in-place in the tail section of the tunneling shield. Liner plate shall have tapped grout holes of minimum 2 inch diameter, spaced at approximately 3 feet along the circumference of the tunnel. The grout holes shall be spaced 4 feet longitudinally along the tunnel course.
4. Inject grout through liner plate grout holes. Grout holes shall be plugged when grouting is completed.
5. Install utility carrier pipeline after tunnel is complete and fill remaining annular space completely with filler. Carrier pipe must be able to withstand potential earth loads transferred to the pipe after the annular space is filled with filler.
6. Tolerances:
  - a. Tunnel accuracy shall be within  $\pm 1.0$  feet horizontally and  $\pm 0.1$  feet vertically.
  - b. The borehole shall follow the design centerline of the pipe profile and alignment described on the Drawings. At no point in the bore will the combined radii in the plan and profile exceed the allowable minimum radius of the pipeline manufacturer.

F. Pipe Bursting:



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

1. Pipe Bursting shall be conducted using Horizontal Directional Drill (HDD)/Impactor, pneumatic, hydraulic or static pipe bursting systems. The pipe bursting unit shall be designed and manufactured to force its way through the existing line by fragmenting the pipe and compressing the broken pieces into the surrounding soil as its progresses. The bursting unit shall generate sufficient force to burst and compact the existing pipeline. See manufacturer specifications for what size unit should be used in what diameter of pipe, as well as parameters of what size unit for percentage of upsize allowed.
2. The HDD or winch should be fitted with a direct reading load gauge to measure the pullback force or winching load. The Contractor shall provide a system of guide pulleys and bracing at the exit pit to minimize cable contact with the existing line between launch and exit pits. The winch cable, burst head, and polyethylene pipe cannot come into contact with the supports of the trench shoring in the insertion pit.
3. All buried utilities adjacent to the pipe bursting operation shall be reviewed and where necessary be excavated to relieve transient loading during the insertion operation. If any utilities are within 24 inches of the pipe to be burst, the Contractor shall excavate a pit at the location to check clearance. The amount of clearance will be affected by the soil type, the amount of up-sizing and the location of the existing utility in relation to the line being burst. If adequate separation does not exist between the existing line and the subject utility, the Contractor shall employ substitute means to rehabilitate the existing line.
4. Any concrete encasements and/or PVC point repairs shall be excavated and broken out prior to the bursting operation to allow the steady and free passage of the pipe bursting head. All in-line valves and fittings shall be removed prior to the bursting operation.
5. The new polyethylene pipe shall be inserted immediately behind the bursting head in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures. The bursting equipment shall be specifically designed and manufactured for the type of insertion process being used. The insertion pit shall be long enough to avoid imposing a bending radius of less than 35 times the outside diameter of the pipe liner during installation.
6. The polyethylene pipe shall be assembled and joined at the site using the butt-fusion method to provide a leak proof joint. Threaded or solvent-cement joints and connections are not permitted. All equipment and procedures used shall be in strict compliance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Fusing shall be accomplished by personnel certified as fusion technicians by a manufacturer of polyethylene pipe and/or fusing equipment. In cases where the insertion pit is not a manhole, the liner pipe may be joined by use of a stainless steel full encirclement clamp or the installation of a new manhole. Details of the recommended lengths of such clamps to afford adequate pullout protection are summarized as follows:

| Inner Diameter of Liner Pipe (inches) | Minimum Width of Clamp (inches) |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 8.0                                   | 15                              |
| 12.0                                  | 20                              |
| 15.0                                  | 30                              |





TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

|      |    |
|------|----|
| 18.0 | 30 |
|------|----|

7. Any annular space between the existing pipe and the liner shall be filled with cement grout in accordance with Paragraph 2.6. Precautions shall be taken to prevent collapse of the liner with grouting pressure. Either place the grout under very low pressure, or hydrostatically pressurize the liner pipe during the grouting process to resist collapse.
8. At all points where the polyethylene pipe is exposed (such as at insertion shafts, at service connection fittings, or other points where the existing pipe must be removed), the polyethylene pipe shall be encased in a cement-stabilized sand or high density material to prevent deflection due to earth loading or subsidence. Material should be in accordance with the cement grout described in Paragraph 2.6.
9. After installation of the polyethylene liner pipe, a minimum of 6-inches of the liner pipe shall be left to protrude from the wall of the entrance and exit pits prior to relaxation. A minimum 48 hour relaxation period (longer if recommended by the manufacturer) shall be required to allow the pipe to stabilize. After the relaxation period, the protruding ends of the pipe shall be neatly trimmed back to fit the structure or match up to other equipment and materials. Allow a slight flaring of the material so that the liner will not pull away from the opening and retract into the original pipe.
10. Pressure test the polyethylene pipe in accordance with the contract document Section applicable for the pipeline intent.
11. Service connections to the polyethylene pipe shall be accomplished by the sidewall fusion method in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Refer to Division 33 Section "Sanitary sewer (Gravity)" for service connection materials.
12. Dimension Ratios: The minimum wall thickness of the polyethylene pipe shall meet the following:

| Depth of Cover (feet) | Minimum SDR |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| 0 – 16                | 21          |
| > 16                  | 17          |

### 3.3 MANAGEMENT OF CUTTINGS AND FLUIDS

- A. The approved methods of trenchless installation are to be conducted in a manner to eliminate the discharge of water, drilling mud, and cuttings to the creeks or land areas involved during the construction process. Contractor shall immediately contain and clean-up any inadvertent returns. Contractor shall also provide equipment and procedures to maximize the recirculation or reuse of drilling mud to minimize waste disposal.
- B. Disposal of drilling and cutting fluids shall be responsibility of the Contractor and shall be conducted in compliance with all relative environmental regulations, easement and work space agreements, and permit requirements.
- C. Water supply is the Contractor's responsibility, whether purchased locally, or hauled in.



TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES  
Section 33 0523

- D. Drilling and cutting fluids must be free of all additives that will adversely affect the environment.
- E. Adequate dewatering of all excavations and tunnels is the Contractor's responsibility unless otherwise stated.
  - 1. Take measures to prevent surface water from entering excavation.
  - 2. Pump surface water and groundwater from excavation or tunnel, of necessary.
  - 3. Discharge water may not be discharged to adjacent property without written permission from the property owner.
  - 4. Excavation discharge water should not interfere with vehicular traffic and must be directed away from adjacent electrical facilities.
  - 5. Sanitary sewers are not an acceptable option for disposal of discharge water.
  - 6. Erosion control measures should be taken to protect the discharge location(s), if applicable.
  - 7. Adjacent structures should be monitored for subsidence as a result of dewatering, if applicable.

### 3.4 CLEANUP, REPAIRS, AND RESTORATION

- A. The Contractor is responsible for leaving all areas affected by his construction activities in a condition equal to or better than the condition before construction.
- B. All carrier pipe beyond the end of casing pipe as well as in entry and exit pits shall be bedded and backfilled in accordance with Division 31 Section "Earthwork".
- C. The Contractor shall restore area around entry and exit pits within 1 day of work completion. Fill to previous existing ground elevation and grade any areas where settlement occurs due to subsidence.
- D. Install a utility identification sign above ground at each end of the casing or tunnel. If the utility has been installed without a casing or tunnel, install utility identification signs as shown on the Drawings.

**END OF SECTION**





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 STANDARDS

- A. Buried piping shall be of the bell and spigot type.
- B. Non-buried piping shall have flanged ends, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings.
- C. Use Mechanical Joint Fitting Restraining Device for plain end piping connections to fittings, hydrants, valves, etc.

### 1.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The minimum size water main shall be 8" unless otherwise approved in writing or required by the WMD. The minimum size water line in commercial areas shall be 10" unless otherwise approved or required by the WMD.
- B. Water main sizes shall be justified by hydraulic analysis based on flow demands and pressure requirements. Minimum pressure in system under all conditions of flow is 20 psi. Pressures no greater than 100 psi shall be delivered to the customer. Customers or customer's representative shall be responsible for installation of a pressure reducing valve (PRV) on water line services with pressures greater than 100 psi.
- C. Water mains shall be ductile iron pipe unless otherwise approved by the WMD.
- D. Generally, the following locations should be utilized for location of new water lines unless field conditions such as other utilities, etc., make it impractical to do so:
  - 1. New Subdivisions - New water mains shall be in the right-of-way near the edge of pavement parallel to the property line, unless otherwise approved by the WMD and shall not be located under sidewalks or curbs.
  - 2. Along older roads in existing subdivisions which have open ditches, the water main shall be located in easements unless otherwise approved by the WMD.
  - 3. Where underground electrical service exists or is proposed, the water line must be located on the opposite side of the road.
- E. Water mains and sanitary sewer mains or storm sewers shall not be laid in the same trench.
- F. Water mains shall be laid at least 10 feet horizontally from any sanitary sewer main, storm sewer or sewer manhole, whenever possible; the distance shall be measured edge-to-edge.
- G. Water mains crossing over sanitary sewer mains or storm sewers shall be laid to provide a separation of at least 18 inches between the bottom of the water main and top of the sanitary sewer main or storm sewer.





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

- H. When conditions prevent a horizontal separation of 10 feet, a water main may be laid closer to a sanitary sewer main or a storm sewer as long as the bottom of the water main is at least 18 inches above the top of the sanitary sewer main or storm sewer.
- I. If the 18-inch vertical separation cannot be provided as described above, the water main and sanitary sewer main shall both be constructed of ductile iron pipe. Water mains also passing under sanitary sewer mains shall have a vertical separation of at least 18 inches between the bottom of the sanitary sewer and the top of the water main; a flowable fill cap shall be installed on the water line; a full joint of water line pipe shall be used and centered at the point of crossing so that the joints will be equidistant and as far as possible from the sanitary sewer main. Requires prior approval by the WMD.
- J. Where gas lines, telecommunication lines or any other public utilities exist or are proposed there must be at least 10' horizontal separation between the water line and utility line and a minimum 18" vertical separation between the two lines.
- K. No water main shall pass through or come into contact with any part of a sanitary sewer main or manhole.
- L. Dead ends shall be minimized in order to provide better water service by looping the system.
- M. Water service from another adjacent feed source shall be required for all new subdivisions unless otherwise approved by the WMD. The dual feed shall be used to improve water quality for residents and shall be looped with another, separate, feeding water line to provide appropriate circulation.
- N. Fire hydrants shall be installed at the end of dead end water mains.
- O. The minimum size water line to serve a fire hydrant is 6 inches.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data
  - 1. Ductile iron pipe.
  - 2. Ductile iron fittings.
  - 3. Ductile iron flanged pipe.
  - 4. Pipe insulation and accessories.
  - 5. High Density polyethylene pipe.
  - 6. High Density polyethylene fittings.
  - 7. Mechanical joint restraint devices.
  - 8. Flanged coupling adapters.
  - 9. Flexible expansion joint.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

10. Concrete vaults and accessories.
  11. Line markers.
  12. Utility warning tape.
  13. Detection wire.
- B. Shop Drawings:
1. Concrete vaults, including aluminum hatches, ladders, and drains.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of piping and specialties and are based on the specific system indicated.
- B. Comply with the regulatory requirements of local, state and federal agencies having jurisdiction.
- C. Piping material shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- D. Water line depths shall not exceed 6 feet. Variances shall be discussed and approved by the WMD.
- E. Comply with NSF 61 for materials for water service piping and specialties for domestic water.
- F. The pipe manufacturer must furnish the Owner a notarized certificate stating that the pipe furnished has been manufactured and tested in accordance with the applicable standards.
- G. The length of each individual piece of ductile iron pipe shipped must be plainly marked on each piece of pipe. Each piece of pipe shall bear the manufacturer's name or trademark, the year in which it was produced, and the letters "DI" or the word "DUCTILE".
- H. All ductile iron pipe shall be the product of a single American based manufacturer with a minimum of five (5) years of experience in manufacturing the size, class, and quantity of pipe specified herein. The manufacturer must have a successful performance record on projects of comparable scope and magnitude.





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

## 1.7 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery: Deliver piping with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe-end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- B. Storage:
  - 1. Protect stored piping from moisture and dirt. Elevate above grade. Do not exceed structural capacity of floor when storing inside.
  - 2. Store plastic piping protected from direct sunlight. Support to prevent sagging and bending.
- C. Handling: Protect flanges, fittings, and specialties from moisture and dirt.
- D. Any pipes strung out along the route of the proposed lines before the actual installation of water lines is due to take place shall be capped on both ends and shall not be lowered into the trench until they have been swabbed to remove any mud, debris, etc., that may have accumulated within them. Only string out what can be laid in a day. Remove all unnecessary material from the bell and spigot end of each pipe. Before any pipe is laid, brush and wipe clean the outside of its spigot end and the inside of its bell and leave dry and oil-free.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 DUCTILE IRON PIPE

- A. Ductile iron pipe shall conform to the requirements of ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151 latest revision for ductile iron pipe centrifugally cast in metal or sand-lined molds. It shall be made and tested in accordance with ASTM A536, latest revision. The pipe shall be able to withstand a hydrostatic pressure of 500 psi.
- B. The design thickness shall be that specified by ANSI A21.50/AWWA C150 latest revision except that all pipe with a diameter of 12 inches or less shall be Pressure Class 350 and all pipe with a diameter 14 inches or greater shall be Pressure Class 300 unless determined otherwise by the WMD.
- C. Coatings and Lining: Pipe shall be lined with thin cement as specified in ANSI A21.4/AWWA C104. In addition, an asphaltic coat approximately 1 mil thick shall be applied to the cement lining in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's standard practices. The outside coating shall be an asphaltic coating approximately 1 mil thick in accordance with ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151.





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

- D. The bell of each pipe shall have a tapered annular opening and a cast or machined retaining groove for the gasket. The gasket shall have a flared design so that maximum deflection will be provided. The plain spigot end of the pipe shall be beveled to simplify its entry into and centering within the bell and compression of the gasket.
- E. Gaskets:
1. Gaskets shall be Styrene Butadiene Copolymer (SBR) or Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer (EPDM) in accordance with ANSI A21.11/AWWA C111, latest revision made in the form of a solid ring to exact dimensions.
    - a. Push-on Joint Gaskets: The design of the gasket groove in the bell of the pipe and the design, hardness, and other properties of the gasket itself shall be such that the joint is liquid tight for all pressures from a vacuum to a maximum rating of 350 psi of internal liquid pressures. Gaskets for pipe with an operating pressure greater than 160 psi shall be restrained joint gaskets.
      - 1) Manufacturer/Model
        - a) American Ductile Iron Pipe "Fastite,"
        - b) U.S. Pipe "Tyton," or
        - c) Approved equal.
      - b. Push-on Restrained Joint Gaskets: Restrained pipe and fittings are as shown on the Drawings. Retainer glands and similar devices will not be allowed unless otherwise noted or shown on the Drawings or approved by the Owner. Push-on joint restraint shall be incorporated in the design of the pipe bell and gasket. The restraint shall be provided by the wedging action developed between pairs of hardened high-strength, stainless steel elements spaced around the gasket. The push-on restrained joint shall be rated for 250 psi working pressure.
        - 1) Manufacturer/Model:
          - a) American Ductile Iron Pipe "Fast-Grip" (for pipe sizes 24-inch and less),
          - b) U.S. Pipe "Field Lok" Gaskets (for pipe sizes 24-inch and less),
          - c) American Ductile Iron Pipe "Flex-Ring" (for pipe sizes 30 and 36 inch),
          - d) American Ductile Iron Pipe "Lok-Ring" (for pipe sizes greater than 46 inches),
          - e) U.S. Pipe "TR Flex" (for pipe sizes 24-inch and larger), or
          - f) Approved equal.
    2. Lubricant: Lubricant shall be furnished with each order to provide for the proper installation of the pipe supplied with said order. This lubricant shall be nontoxic, impart no taste or smell to the water, and have no harmful effect on the rubber gasket. It shall have a consistency that will allow it to be easily applied to the pipe in either hot or cold weather and that will enable it to adhere to either wet or dry pipe.

F. Welded-on Outlets:

    1. Welded-on outlets shall be limited to branch outlets having a nominal diameter less than 70 percent of the nominal diameter of the main line pipe or 30-inch whichever is smaller as shown in the following table.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

| <u>Main Line<br/>Nominal Diameter</u> | <u>Branch Outlet<br/>Nominal Diameter</u> |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 10 inch                               | 6 inch                                    |
| 12 inch                               | 8 inch                                    |
| 14 inch                               | 8 inch                                    |
| 16 inch                               | 10 inch                                   |
| 18 inch                               | 12 inch                                   |
| 20 inch                               | 14 inch                                   |
| 24 inch                               | 16 inch                                   |
| 30 inch                               | 20 inch                                   |
| 36 inch                               | 24 inch                                   |

2. Parent pipe and branch outlet candidate pipe shall be centrifugally cast ductile iron designed in accordance with ANSI A21.50/AWWA C150 and manufactured in accordance with ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151. Minimum classes shall be: for sizes 4- inch through 54-inch, Special thickness Class 53; for sizes 60-inch through 64-inch, Pressure Class 350.
3. Welded-on outlets may be provided as a radial tee outlet, tangential outlet, or lateral outlet fabricated at a specific angle to the main line pipe in 1 degree increments between 45 degrees and 90 degrees from the axis of the main line pipe as shown on the Drawings.
4. All welded-on outlets shall be rated for a working pressure of 250 psi and must have a minimum safety factor of 2.0 based on proof of design hydrostatic test results.
5. The joints on welded-on branch shall meet, where applicable, the requirements of ANSI A21.11/AWWA C111 and/or ANSI A21.15/AWWA C115. The joint materials (glands, gaskets, and studs) shall be furnished where applicable.
6. Weldment for welded-on outlets shall be based on the method described in Section VIII of the ASME Unfired Pressure Vessel Code. Reinforcing welds shall be placed using Ni-Rod 55 cored wire or Ni-Rod 55 electrodes manufactured by INCO Alloys (or an electrode with equivalent performance properties). Carbon Steel electrodes are not acceptable.
7. Prior to the application of any coating or lining in the outlet area all weldments for branch outlets to be supplied on this project shall be subjected to an air pressure test of at least 15 psi. Air leakage is not acceptable. Any leakage shall be detected by applying an appropriate soapy water solution to the entire exterior surface of the weldment and adjoining pipe edges or by immersing the entire area in a vessel of water and visually inspecting the weld surface for the presence of air bubbles. Any weldment that shows signs of visible leakage shall be repaired and retested in accordance with the manufacturer's written procedures.
8. Welded-on outlets shall be fabricated by the pipe manufacturer at the same facility where the pipe is produced. The pipe manufacturer shall have a minimum of 5 years of experience in the fabrication and testing of outlets of similar size and configuration.
9. The manufacturer shall have a fully documented welding quality assurance system and



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

maintain resident quality assurance records based on ANSI/AWS D11.2, the Guide for Welding Iron Castings. The manufacturer shall maintain appropriate welding procedure specifications (WPS), procedure qualification (PQR), and welder performance qualification test (WPQR) records as well as appropriate air test logs documenting air leakage tests.

- G. Manufacturer:
1. American Cast Iron Pipe Company,
  2. Griffin Pipe Products,
  3. McWane,
  4. U.S. Pipe, or
  5. Approved equal.

## 2.2 DUCTILE IRON FITTINGS

- A. Standard and special fittings shall be Pressure Class 350 ductile iron. Use standard mechanical joint fittings or anchoring tees at hydrant locations. All fittings shall conform to the specifications of ANSI A21.10/AWWA C110 (Full Body) or ANSI A21.53/AWWA C153 (Compact), latest revisions.
- B. All buried fittings shall be push-on or mechanical joint. Non-buried fittings shall be flanged unless otherwise shown on Drawings or directed by the Owner. Where flanged pipe is shown, no substitution of a Uni-Flange type joint will be used without prior approval of the Owner. Where push-on joint fittings are used, the fittings must be rodded to an anchor (i.e. dead-man, valve, etc.), have a mechanical joint fitting restraining device, or push-on restrained joint gasket. Use anchor tees or joint restraint device at hydrant locations.
- C. Coatings and Lining: Fittings shall be lined with cement as specified in ANSI A21.4/AWWA C104. In addition, an asphaltic coat approximately 1 mil thick shall be applied to the cement lining in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's standard practices. The outside coating shall be an asphaltic coating approximately 1 mil thick in accordance with ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151.
- D. Manufacturer:
1. Tyler/Union
  2. American Cast Iron Pipe Company
  3. U.S. Pipe and Foundry

## 2.3 DUCTILE IRON FLANGED PIPE

- A. Flanged pipe shall meet the requirements of ductile iron pipe, as specified herein, unless





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

otherwise specified.

- B. All ductile iron flanged pipe shall comply with ANSI A21.15/AWWA C115, latest revision. The pipe barrel shall be manufactured in accordance with ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151, latest revision. All flanges shall be ductile iron and rated for 250 psi working pressure. To insure accountability, all flanged pipe shall be fabricated at the factory by the barrel manufacturer. All flanges (unless otherwise indicated or required) shall be faced and drilled ANSI B16.1 125-pound for ductile iron and ANSI B16.5 150-pound for steel.
- C. Provide a flanged pipe gasket for each joint made of Styrene Butadiene Copolymer (SBR) or Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer (EPDM) which meet all the material requirements of ANSI A21.11/AWWA C111.
- D. Gaskets for flanged pipe with an operating pressure greater than 160 psi shall be Toruseal Flange Gasket as manufactured by American Cast Iron Pipe Company, American Ductile Iron Pipe Division, or approved equal.
- E. Manufacturer:
  - 1. U.S. Pipe
  - 2. American Cast Iron Pipe Company
  - 3. Approved equal

## 2.4 PIPE INSULATION AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Pipe Insulation:
  - 1. Pipe insulation shall be polyisocyanurate foam insulation and meet the requirements of ASTM-C591. Insulation shall have a maximum thermal conductivity of  $0.19 \text{ BTU-in/hr-ft}^2\text{-}^\circ\text{F}$  at a mean temperature of  $75^\circ\text{F}$  and 180 days aging.
  - 2. Manufacturer / Model:
    - a. Pittsburg-Corning,
    - b. Trymer 2000, or
    - c. Approved equal.
- B. Aluminum Roll Jacketing:
  - 1. Jacketing is to be manufactured from aluminum alloy conforming to ASTM B209 designation with 3/16 inch corrugated surface. Minimum thickness shall be 0.010 inch. All jacketing shall have an integrally bonded moisture barrier over the entire surface in contact with the insulation. Overlap jacketing 2 inch minimum at butt joints.
  - 2. Manufacturer / Model:
    - a. Childers, or
    - b. Approved equal.
- C. Fastening Devices:



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

1. All insulation and jacketing shall be secured using a 1/2 inch wide aluminum strapping conforming to ASTM-B209. Strapping shall be 0.020 inch thick and installed on 12 inch centers.
2. Manufacturer / Model:
  - a. Childers, or
  - b. Approved equal.

## 2.5 HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) PIPE

- A. Pipe shall be manufactured from a PE4710 resin listed with the Plastic Pipe Institute (PPI) as TR-4. The resin material will meet the specifications of ASTM D3350 with a cell classification of PE:345464C. Pipe shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM F714. Pipe O.D. size shall be ductile iron pipe sizes (DIPS). Pipe shall be DR 11 (160 psi WPR). The pipe shall contain no recycled compounds except that generated in the manufacturer's own plant from resin of the same specification from the same raw material. All pipes shall be suitable for use as pressure conduits, listed as NSF 61, and per AWWA C906, have nominal burst values of three and one-half times the Working Pressure Rating (WPR) of the pipe. Peak flow water velocity of 5 ft./sec. shall be used in the hydraulic engineering design.
- B. Manufacturer:
  1. ISCO Industries, or
  2. Approved equal.

## 2.6 HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) FITTINGS

- A. Butt Fusion Fittings: Shall be PE4710 HDPE, Cell Classification of 345464C as determined by ASTM D3350-02 and approved for AWWA use. Butt Fusion Fittings shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM D3261. Molded and fabricated fittings shall have a pressure rating equal to the pipe unless otherwise specified in the drawings. Fabricated fittings are to be manufactured using Data Loggers. Temperature, fusion pressure, and a graphic representation of the fusion cycle shall be part of the quality control records. All fittings shall be suitable for use as pressure conduits, and per AWWA C906, have nominal burst values of three and one-half times the Working Pressure Rating (WPR) of the fitting.
- B. Electrofusion Fittings: Shall be PE4710 HDPE, Cell Classification of 345464C as determined by ASTM 3350-02. Electrofusion fittings shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM F1055. Fittings shall have a pressure rating equal to the pipe unless otherwise specified on the plans. All electrofusion fittings shall be suitable for use as pressure conduits, and per AWWA C906 have nominal burst values of three and one-half times the Working Pressure Rating (WPR) of the fitting. All electrofusion couplings and fittings must use a 3- pin fusion system.
- C. Flanged and Mechanical Joint Adapters: Shall be PE4710 HDPE, Cell Classification of





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

345464C as determined by ASTM D3350-02. Flanged and mechanical joint adapters shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM D3261. Fittings shall have a pressure rating equal to the pipe.

## 2.7 MECHANICAL JOINT FITTING RESTRAINT DEVICES

### A. Ductile Iron Pipe Restraint Devices:

1. Restraint devices for nominal pipe sizes 3 inch through 48 inch shall consist of multiple gripping wedges incorporated into a follower gland meeting the applicable requirements of ANSI A21.10/AWWA C110. Restraint device shall have torque limiting twist-off nuts.
2. Restraint devices shall have a working pressure rating of 350 psi for 4 through 16 inch and 250 psi for 18 through 48 inch. Ratings are for water pressure and must include a minimum safety factor of 2 to 1 in all sizes.
3. Gland body, wedges and wedge actuating components shall be cast from grade 65-45-12 ductile iron material in accordance with ASTM A536.
4. Manufacturer / Model:
  - a. EBAA Iron Inc. Megalug Series 1100, or
  - b. Approved equal.

### B. Plain End to Plain End Pipe Restraint Device:

1. Joint restraint to prevent axial separation shall be incorporated into the design of the sleeve or coupling used to connect two plain ends of same or dissimilar materials, such as ductile iron pipe, steel pipe and or high density polyethylene (HDPE) pipe.
2. To prevent movement causing fitting to slide or rotate, internal pipe wall stiffeners must be used. The stiffeners must be sized to encompass the entire bearing length of the restraint devices.
3. Restraint devices shall consist of multiple gripping wedges incorporated into a follower gland. Restraint device shall have torque limiting twist-off nuts.
4. The coupling sleeve shall be coated internally with a minimum of 15 mils of fusion bonded epoxy conforming to the applicable requirements of AWWA C213.
5. Ductile Iron components shall meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM A536.
6. The restrained joining system shall meet the applicable requirements of AWWA C219, ANSI A21.11/AWWA C111, and ASTM D2000.
7. Manufacturer / Model:
  - a. EBAA Iron, Inc. Series 3800, or
  - b. Approved equal.

## 2.8 FLANGED COUPLING ADAPTERS

- ### A. Flanged coupling adapters shall be used to connect plain end pipe to flanged fittings, meters, valves, or equipment as shown on the Drawings shall be rated for 200 psi working pressure unless indicated otherwise.





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

B. Materials:

- |    |                  |                                                                  |   |                                            |
|----|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Body or Sleeve:  | Steel per ASTM A53                                               |   |                                            |
| 2. | Flange Type:     | 3-inch to 5-inch Pipe Size                                       | = | ANSI 150 lb flat face                      |
|    |                  | 6-inch Pipe Size and above                                       | = | AWWA C207 Class D,<br>ANSI 150 lb drilling |
| 3. | Follower:        | 3-inch to 12-inch Pipe Size                                      | = | Ductile Iron per ASTM A536                 |
|    |                  | 14-inch Pipe Size and above                                      | = | Heavy Rolled Steel<br>per AISI C1018       |
| 4. | Gasket           | = Grade 30                                                       |   |                                            |
| 5. | Bolts and Nuts   | = 304 Stainless Steel                                            |   |                                            |
| 6. | Interior Coating | = Fusion Bonded Epoxy                                            |   |                                            |
| 7. | Exterior Coating | = 2 coats of Rust Inhibiting Synthetic Resin or Asphaltum Enamel |   |                                            |

### C. Manufacturer/Model

1. Smith-Blair Model 913 Steel Restrained Flanged Coupling Adapter with Optional Anchor Studs, or
2. Approved equal.

## 2.9 FLEXIBLE EXPANSION JOINT

- A. Flexible expansion joints shall be installed in the locations indicated on the Drawings. Flexible expansion joints shall be cast from grade 65-45-12 ductile iron conforming to the material requirements of ASTM A536 and ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53.
- B. Each flexible expansion joint shall be pressure tested at the factory against its own restraint to a minimum of 350 psi (250 psi for 30" diameter and larger.) A minimum 2:1 safety factor shall apply.
- C. Each flexible expansion joint shall consist of an expansion joint designed and cast as an integral part of a ball and socket type flexible joint, having a minimum per ball deflection of: 20 degrees, 3 inch – 12 inch; 15 degrees, 14 inch – 36 inch; 12 degrees, 48 inch and 4-inches minimum expansion. Additional expansion sleeves shall be available and easily added or removed at the factory or in the field. Both standardized mechanical joint and flange end connections shall be available.
- D. All internal surfaces (wetted parts) shall be lined with a minimum of 15 mils of fusion bonded epoxy conforming to the applicable requirements of ANSI/AWWA C213. Sealing gaskets shall be constructed of EPDM. The coating and gaskets shall meet ANSI/NSF-61.
- E. All external surfaces shall be coated with a catalyzed coal tar epoxy conforming to the material requirements of AWWA C210. Appropriately sized polyethylene sleeves, meeting ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5, shall be included for direct buried applications.
- F. Manufacturer / Model:



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

1. EBAA Iron, Inc. FLEX-TEND, or
2. Approved equal

## 2.10 CONCRETE VAULTS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Concrete vaults shall be rectangular or circular, precast reinforced concrete, of the dimensions and specifications noted on the Drawings. Concrete shall have a 28-day compressive strength of 4000 psi. Circular precast concrete barrel sections for valve vaults shall conform to ASTM C478 except sections deeper than 12 feet shall have reinforcing equal to that ASTM C76 Class III reinforced concrete pipe unless otherwise noted on the Drawings.
- B. Precast section joints shall be mortared or grouted; joined with AASHTO M-198-75 preformed flexible butyl type joint sealant. Joints should be water tight.
  1. Manufacturer / Model:
    - a. Hamilton-Kent "Kent-Seal No. 2",
    - b. K.T. Snyder Company "rub 'r-Nek",
    - c. Press Seal Gasket "E-Z Stik", or
    - d. Approved equal.
- C. Concrete Vault Hatch
  1. Channel frame shall be 1/4 inch (7 mm) thick extruded aluminum with a mill finish, incorporating a continuous concrete anchor. A 1-1/2 inch (38 mm) drainage coupling shall be located in the front left corner of the channel frame. A bituminous coating shall be applied to the frame exterior where it will come into contact with concrete. The entire frame must be supported by a full bed of Class A concrete (H-20 load rating).
  2. The door panel(s) shall be 1/4 inch (7 mm) aluminum diamond plate, reinforced to withstand a live load of 300 psf or H-20 uniform live load with a maximum allowable deflection of 1/150 of the span and shall not protrude into the channel frame when in the open position. In grassed or landscaped (non-traffic) areas the access door shall be designed for 300 psf loading. In areas that may receive light vehicle traffic, such as sidewalks or edges of parking lots, the access door shall be designed for H-20 wheel loading.
  3. Doors shall open to 90 degrees and automatically lock with a T-316 stainless steel hold open arm with an aluminum release handle. For ease of operation, the door hold open arm shall incorporate an enclosed stainless steel compression spring assist.
  4. Doors shall close flush with the frame and rest on a built-in neoprene cushion/gasket (300 psf load rating).
  5. Hinges and all fastening hardware shall be T-316 stainless steel.
  6. Unit shall lock with a T-316 stainless steel slam lock with removable key and have a non-corrosive handle.
  7. Unit shall carry a lifetime guarantee against defects in material and/or workmanship.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

8. Manufacturer / Model:
  - a. Halliday Products, Inc., Orlando, Florida, Series H2W (double leaf), or
  - b. Approved equal.
- D. Ladder/Steps:
  1. Ladder/steps shall be steel encased in copolymer polypropylene plastic (or equal), "Press Fit" type, have an overall width of 12 inches, and spaced at 12 inches.
  2. Manufacturer:
    - a. M.A. Industries, or
    - b. Approved equal.
- E. A vent shall be provided in the top of the vault. The vent shall be constructed of PVC, a minimum of 3 feet tall, and a minimum of 4-inches in diameter with a 24 mesh stainless steel screen. The vent shall be located such that it does not interfere with the opening/closing of the hatch or impede access to the vault interior. The vault penetration shall be a thrust collar wall pipe cast integrally into the vault top. The vent shall be flanged and bolt to the wall sleeve.
- F. Pipe Penetrations shall be water tight and sealed in the vault wall opening with flexible and/or rigid connections. At least one pipe penetration shall be a rigid connection.
  1. Flexible connections shall be provided using resilient connectors meeting the requirements of ASTM C-923. Resilient connectors shall be compression type cast integrally into the vault wall.
    - a. Manufacturer:
      - 1) A-Lok Products, Inc., Tullytown, PA, or
      - 2) Approved equal.
  2. Rigid Connections shall be provided using a thrust collar wall pipe. Thrust collar wall pipes shall be cast integrally into the vault wall. Thrust collar wall pipes shall meet the requirements of ductile iron flanged piping, as specified herein, unless otherwise specified.
    - a. Manufacturer:
      - 1) U.S. Pipe,
      - 2) American Ductile Iron Pipe, or
      - 3) Approved equal.
- G. Vault Drainage:
  1. Vault drainage shall be as noted on the Drawings and according to the following.
    - a. Drain pipe shall be schedule 80 PVC and penetrate the wall at floor level. Slope of drain line shall be in accordance with local plumbing codes. A varmint screen shall be





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

installed on the drain line inside the vault for ease of maintenance. A flap valve shall be installed on the drain line discharge.

- b. The vault floor shall have a sump with a minimum depth of 12-inches and a minimum inside diameter of 14-inches. The sump is not required to be cast integrally in the floor of precast vaults. However, the seal between the vault and the sump shall be watertight and no part of the sump will be allowed to extend above the floor thereby inhibiting drainage. The sump shall be concrete or HDPE.
  - 1) The sump pump shall be automatic with level operation. It shall operate on 115 volt, single phase, 60 hz power. The pump shall be 1/3 horsepower and pump a maximum flow of 30 gpm at 10-feet of head with a 1-1/2 inch discharge.
  - 2) Continuous feed power shall be extended to the vault by the Contractor for operation of the sump pump.
  - 3) Manufacturer / Model:
    - a) Water Ace Model R3V, or
    - b) Approved equal.

H. Vault Piping:

- 1. Piping shall be supported with column type pipe saddle supports, concrete block, or other Owner-approved method.
  - a. Column type pipe saddle supports shall be stanchion type with vertical adjustability and U-bolt attachment to pipe. The stanchion shall be properly sized to carry the pipe load. The saddle assembly and base shall be cast iron or carbon steel.
    - 1) Manufacturer:
      - a) Grinnell Corporation, Providence, RI, or
      - b) Approved equal.
  - b. Concrete pipe supports shall be full or half-size, solid CMU placed under pipe, valves, meters, etc. flanges or under flanged base bends. Flanged base bends shall be bolted to the concrete pipe support.
- 2. Piping shall be insulated in accordance with Paragraph 2.8 subparagraphs a and c and/or have heat tape.

I. Valves shall be in accordance with Division 33 Section "Valves"

J. Meters shall be in accordance with Division 33 Section "Water Service Assemblies."

K. Manufacturer:

- 1. Barger Precast, or
- 2. Old Castle, or
- 3. Approved equal.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

## 2.11 LINE MARKERS

- A. Markers shall be single piece design, constructed of durable, UV resistant, composite material, and have a pointed end for ease of installation. The marker shall have a constant flat "T" cross-sectional design and be 3.75 inch in width and of such length to provide a minimum height above the ground surface of 44 inches and a minimum embedment depth of 18 inches. The marker shall resist displacement from wind and vehicle impact forces. The marker shall be free of burns, discoloration, cracks, bulges, or other objectionable marks. A line shall be stamped horizontally across the front of the marker to indicate proper burial depth.
- B. The marker shall be pigmented throughout the entire cross-section so as to produce a uniform color which is an integral part of the material. The marker shall be colored blue.
- C. Line markers shall be labeled with the lettering "CAUTION WATER LINE" with the Owner's name and telephone number written below the lettering.
- D. Manufacturer / Model:
  - 1. Carsonite International, Early Branch, SC Model CUM 375 or
  - 2. Approved equal.

## 2.12 UTILITY WARNING TAPE

- A. Detectable underground utility warning tape, which can be located from the surface by a pipe detector, shall have of a minimum thickness of 0.35 mils solid aluminum foil encased in a protective inert plastic jacket that is impervious to all known alkalis, acid, chemical reagents and solvents found in the soil. The tape shall have a minimum overall thickness of 5.0 mils and a minimum width of 6 inch (metallic piping) with a minimum unit weight of 2-1/2 pounds/ 1 inch x 1,000 foot. The tape shall be color coded blue in accordance with APWA National Color Code and permanently imprinted "Caution Buried Water Line Below".
- B. Non-detectable underground utility warning tape shall be installed directly above all utility lines. The tape shall be polyethylene and have a minimum thickness of 4 mils and a minimum width of 3 inches. The tape shall be color coded blue in accordance with APWA National Color Code and permanently imprinted "Caution Buried Water Line Below".
- C. Manufacturer / Model:
  - 1. Allen Systems, "Detect Tape",
  - 2. Empire Level Mfg. Corp., "Magnetee", or
  - 3. Approved equal.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

## 2.13 DETECTION WIRE

- A. Detection wire shall be UL approved, 14 AWG, type THHN solid copper. The wire shall be color coded blue in accordance with APWA National Color Code.
- B. Manufacturer:
  - 1. Copperhead High Strength 1430 Tracer Wire, or
  - 2. Approved equal.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 EARTHWORK

- A. Refer to Division 31 Section “Earthwork” for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.
- B. Do not excavate pipe trenches more than 200 feet ahead of the pipe laying, and not more than two hundred (200) feet of open ditch shall be left behind the pipe laying and perform all Work so as to cause the least possible inconvenience to the public. Construct temporary bridges or crossings when and where the Owner deems necessary to maintain vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
- C. In all cases where materials are deposited along open trenches, place them so that in the event of rain no damage will result to the Work and/or to adjacent property.

### 3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Use pipe, fittings, and joining methods for piping systems according to the following applications.
  - 1. Transition couplings and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping pressure rating maybe used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Do not use flanges, unions, or keyed couplings for underground piping.
  - 3. Flanges, unions, keyed couplings, and special fittings shall be used, instead of joints indicated, on aboveground piping and piping in vaults.

### 3.3 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Clean and assemble pipe joints and fittings according to the following:
  - 1. Ductile-Iron Piping, Gasketed Joints for Water-Service Piping: AWWA C600 and AWWA M41.





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

2. Ductile-Iron Piping, Grooved Joints: Cut-groove pipe. Assemble joints with keyed couplings, gaskets, lubricant, and bolts according to coupling manufacturer's written instructions.
3. Dissimilar Materials Piping Joints: Use adapters compatible with both piping materials, with OD, and with system working pressure.

### 3.4 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. No connection to an existing water line shall be made until all lines have been pressure tested, microbiological sampling completed and approved for service by the Resident Project Representative.
- B. Water Main Connections: Tap water main according to requirements below.
  1. Make connections larger than 2 inch nominal diameter with tapping machine according to the following:
    - a. Install tapping sleeve and tapping valve according to MSS SP-60.
    - b. Install tapping sleeve on pipe to be tapped. Position flanged outlet for gate valve.
    - c. Install gate valve onto tapping sleeve. Comply with MSS SP-60. Install valve with stem pointing up and with valve box.
    - d. Use tapping machine compatible with valve and tapping sleeve; cut hole in main. Remove tapping machine and connect water-service piping.
- C. Install ductile iron pipe and fittings according to AWWA C600 and AWWA M41.
- D. Bury piping with a depth of cover of at least 36 inches, with top of pipe at least 12 inches below level of maximum frost penetration, and according to the following:
  1. Under Driveways: With at least 36 inches cover over top of pipe.
  2. Under Roadways: With at least 42 inches cover over top of pipe.
  3. Under Railroad Tracks: With at least 48 inches cover over top of pipe.
- E. Install piping by trenchless methods, where indicated on the Drawings, in accordance with Division 33 Section "Trenchless Installation of Utilities".
- F. Install underground piping with restrained joints at horizontal and vertical changes in direction. Use restrained joint piping, thrust blocks, anchors, mechanical joint restraint, tie-rods and clamps, and other supports.
- G. Contractor shall adhere to the requirements of Division 31 Section "Earthwork" for installation and backfilling.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

- H. For all underground piping installations, install continuous underground detectable warning tape during backfilling of trench.
  - 1. Installation of detectable tape shall be per manufacturer's recommendations and shall be as close to the grade as is practical for optimum protection and detectability. Allow a minimum of 18 inches between the tape and the utility line. Allow a minimum of 6 inches between the tape and the ground surface.
- I. Install line markers directly above pipeline alignment at intervals of 1,000 feet where indicated on the Drawings. Line markers shall be installed after final clean-up is completed.

### 3.5 CONCRETE VAULT INSTALLATION

- A. Dewater sufficiently to maintain the ground water level at or below the bottom of the vault foundation prior to and during placement of the foundation.
- B. Obtain an adequate foundation for the structure by removing and replacing unsuitable material with well graded granular material, by tightening with coarse rock, or by such other means as provided for foundation preparation of the connected lines or as directed by the Owner. Wherever water is encountered at the site, place all cast-in-place bases or monolithic structures on a one-piece waterproof membrane to prevent any movement of water into the fresh concrete.
- C. When the foundation subgrade has been prepared and is approved by the Owner, carefully construct the foundation for precast and monolithic structures to the line and grade required by the Drawings. The foundation shall be well graded granular material. In no case shall the vault be supported directly on rock.
- D. Vault foundation shall be constructed such that the vault is fully and uniformly supported in true alignment according to the Drawings and as site conditions allow. Make sure that all entering pipe can be installed at proper grade.
- E. Thoroughly wet and the completely fill all lift holes and all interior joints between precast elements with non-shrink grout. Smooth them inside to ensure water tightness.
- F. Carefully set the vault top at the required elevation, and properly bond it to the vault with cement grout or rubber sealant. Wherever vaults are constructed in paved areas, tilt the vault top so as to conform to the exact slope and grade of the existing adjacent pavement.
- G. Place backfill by hand around the vault and to a distance of at least one pipe length into each trench, and tamp with selected material up to an elevation of 12 inches above the crown of





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

all entering pipes. Continue backfilling in accordance with the requirements for trench backfilling.

- H. Install pipe supports in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Supports shall be installed in the locations shown on the Drawings. In cases where supports are not shown, supports shall be furnished and installed at appropriate locations to ensure adequate support of piping, valves, etc. Supports shall be installed in locations that ease removal and re-alignment of valves, meters, etc.
- I. After the vault had been adjusted to the proper grade, it shall be visually inspected by the Contractor in the presence of the Resident Project Representative. Any defects noted shall be corrected by the Contractor until the work is found satisfactory to the Resident Project Representative. In addition, at the Owner's request, the Contractor may be required within one year to visually inspect any vault(s) that were adjusted. Any work that has become defective shall be redone by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Owner.
- J. Vault shall have positive drainage when site conditions allow. When positive drainage is not available, a sump pump approved by the WMD shall be installed.

### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Cleanup: Contractor is required to grade and clean all areas affected by the installation and backfilling of the pipe trench. The Contractor shall do this work within the following constraints:
  - 1. At a minimum:
    - a. No earlier than 2 weeks of pipe trench backfilling; and,
    - b. No later than 10,000 feet of additional pipe installation.
  - 2. At a maximum:
    - a. No later than 3 weeks of pipe trench backfilling.
- B. Piping Tests: Conduct piping tests after thrust blocks have hardened sufficiently. Fill pipeline 24 hours before testing and apply test pressure to stabilize system. Use only potable water. Conduct tests in accordance with AWWA C600 for ductile iron and AWWA C900 for PVC. The pipes must hold a pressure of 200 psi for a duration of 2 hours.
  - 1. Pressure Tests:
    - a. Slowly fill each valved section of pipe with water, and apply the specified test pressure (based on the elevation of the lowest point of the line or section under test and corrected to the elevation of the test gauge) with a pump and piping arrangement satisfactory to the Owner. Furnish the pump, pipe, connections, gauges, and all necessary apparatus.
    - b. Generally, the newly laid line is to be filled using a 1 inch line between an existing water line and the new line. A 1 inch corporation cock is to be installed on each line





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

- and a 1 inch meter and 1 inch check valve installed in this line. Insert reduced pressure zone backflow preventer during testing. Remove reduced pressure zone backflow preventer and insert plugs in these taps after all tests are completed.
- c. Before applying the specified test pressure, expel all air from the pipe. If hydrants or blow offs are not available at high points, make the necessary taps at the point of highest elevation before testing, and insert plugs after the test has been completed.
  2. Carefully examine all exposed pipe, fittings, valves, and hydrants during the test. Remove any cracked or defective pipes, fittings, valves, or hydrants discovered in consequence of this pressure test, and replace with sound material in the manner specified. Repeat the test until the results are satisfactory to the Owner.
  3. Prepare reports of all pressure test activities.

### 3.7 FLUSHING AND DISINFECTION

- A. Preliminary Flushing: Before chlorination, fill lines to remove all air pockets and flush to remove particulates. Flushing velocity shall not be less than 3.0 feet per second.
- B. Disinfection Tests: Conduct disinfection tests in accordance with AWWA C651.
  1. During construction, take precautions to protect pipe interiors, fittings, and valves against contamination. When pipe laying is not in progress (e.g., at end of the day's work), place watertight plugs in the ends of all pipe already in the trench; if water accumulates in the trench, leave the plugs in place until the trench is dry. Complete the joints of all pipes in the trench before stopping work for any reason.
  2. If dirt or other foreign material that has gotten into a pipe will not, in the opinion of the Owner, be removed by flushing, clean the interior of the pipe, and swab with a disinfecting solution of 5 percent hypochlorite.
  3. Make water flow from the existing distribution system or some other source approved by the Owner into the newly laid piping, and add chlorine to it. Feed water into the pipe, and chlorine into the water, at constant, measured rates so proportioned that that chlorine concentration in the water in the pipe is kept at a minimum of 25 mg/l available chlorine. To ensure that this concentration is maintained, measure the chlorine residual at regular intervals. Tablet method may also be used.
  4. Table I shows how much chlorine is needed for each 100 feet of line for pipes of various diameters. A 1 percent chlorine solution may be prepared either with 1 pound of calcium hypochlorite for each 8.5 gallons of water or sodium hypochlorite.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

| <b>TABLE 1</b>                                                                                   |                                 |                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <b>CHLORINE REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A 25 MG/L CONCENTRATION IN<br/>100 FEET OF PIPE, BY DIAMETER</b> |                                 |                                          |
| <b>Pipe Size<br/>Inches</b>                                                                      | <b>100% Chlorine<br/>Pounds</b> | <b>1% Chlorine Solutions<br/>Gallons</b> |
| 4                                                                                                | 0.014                           | 0.163                                    |
| 6                                                                                                | 0.031                           | 0.367                                    |
| 8                                                                                                | 0.054                           | 0.653                                    |
| 10                                                                                               | 0.085                           | 1.02                                     |
| 12                                                                                               | 0.123                           | 1.47                                     |
| 14                                                                                               | 0.167                           | 2.00                                     |
| 16                                                                                               | 0.218                           | 2.61                                     |
| 18                                                                                               | 0.276                           | 3.31                                     |
| 20                                                                                               | 0.340                           | 4.08                                     |
| 24                                                                                               | 0.490                           | 5.88                                     |

5. While chlorine is being applied, use an approved backflow device so that the treatment dosage will not flow back into the line that is supplying the water. Continue application of chlorine until the entire line being treated is filled with the chlorine solution. Then retain the chlorinated water in the line for at least 24 hours, during which time all valves and hydrants in the line being treated shall be operated so that appurtenances can also be disinfected. After 24 hours, the treated water shall have a chlorine concentration of at least 10 mg/l throughout the line. Once the line has completed the Bac-T test, line should be dechlorinated prior to being placed in to service.
- C. Final Flushing: Conduct final flushing in accordance with AWWA C651.
1. After applicable retention period, flush heavily chlorinated water from the line until chlorine concentration in water leaving the main is no higher than that generally prevailing in the system, or less than 1 mg/l. Perform such flushing only at sites where Owner has approved. If no approved point of discharge is available, neutralizing chemicals must be applied to the water in order to neutralize the chlorine residual. The amount of chemicals required to neutralize various residual chlorine concentrations in 100,000 gallons of water are shown in Table II.



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

| TABLE II<br>REQUIRED CHEMICALS TO NEUTRALIZE CHLORINE CONCENTRATIONS |                                   |         |                                        |         |                                                                     |         |                                                                                       |         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Residual Chlorine Concentration                                      | Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ) |         | Sodium Bisulfite (NaHSO <sub>3</sub> ) |         | Chemical Required Sodium Sulfite (Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> ) |         | Sodium Thiosulfate (Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ·5H <sub>2</sub> O) |         |
| mg/l                                                                 | lb                                | kg      | lb                                     | kg      | lb                                                                  | kg      | lb                                                                                    | kg      |
| 1                                                                    | 0.8                               | (.36)   | 1.2                                    | (.54)   | 1.4                                                                 | (.64)   | 1.2                                                                                   | (.54)   |
| 2                                                                    | 1.7                               | (.77)   | 2.5                                    | (1.13)  | 2.9                                                                 | (1.32)  | 2.4                                                                                   | (1.09)  |
| 10                                                                   | 8.3                               | (3.76)  | 12.5                                   | (5.67)  | 14.6                                                                | (6.62)  | 12.0                                                                                  | (5.44)  |
| 25                                                                   | 20.9                              | (9.46)  | 31.3                                   | (14.20) | 36.5                                                                | (16.56) | 30.0                                                                                  | (13.61) |
| 50                                                                   | 41.7                              | (18.91) | 62.6                                   | (28.39) | 73.0                                                                | (33.11) | 60.0                                                                                  | (27.22) |

2. The velocity of water used to flush a line shall be at least 3.0 fps. The flow rates required to produce this velocity in various sizes of pipe are shown in Table III.

| TABLE III                                                           |                                                        |                                 |     |     |                           |        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------|--------|
| REQUIRED OPENINGS TO FLUSH PIPELINES<br>(40 PSI RESIDUAL PRESSURE)* |                                                        |                                 |     |     |                           |        |
| Pipe Size<br><br>(Inches)                                           | Flow Required to Produce 3.0 fps Velocity<br><br>(gpm) | Size of Tap Used (Inches)       |     |     | Number of Hydrant Outlets |        |
|                                                                     |                                                        | 1                               | 1 ½ | 2   | 2 ½ in                    | 4 ½ in |
|                                                                     |                                                        | Number of Taps Required on Pipe |     |     |                           |        |
| 4                                                                   | 120                                                    | 1                               | --- | --- | 1                         | 1      |
| 6                                                                   | 260                                                    | ---                             | 1   | --- | 1                         | 1      |
| 8                                                                   | 470                                                    | ---                             | 2   | --- | 1                         | 1      |
| 10                                                                  | 730                                                    | ---                             | 3   | 2   | 1                         | 1      |
| 12                                                                  | 1,060                                                  | ---                             | --- | 3   | 2                         | 1      |
| 16                                                                  | 1,880                                                  | ---                             | --- | 5   | 2                         | 1      |

\*For pipe diameters larger than 16 inches, WMD will calculate flow required to produce 3.0 fps velocity, size and number of taps used and number of hydrant outlets dependent on size.





WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

3. Once a line has been flushed, test to make certain that the residual chlorine in the water is within acceptable limits.
  4. It must be noted that flushing is no substitute for taking preventative measures before and during the laying of water lines. Certain contaminants-especially those in caked deposits-are difficult or even impossible to remove by flushing, no matter how high the velocity. Furthermore, in pipes with diameters of 16 inches or more, it can be difficult to achieve even the minimum recommended flushing velocity of 3.0 fps.
- D. Bacteriological Tests: Conduct bacteriological tests in accordance with AWWA C651.
1. After a water line has undergone final flushing but before it is placed into service, collect a sample for bacteriological testing from the beginning and end and all spur lines. If greater than 2500 feet in length, or branches off the main line, more samples will be required.
  2. Collect these samples in sterile bottle treated with sodium thiosulfate. Do not use a hose or fire hydrant to collect samples. One suggested sampling method is to install a standard corporation cock in the line with a copper tube gooseneck assembly; after the samples have been taken, the gooseneck assembly can be removed and retained for later use.
  3. Take the samples collected to an approved laboratory to be tested for bacteriological quality in order to determine if they contain any coliform organisms. If the initial disinfection fails to produce satisfactory samples, repeat disinfection until satisfactory samples are obtained.
  4. When the samples tested are found to be satisfactory, the water line may be placed in service.
  5. Never place a water main in service without the Resident Project Representative on site.
- E. Disinfection Procedure After Cutting Into or Repairing Existing Lines:
1. The procedures outlined above apply primarily to cases in which the lines are wholly or partially dewatered.
  2. However, leaks or breaks that are repaired with clamping devices while the lines remain full of water under the pressure present little danger of contamination and require no bacteriological sampling.
  3. When an existing line is opened, whether by accident or design, the excavated area could be wet and contaminated because of the presence of sewers nearby. The danger of contamination from such pollution can be lessened if liberal quantities of hypochlorite are applied to the open trenches. It is better to use tablets for disinfection in such cases because they dissolve slowly and continue to release hypochlorite as water is pumped from the excavation site.
  4. Where practical, treat the lines by the slug method in accordance with AWWA C651.
  5. The following disinfection procedure is considered the minimum that may be used when existing lines are repaired:



WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING  
Section 33 1100

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- a) Swab the interior of all pipes and fittings (particularly couplings and tapping sleeves) that rare to be used in repairing an existing line with a solution of 5 percent hypochlorite before installing them.
- b) The most practical means of removing contamination introduced into a line during repairs is to give the line a thorough flushing. If the locations of valves and hydrants make it possible, flushing in both directions is recommended. Start flushing as soon as repairs are completed and continue until all discolored water is eliminated.

**END OF SECTION**



## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This section includes the following general-duty valves: (All water valves shall be left turn open)
  - 1. Gate valves.
  - 2. Plug valves.
  - 3. Butterfly valves.
  - 4. Globe valves.
  - 5. Heavy-duty lever and weight swing check valves.
  - 6. Air/vacuum valves.
  - 7. Combination air valves.
  - 8. Tapping sleeve and valve.
  - 9. Hose bibbs.
  - 10. Valve boxes and accessories.
  - 11. Operators.
  - 12. Blow off valve assemblies.
- B. The following are standard abbreviations for metal and plastic materials:
  - 1. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride.
  - 2. DIP: Ductile iron pipe.
  - 3. HDPE: High-density polyethylene.
- C. Buried valves shall have mechanical joint ends.
- D. Valves in structures or above ground shall have threaded or flanged ends, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings.
- E. Use mechanical joint fitting restraining device for plain end piping connections to fittings, valves, etc.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI A.21.10 - Standard for Cast Iron Fittings 3 in. through 48 in., for water and other liquids.
- B. ANSI A.21.50 - Standard for the Thickness Design of Ductile-Iron Pipe.
- C. ANSI B.16.1 - Standard for Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings.
- D. C115/A21.15 - Standard for Flanged Ductile Iron.
- E. ANSI/AWWA C606 - Standard for Joints, Grooved and shouldered Type Fittings.
- F. AWWA C208 - Hydrostatic Testing of Steel Pipe.





G. ANSI B.31 - Pressure Piping.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of valve indicated, include body, seating, and trim materials; valve design; pressure and temperature classifications; end connections; arrangement; dimensions; and required clearances. Include list indicating valve and its application. Include rated capacities; shipping, installed, and operating weights; furnished specialties; and accessories.
- B. Action Submittals:
  - 1. Shop Drawings:
    - a. Product data sheets for each make and model. Indicate valve Type Number, applicable Tag Number, and facility name/number or service where used.
    - b. Complete catalog information, descriptive literature, specifications and identification of materials of construction.
    - c. Sizing calculations for open-close/throttle and modulating valves.
- C. Informational Submittals:
  - 1. Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance for:
    - a. Electric operators; full compliance with AWWA C540.
    - b. Butterfly valves; full compliance with AWWA C504.
  - 2. Tests and inspection data.
  - 3. Operation and maintenance data.
  - 4. Manufacturer's Certificate of Proper Installation

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of piping and specialties and are based on the specific system indicated.
- B. Comply with regulatory requirements of local, state, and federal agencies having jurisdiction.
- C. Piping material shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- D. Comply with ASTM F645 for selection, design, and installation of thermoplastic water piping.
- E. Comply with NSF 61 for materials for water service piping and specialties for domestic water.



## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

### A. Delivery:

1. Prepare valves according to the following:
  - a. Ensure that valves are dry and internally protected against rust and corrosion.
  - b. Protect valves against damage to threaded ends and flange faces.
  - c. Set valves in best position for handling. Set valves to closed to prevent rattling.
2. Deliver valves with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent valve-end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.

### B. Storage:

1. Use precautions for valves according to the following:
  - a. Do not remove end protectors unless necessary for inspection. Following inspection, reinstall for storage.
  - b. Protect from weather. Store indoors and maintain temperature higher than ambient dew-point temperature. When outdoor storage is necessary, support valves off the ground or pavement in watertight enclosures.

### C. Handling:

1. Use sling to handle valves and fire hydrants if size requires handling by crane or lift. Rig valves to avoid damage to exposed parts. Do not use hand wheels or stems as lifting or rigging points.
2. Protect flanges, fittings, and specialties from moisture and dirt.

## 1.6 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Water valves should generally be spaced a maximum of 1,000' along a water main and on all lines at each intersection and should be located on the right- of-way line extended. In commercial districts valves should be located at not more than 500 foot intervals.
- B. Air release valves or combination air relief valves must be provided at high points in proposed transmission mains.
- C. Sanitary sewer valves should be located at agreed upon locations between the Engineer and the WMD.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 VALVES, GENERAL

- A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following



requirements apply for product selection:

- B. Refer to Part 3 "Valve Applications" Article for applications of valves.
- C. All valves to include operator, actuator, handwheel, chainwheel, extension stem, floor stand, worm and gear operator, operating nut, chain, wrench, and accessories for complete operation.
- D. Valve to be suitable for intended service. Renewable parts not to be of a lower quality than specified.
- E. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream pipe, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Valve ends to suit adjacent piping.
- G. Size operator to operate valve for the full range of pressures and velocities.
- H. Factory mount operator, actuator, and accessories.
- I. Valve Actuators:
  - 1. Chainwheel: For attachment to valves, of size and mounting height, as indicated in the "Valve Installation" Article in Part 3.
  - 2. Gear Drive: For quarter-turn valves NPS 8 (DN 200) and larger.
  - 3. Handwheel: For valves other than quarter-turn types.
  - 4. Lever Handle: For quarter-turn valves NPS 6 (DN 150) and smaller, except plug valves.
  - 5. Wrench: For plug valves with square heads. Furnish Owner with one wrench for every ten plug valves, for each size square plug head.
- J. Factory Finishing
  - 1. Exposed Valves:
    - a. Safety isolation valves and lockout valves with handles, handwheels, or chainwheels shall be "Safety Yellow."
    - b. Paint color shall be the same as the pipe.

## 2.2 GATE VALVES

- A. Resilient Seated – 2-inch through 10-inch
  - 1. Valves shall conform to the latest revision of AWWA Standard C-509 or C-515 covering resilient seated gate valves. Valves shall have a design working pressure of 200 psi.
  - 2. The valves shall have a cast or ductile iron body, bonnet, and O-ring plate. The wedge shall be totally encapsulated with rubber.
  - 3. The sealing rubber shall be permanently bonded to the wedge to meet the requirements of ASTM D429.
  - 4. Valves shall be supplied with O-ring seals at all pressure retaining joints. No flat gaskets shall be allowed. Blind bolts shall not be allowed.





5. The valves shall be non-rising stem, open by turning left, and provided with a 2-inch square operating nut for buried valves or handwheel for above-ground valves with the word "Open" and an arrow to indicate the direction to open.
6. Buried valves shall have mechanical joint connections and shall have all exterior surfaces shop painted with two coats of Fed. Spec. TT-V-51F asphaltic varnish. Any valve over 6 feet deep shall have an extension stem projecting within 2 feet of the ground surface and the stem extension shall be centered in the valve box and anchored to prevent horizontal movement and pinned to the valve nut below. The valve manufacturer shall provide all glands, gaskets, and all the accessories necessary to install the valve.
7. Stems for NRS assemblies shall be cast bronze or 316 stainless steel with integral collars in full compliance with AWWA. OS&Y (rising stems) shall be bronze or 316 stainless steel. All stems shall operate with bronze stem nuts independent of wedge and of stem (in NRS valves). NRS stems shall have two O-rings located above thrust collar and one O-ring below. Stem O-rings shall be replaceable with valve fully opened and subject to pressure. The NRS stems on 4-inch through 12-inch valves shall also have two low torque thrust bearings located above and below the stem collar to reduce friction during operation.
8. The waterway shall be smooth, unobstructed, and free of all pockets, cavities, and depressions in the seat area. Tapping valves 4-inch and larger shall accept a full size tapping cutter.
9. The body, bonnet, and O-ring plate shall be fusion-bonded epoxy coated. For the body and bonnet, both interior and exterior shall be coated. Epoxy coating shall be NSF approved and applied in accordance with ANSI/AWWAC-550.
10. Valves operating at a pressure of 160 psi or greater shall be faced and drilled ANSI B16.1 250-pound. Valves operating at less than 160 psi shall be faced and drilled ANSI B16.1 125-pound.
11. Each valve shall have the manufacturer's name, pressure rating, and year in which it was manufactured cast in the body. Prior to shipment from the factory, each valve shall be tested by hydrostatic pressure equal to the requirements of AWWA C-509 for cast iron bodies and C-515 for ductile iron bodies (and UL/FM where applicable).
12. Valves shall have all component parts cast and assembled in the USA.
13. Model/Manufacturer:
  - a. Mueller 2360 Series Resilient Wedge/Mueller; Decatur, IL
  - b. American Flow Control Series 2500 Resilient Wedge/ American Flow Control; Birmingham, AL
  - c. M&H Valve Company; Anniston, AL
  - d. Approved equal.

## 2.3 PLUG VALVES

### A. Eccentric

1. Valves shall be of the 90 degree turn, non-lubricated eccentric type with resilient faced plugs and shall be furnished with end connections as shown on the drawings. Flanged valves shall be faced and drilled to the ANSI 125/150 lb. standard. Mechanical Joint ends



VALVES  
Section 33 1216

shall be to the AWWA Standard C111-64, grooved ends per AWWA C-606-87. Screwed ends shall be to the NPT standard.

2. Valve bodies shall be of ASTM A126 Class B cast iron. Bodies in 4" and larger valves shall be furnished with a 1/8" welded overlay seat of not less than 90% pure nickel, machined to mate with the resilient faced plug. Valves that do not provide positive mating of the resilient faced plug with the nickel seat shall not be acceptable. Seat area shall be raised, with raised surface completely covered with weld to ensure that the plug face contacts only nickel. Screwed-in seats shall not be acceptable.
3. True eccentric action shall be required. Design of the valve shall provide for a rectangular port that allows contact between the welded nickel seat and the plug to occur only in the final 3 degrees of the plug movement. Round ported valves as well as other non-eccentric action valves shall not be acceptable. If requested, the manufacturer shall provide a complete site visit to the manufacturing facility for the owner, engineer and contractor to witness the eccentric action of partially assembled valves and to verify the size and shape of the port area as well as the welded nickel seat.
4. Plugs shall be of ASTM A126 Class B cast iron. The plug shall have a cylindrical seating surface eccentrically offset from the center of the plug shaft. The interference between the plug face and the body seat, with the plug in the closed position, shall be externally adjustable in the field with the valve in line under pressure. The plug shall be completely coated with a chloroprene compound suitable for use with sewage. The plug coating shall be applied at the factory to ensure that the plug is completely coated and then heat-treated to insure a positive bond.
5. Valves shall have sleeve type metal bearings and shall be of sintered, oil impregnated permanently lubricated type 316 ASTM A743 Grade CF-8M in 1/2"-36" sizes. In valves larger than 36", the upper and lower plug journals shall be fitted with ASTM A-240 type 316 stainless sleeves with bearings of ASTM B30, Alloy C95400 aluminum bronze. Non-metallic bearings shall not be acceptable.
6. Valves shaft seals shall be of the multiple V-ring type and shall be externally adjustable and repackable without removing the bonnet or actuator from the valve under pressure. Valves utilizing O-ring seals or non-adjustable packing shall not be acceptable.
7. Valve pressure ratings shall be 175 psi through 12" and 150 psi for 14" through 72". Valves shall provide drip-tight shutoff up to the full pressure rating with pressure in either direction. Each valve shall be given a hydrostatic and seat test with the test results being certified in accordance with ANSI B16.1. If requested, the manufacturer shall provide a complete site visit to the manufacturing facility for the owner, engineer and contractor to witness the testing process.
8. Full Port Plug Valves shall be rectangular port design with minimum 100% open port area as defined as the geometric open port area of the plug valve that is greater than or equal to the open area of the connecting pipe. Manufacturers using Cv values to determine port opening area shall not be considered.
9. Valve actuators for manual valves shall have lever or gear actuators and tee wrenches, extension stems, floorstand, extended bonnet, etc. as indicated on the plans. All



extended bonnets must have gear located at the operator – stem extensions with handwheel operators are not an acceptable equivalent. All valves 6" and larger shall be equipped with gear actuators. All gearing shall be enclosed in a semi-steel housing and be suitable for running in a lubricant with seals provided on all shafts to prevent entry of dirt and water into the actuator. The actuator shaft and the quadrant shall be supported on permanently lubricated bronze bearings. Actuators shall clearly indicate valve position and an adjustable stop shall be provided to set closing torque and to provide seat adjustment to compensate for change in pressure differential or flow direction change. All exposed nuts, bolts and washers shall be zinc plated.

10. Valve and gear actuators for buried or submerged service shall have seals on all shafts and gaskets on the valve and actuator covers to prevent the entry of water. Actuator mounting brackets for buried or submerged service shall be totally enclosed and shall have gasket seals. All exposed nuts, bolts and washers shall be stainless steel.
11. All eccentric plug valves and actuators shall be as manufactured by DeZURIK, Sartell, MN, Pratt, Aurora, IL, or Engineer approved equal.

## 2.4 BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. Butterfly valves are used for water lines 12 inches and larger. Valves shall meet or exceed the latest revision of AWWA Standard C504 for Class 150B butterfly valves and shall meet or exceed the requirements of this specification. All valves shall be tested at and shall be capable of withstanding bi-directional line hydrostatic test pressures up to 150 psi without leaking. All valve components shall conform to Underwriters Laboratories classification in accordance with ANSI/NSF Standard 61.
- B. Valve bodies shall be of cast iron per ASTM A126 Class B. Flanged end valves shall be of the short body design with 125 lb. flanged ends faced and drilled per ANSI B16.1 standard for cast iron flanges. Mechanical joint end valves shall meet the requirements of AWWA C111/ANSI 21.11. All accessories (bolts, glands, and gaskets) shall be provided by the same manufacturer.
- C. Disc shall be offset to provide an uninterrupted 360-degree seating edge and shall be cast iron per ASTM A48, Class 40C. The disc seating edge shall be solid 316 stainless steel. Sprayed mating seating surfaces are not acceptable. The disc shall be securely attached to the valve shaft utilizing a field removable/replaceable 304 stainless steel torque screw on sizes 3-inch through 12-inch, a tangential pin locked in place with a set screw on sizes 4-inch through 20-inch, or 304 stainless steel taper pins on valves 24-inch and larger.
- D. Valve shaft shall be 304 stainless steel. Valve shaft seals shall be self-compensating V-type packing with a minimum of four (4) sealing rings. One-piece molded shaft seal and O-ring shaft seals are not acceptable.





VALVES  
Section 33 1216

- E. Seat shall be of Buna-N for water, or as required for other services, and shall be molded in and vulcanized to the valve body. The seat shall contain an integral shaft seal protecting the valve bearings and packing from any line debris. For valves 24-inch and larger, the seat shall be retained within a dovetail groove in the valve body and locked in place by an epoxy compound wedge. Compression between the seat and disc edge shall be adjustable from both the upstream and downstream side of the valve disc. The seat shall be field replaceable without disassembly of the disc and shaft. Seats vulcanized to cartridge inserts in the valve body and seats on the disc are not acceptable.
- F. Valve shaft bearings shall be non-metallic and permanently lubricated.
- G. Interior and exterior metallic surfaces shall be shop painted per the latest revision of AWWA C504 unless otherwise indicated. The interior of the body shall have a full rubber lining vulcanized to the valve body. Mechanical joint valves shall be fully rubber lined to the point of pipe insertion. Rubber lining on the flange face and boot style seats is not acceptable.
- H. Valve actuator shall be sized to operate the valve at the rated working conditions of the valve and shall be as shown on the Drawings. Ten position locking levers shall be available for 3-inch through 6-inch valves. Provisions must be made for locking in any of the ten positions using a standard padlock.
- I. Model/Manufacturer:
  - 1. Model BAW Butterfly Valves/DeZURIK; Sartell, MN
  - 2. Groundhog Buried Service Butterfly Valve/Henry Pratt Co.; Aurora, IL
  - 3. Lineal III/Mueller Co. Water Products Division
  - 4. Approved equal

## 2.5 GLOBE VALVES

- A. The valve shall regulate flow in a pipeline. Its most frequent use is as a sampling valve where it is normally shut except when samples are taken.
- B. Bronze globe valves, general: MSS SP-80, with ferrous-alloy handwheel.
- C. Type 2, Class 150, bronze globe valves: bronze body with PTFE or TFE disc and union-ring bonnet.

## 2.6 HEAVY-DUTY LEVER AND WEIGHT SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. The valve shall smoothly swing open and close quickly to prevent flow reversal. When closed, the valve shall seat drop tight.



VALVES  
Section 33 1216

- B. The valve shall exceed the minimum requirements of AWWA C508 with a heavy duty body of high-strength cast iron conforming to ASTM A126 Class B with integral flanges. The valve shall be suitable for horizontal or vertical installation. Valves operating at pressures less than 150 psi shall be faced and drilled per ANSI B16.1 Class 125. Valves operating at pressures of 150 psi or greater shall be faced and drilled per ANSI B16.1 Class 250.
- C. The valve body shall be the full waterway type, designed to provide a net flow area not less than the nominal inlet pipe size when swung open no more than 25 degrees. The valve shall have a replaceable stainless steel body seat and a cast iron disc faced with a renewable resilient seat ring of rubber or other suitable material. The seat ring shall be held in place by stainless steel screws.
- D. The disc arm shall be ductile iron or steel. The disc arm shall be suspended from and keyed to an austenitic stainless steel shaft that is completely above the waterway. The shaft shall be supported at each end by heavy bronze bushings. The shaft shall rotate freely without the need for external lubrication. The shaft shall be sealed where it passes through the body by means of a stuffing box and adjustable packing. Simple O-ring shaft seals are not acceptable.
- E. The valve shaft shall have the following size for the given valve sizes:

| Valve Size<br>(Inches) | Shaft Diameter<br>(Inches) |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| 3                      | 3/4                        |
| 4                      | 7/8                        |
| 6                      | 1                          |
| 8, 10                  | 1-1/4                      |
| 12                     | 1-1/2                      |
| 14, 16, 18, 20         | 2                          |
| 24                     | 2-3/4                      |

- F. Model/Manufacturer:
- Figure 220, 221, or 222 Lever and Weight/GA Industries, Inc.; Mars, PA
  - Approved equal.

## 2.7 AUTOMATIC AIR RELEASE VALVES

- A. Manufacturer / Model
- APCO / 200A





2. Crispin / A.R. Series
3. Approved Equal

## 2.8 AIR VACUUM VALVES

- A. The Air/Vacuum valve shall be capable of exhausting air at up to sonic velocity without blowing shut during the filling of the pipeline or system. The valve shall automatically close when water fills the valve and remain closed while the system is pressurized but open automatically to admit air during draining or a negative pressure condition. The Air/Vacuum valve shall fully conform to AWWA C512 (latest revision).
- B. The valve shall be of the size shown on the Drawings with a venting orifice no smaller than the nominal valve size. Valves 3-inch and smaller shall have an NPT inlet connection; valves 4-inch and larger shall have a flanged inlet. Valves 4-inch and smaller shall have NPT outlet connection, and unless specified otherwise, larger valves shall be supplied with a protective cowl on the outlet. Additional plugged NPT connections shall be provided near the top and bottom for testing and draining.
- C. ANSI Class 125 flanged valves shall have a minimum 150 psi pressure rating, and NPT or ANSI Class 250 flanged valves shall have a minimum 300 psi pressure rating.
- D. Materials of Construction:
  1. The valve body and cover shall be made from cast iron conforming to ASTM A126 Class B. The cover shall be bolted to the body, and all internal components shall be replaceable through the cover.
  2. The float ball shall be spherical and made from Type 316 stainless steel. Non-metallic float balls are not acceptable.
  3. The seat shall be replaceable and made from Buna-N rubber or other suitable elastomer compounds.
  4. The exterior of the valve shall be shop coated with enamel primer.
- E. When shown on the Drawings, the valve shall have a flanged outlet connection.
- F. Model/Manufacturer:
  1. Figure 930/GA Industries, LLC, Cranberry Township, PA
  2. Approved equal

## 2.9 COMBINATION AIR VALVES

- A. Combination air valves shall be designed such that they allow large volumes of air to escape out of a large orifice when filling a pipeline and close when liquid enters the valve. In addition, they shall be designed such that a small orifice allows the release of small pockets of air.





- B. The valves shall allow large volumes of air to enter the pipeline during drainage to break the vacuum and prevent water column separation.
- C. The valves shall be designed such that premature valve shut-off due to rushing air and water forces is prevented.
- D. Valve operation shall be automatic.
- E. The valves shall be constructed of corrosion resistant materials, be capable of operating with a working pressure of 200 psi and provide drop-tight shut-off.
- F. Model/Manufacturer:
  - 1. ARI Model D-040/ARI Flow Control Accessories – water
  - 2. ARI Model D-020, S020, S022 for sewer and reclaimed water
  - 3. Approved equal

## 2.10 TAPPING SLEEVES AND VALVES

- A. General:
  - 1. On water mains 12" and smaller, tapping sleeve shall be stainless steel type or mechanical joint type.
  - 2. On water mains 12" and larger, tapping sleeve shall be ductile iron type.
  - 3. Valves shall conform with "Gate Valves" listed herein.
- B. Stainless Steel Type:
  - 1. Sleeve shall be Type 304 Stainless Steel with test plug. "Waffle" 360° gasket with integral gap bridge. Outlet flange with dimensions and drilling that comply with ANSI B16.1, class 125 and with MSSSP-60.
  - 2. Manufacturers:
    - a. Mueller Co., Water Products Division
    - b. Approved equal.
- C. Ductile iron type:
  - 1. Sleeve shall be type shall be full sleeve mechanical joint manufactured from ductile iron meeting ASTM A536, Grade 65-45-12. Outlet flange with dimensions and drilling that comply with ANSI B16.1, class 125 and with MSSSP-60.
  - 2. Manufacturers:
    - a. Mueller Co., Water Products Division
    - b. American Cast Iron Pipe Co., American Flow Control Division
    - c. Approved equal.



D. Tapping Valve:

1. Resilient wedge type with non rising stem. Conforms to all applicable parts of ANSI/AWWA C500 and C509 Standards. One end flanged with alignment lip to attach to tapping sleeve.
2. Manufacturers/Model:
  - a. Mueller Co., Water Products Division, Model T2360
  - b. Approved equal.

## 2.11 HOSE BIBBS

- A. Hose bibb shall be rough bronze body, with wheel handle, renewable composition disc, 1/2- or 3/4-inch threaded or solder-joint inlet. Provide ASME B1.20.7 garden-hose threads on outlet and integral or field-installed, nonremovable, drainable, hose connection vacuum breaker.

## 2.12 VALVE BOXES AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Valve boxes shall consist of precast concrete risers with cast iron frames and covers. Valve box risers shall be pre-cast concrete made accurately to the required dimensions, and shall be sound, smooth, clean and free from blisters and other defects. Defective castings which have been plugged or otherwise treated to remedy defects shall be rejected. Contact surfaces of frames and covers shall be machined so that the covers rest securely in the frames with no rocking and with the cover in contact with the frames for the entire perimeter of the contact surface.
1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Hula Concrete Products, Hickman TN
    - b. Approved equal.
- B. Install valve boxes on each proposed valve in accordance with the details shown on the standard drawings.
- C. Frames for reclaimed water valves are round.
- D. Cast iron frame and cover shall be roadway type for other applications. Unless otherwise instructed by Resident Project Representative, furnish frame and covers specified below.
1. Manufacturers:
    - a. John Bouchard No. 8006
    - b. Vulcan No. V-8455



## 2.13 MANUAL OPERATORS

### A. General:

1. Valves for water and wastewater service shall open to the left.
2. Valves for reclaimed water service shall open to the right.
3. Operator force not to exceed 40 pounds under any operating condition, including initial breakaway. Gear reduction operator when force exceeds 40 pounds.
4. Operator self-locking type or equipped with self-locking device.
5. Position indicator on quarter-turn valves.
6. Worm and gear operators one-piece design worm-gears of gear bronze material. Worm hardened alloy steel with thread ground and polished. Traveling nut type operators threader steel reach rods with internally threaded bronze or ductile iron nut.

### B. Exposed Operator:

1. Galvanized and painted handwheels.
2. Lever operators allowed on quarter-turn valves 8 inches and smaller.
3. Cranks on gear type operators.
4. Chain wheel operator with tiebacks, extension stem, floor stands, and other accessories to permit operation from normal operation level.
5. Valve handles shall be designed to be locked.

### C. Buried Operator:

1. Buried service operators on valves larger than 2-1/2 inches shall have a 2-inch AWWA operating nut. Buried operators on valves 2 inches and smaller shall have cross handle for operation by forked key. Enclose moving parts of valve and operator in housing to prevent contact with the soil.

## 2.14 BLOW OFF VALVE ASSEMBLIES

- A. Blow off valve assemblies shall be required for dead end mains, or as otherwise required by the WMD, and shall be equal to the main size.
- B. The blow off shall be installed in a concrete valve box with the ball valve located 1 foot from the top of the box. The tracer wire shall be extended into the concrete valve box.
- C. The blow off assembly shall consist of a 2" threaded brass 90 degree bend, a 2" threaded brass pipe, ball valve, and a 2 1/2" diameter brass nipple 5" long with standard thread on one end and hose thread on the other end.





## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine piping system for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
  - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- B. Examine valve interior for cleanliness, freedom from foreign matter, and corrosion. Remove special packing materials, such as blocks, used to prevent disc movement during shipping and handling.
- C. Operate valves in positions from fully open to fully closed. Examine guides and seats made accessible by such operations.
- D. Examine threads on valve and mating pipe for form and cleanliness.
- E. Examine mating flange faces for conditions that might cause leakage. Check bolting for proper size, length, and material. Verify that gasket is of proper size, its material composition is suitable for service, and it is free from defects and damage.
- F. Do not attempt to repair defective valves; replace with new valves.

### 3.2 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 33 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. All valves and appurtenances shall be installed in strict conformance with the Drawings and manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Location of Valves:
  - 1. In water mains, valves shall be located on the street right-of-way(R.O.W.) where possible.
  - 2. Valves should installed be no more than 1,000 feet apart.
  - 3. Need to place a valve at each T of an intersection. For example: if at a 3 way intersection you need 3 valves and at a 4 way intersection you need to have 4 valves.
- D. Locate valves for easy access and for routine operation and maintenance. Provide separate support where necessary.



- E. Install valves so handles operate from fully opened to fully closed without encountering obstructions.
- F. Valves shall be installed in such a way that operators and packing are easily accessible. Valves with field replaceable seats shall be installed with sufficient clearance to permit removal of the valve bonnet and stem without removing the valve from the line.
- G. Install valves in horizontal piping with stem at or above the center of pipe. Operators shall be positioned so that they do not interfere with pedestrian traffic. In passageways or above platforms, the minimum clearance between the floor and the lowest protruding point on the valve or operator shall be six feet, eight inches (6'-8"). All valves shall be accessible for operation, maintenance, or removal.
- H. Positioners or actuators shall be provided special support where they overhang from the valve or where the total valve, actuator, and position weight is excessive for the size of the pipeline.
- I. Install valves with unions, dismantling joints, or flanged coupling adapters at each piece of equipment arranged to allow service, maintenance, and equipment removal without system shutdown.
- J. Install valves in position to allow full stem movement.
- K. Install check valves for proper direction of flow and as follows:
  - 1. Swing Check Valves: In horizontal position with hinge pin level.
  - 2. Single-Plate Check Valves: In horizontal or vertical position, between flanges.
  - 3. Lift Check Valves: With stem upright and plumb.
- L. Install chainwheel operators on valves 4-inches and larger and more than 7 feet above the floor. Extend chains to 5 feet above finished floor elevation.
- M. Extension Stem for Operator: Where the depth of the valve is such that its centerline is more than 5 feet below grade, furnish an operating extension stem with 2-inch operating nut to bring the operating nut to a point 12 inches below the surface of the ground and/or box cover.

### 3.3 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. Valve may either be tested while testing pipelines or as a separate step.
- B. Following installation, the Contractor shall test that all valves open and close smoothly under anticipated operating conditions. The ability of the valves to operate properly without



- leakage, binding, sticking, fluttering, or excessive operating torque shall be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Resident Project Representative. The Contractor shall at his own expense adjust and/or replace any valve as necessary to ensure satisfactory operation.
- C. Count and record the number of turns to open and close the valve. Account for any discrepancies with the manufacturer's data.
  - D. Automatic valves to be tested in conjunction with control system testing.

### 3.4 MANUFACTURER'S SERVICES

- A. Manufacturer's authorized representative shall be present at the jobsite for a minimum of one day (excluding travel time) for installation assistance and inspection.
- B. Manufacturer's authorized representative shall be present at the jobsite for a minimum of one day (excluding travel time) for equipment start-up, functional and performance testing, and to train Owner's personnel in the operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of the equipment provided.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust or replace valve packing after piping systems have been tested and put into service but before final adjusting and balancing. Replace valves if persistent leaking occurs.

**END OF SECTION**





## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 SCOPE

- A. Work covered by this section includes furnishing all materials, labor, and equipment required to furnish, install, and test fire hydrants and yard hydrants and accessories as specified herein and/or shown on the Drawings.

### 1.2 SHOP DRAWINGS AND ENGINEERING DATA

- A. Complete shop drawings and engineering data shall be submitted to the Owner.

### 1.3 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. Hydrants shall be stored and protected in accordance with manufacturer's requirements.

### 1.4 SHOP PAINTING

- A. Hydrants and accessories shall be cleaned, shop primed, and shop painted as specified herein.

### 1.5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit complete operation and maintenance data on the hydrants to the Owner.

### 1.6 GUARANTEE

- A. Provide a guarantee against defective or deficient equipment and workmanship.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The manufacturer of the fire hydrants shall furnish a written certification to the Owner that all hydrants furnished comply with all applicable requirements of AWWA C502, latest edition.

### 1.8 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. A fire hydrant shall be installed at the end of 6" and larger dead end water mains for flushing purposes.
- B. Public hydrants are those owned by the WMD.
- C. The number and spacing of hydrants shall be in accordance with the International Fire Code as adopted.



- D. All public fire hydrants shall be installed at street intersections where possible.
- E. Public hydrant spacing shall be measured along vehicle access routes.
- F. The fire department will review all hydrant locations.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 FIRE HYDRANTS

- A. Manufacturers
  - 1. American Darling 5-1/4", B-84-B-5
  - 2. Mueller, "Super Centurion" No. A423
  - 3. Approved equal
- B. Fire hydrants shall be of the dry-barrel, compression type and shall conform to applicable requirements of AWWA C502, latest edition. Fire hydrants shall be cast iron, bronze mounted, suitable for a working pressure of 200 psi. Name of the manufacturer and size of the main valve shall be cast upon the hydrant in raised letters.
- C. Hydrants shall be constructed in a manner that will permit withdrawal of internal working parts without disturbing the barrel or casing. Valve shall be compression type, opening against pressure and so constructed that the main valve will remain closed should the hydrant be broken off by traffic accident. Valve opening shall be at least 5-1/4 inches in diameter and shall have a net area of waterway at the smallest part of not less than 120 percent of the valve opening when the valve is wide open. There shall be no chattering or water hammer under any conditions of operation.
- D. Barrel shall be made in two pieces with flanged joint above the finished grade or ground line. Lower barrel shall be fluted for strength and tapered to prevent frost heave. Ground line flange shall be of the break-away type. Two positive acting, bronze fitted drain valves shall be provided in the hydrant shoe automatically to open and provide rapid and complete drainage of the hydrant barrel when the main valve is closed.
- E. Hydrant bonnet shall be designed to protect the operating head against rust, corrosion, and dirt. The stuffing box shall have bronze glands and O-ring seal. Suitable means shall be provided for lubricating the stem threads, O-ring, and bearing surfaces in the bonnet.





- F. The main valve rod shall be of steel and shall be bronze sheathed where it passes through the stuffing box. Stem shall be equipped with a two-piece safety or breakable stem coupling to prevent damage to the stem when hydrant is hit by a vehicle. A positive stop shall be provided to permit full opening of the valve and prevent over-travel of the stem.
- G. Direction of opening shall be counterclockwise and shall be cast on the head. Operating nut shall be National Standard, 1-1/2-inch, pentagon shaped.
- H. Two 2-1/2-inch hose nozzles and one 4-1/2-inch pumper nozzle shall be provided on each hydrant. Hose and pumper nipples shall be of bronze or non-corrosive metal, and threads shall be National Standard in accordance with NFPA Standard No. 194. Nipple caps shall be securely chained to the barrel with galvanized, non-kinking chains.
- I. Hydrants that are to be connected to ductile iron pipe shall be equipped with mechanical joint inlet with restrained joint gland, gaskets, bolts, and nuts. Suitable ring-tight or fluid-tight inlets shall be provided on hydrants that are to be connected to cement asbestos pipe. Inlet bell shall have two lugs for harness restraint.
- J. After fabrication, all exterior aboveground ferrous surfaces shall be blast-cleaned and painted at the shop with one coat of zinc chromate primer conforming to Federal Specification TT-P-636 and one coat of compatible alkyd enamel. Color shall be fire hydrant yellow. All interior and belowground, non-machined ferrous surfaces shall be blast-cleaned and painted at the shop with two coats of asphaltic varnish conforming to Federal Specification TT-V-51c.

## 2.2 YARD HYDRANTS

- A. Yard Hydrants shall only be installed at a pump station, lift station, water tank, or a booster station.
- B. Yard hydrants shall be of the nonfreezing, compression, post type hydrant with self-draining barrel as manufactured by Zurn Industries, Model Z1390 or approved equal. Yard hydrants shall be suitable for 125 psi static pressure.
- C. Yard hydrants shall have a brass casing and base, bronze seats, resilient-faced disc, O-ring stem seal, bronze or stainless steel stem, and galvanized steel barrel.
- D. Yard hydrants shall be furnished with 2-inch threaded female inlet connection per ANSI B2.1 and threaded 1-1/2-inch male outlet hose connection. A "T" or wheel handle shall be furnished to operate the valve.





- E. All internal working parts shall be readily accessible and removable through the top for ease of maintenance.
- F. Contractor shall provide 10 1-inch by 3/4-inch brass adapters for use on yard hydrants.

### 2.3 SPARE PARTS

- A. The following spare parts shall be furnished for hydrants furnished under this section, where applicable:

| PART                          | NUMBER REQUIRED            |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Packing, O-rings, and Gaskets | One set each hydrant       |
| Main Valve Disc               | One each hydrant           |
| Drain Valve Facing            | One each hydrant           |
| Break-away Flange Repair Kit  | One set with Stem Coupling |
| Seat Wrench                   | One each type required     |
| Lubricants                    | One year supply            |

- B. Spare parts shall be suitably protected against corrosion and impact to withstand long-term storage. Parts shall be clearly identified with the manufacturer's name and number and the equipment to which they belong.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 FACTORY TESTING

- A. Each hydrant shall be tested at the factory at a hydrostatic pressure of 300 psig in accordance with AWWA C502, Section 5. Hydrants shall be tested in both the open and closed positions. Hydrants shall be completely drained and closed before shipment.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Hydrants shall be installed at the locations and in the manner shown on the Drawings. Hydrants shall be inspected, cleaned, and tested for operation prior to installation.
- B. Fire hydrants shall be installed 3 feet to 7 feet from the sidewalk.
- C. Fire hydrants shall be isolated from the water supply main with a buried gate valve not less than 6 inches in size. Hydrants shall be installed in a suitable rock drain and anchored against thrust according to the Specifications. Upper barrel joint shall be located approximately 2



- inches above ground level. Barrel extensions shall be furnished as necessary.
- D. Each yard hydrant shall be isolated from the water supply by a 1-inch curb stop as shown on the Drawings.
  - E. After installation, each valve shall be tested in the presence of the Owner for proper operation and leak-tightness. Any leaks shall be corrected.
  - F. Following installation and testing, exposed ferrous surfaces of hydrants shall be field painted with alkyd system ferrous metal finish.

**END OF SECTION**



## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. Tapping Saddles
  - 2. Corporation Stops
  - 3. Service Pipes
  - 4. Curb Stops
  - 5. Water Meters
  - 6. Meter Boxes
  - 7. Water Pressure Regulators
  - 8. Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventers (RPBP)
  - 9. Double Check Valve Assemblies (DCA)
  - 10. Linesetters

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 TAPPING SADDLE

- A. Tapping saddles shall have double straps or a double wide band and shall be suitable for use with the various pipes at the installation point (i.e. will not cause electrolysis). For ¾-inch and 1-inch services, use a direct tap. For 1 ½-inch and 2-inch, use a tapping saddle.
  - 1. Manufacturer / Model:
    - a. Smith-Blair Double Bale Model 313,
    - b. Mueller BR2B,
    - c. Ford Meter Box Style 202B,
    - d. Approved equal.

### 2.2 CORPORATION VALVE

- A. Corporation valve shall be designed and manufactured to conform to AWWA C800-84 and ASTM B-62 which cover thread dimensions, metal alloy (red brass: 85-5-5-5), and pressure rating. Inlet threads shall be AWWA Taper Thread CC. The outlet shall be suitable for the service piping required. Corporation valve shall be directly tapped into the water line/main using a tapping saddle. Insulators shall be used on dissimilar pipes as necessary for protection against electrolysis. Corporation valve shall be ball valve type suitable for pressures up to 300 psi.
  - 1. Manufacturer / Model:
    - a. Ford Meter Box F1000 for ¾-inch and 1-inch
    - b. Ford Meter Box FB1000 for 1 ½-inch and 2-inch
    - c. Mueller B-20046N
    - d. Approved equal.





## 2.3 SERVICE PIPE

- A. Residential service pipe shall be 3/4-inch. Service pipe, sizes 3/4-inch through 2- inch, shall be one solid continuous run and of the following material(s):
  - 1. Copper:
    - a. Below Grade: Type K, annealed temper, hard or soft copper tubing in accordance with ASTM B88.
    - b. Above Grade: Type M, drawn temper, hard or soft copper tubing in accordance with ASTM B88.
  - 2. Any alteration of service shall result in replacement from tap to meter in one continuous run.

## 2.4 LINESETTER

- A. Meters shall be installed with a linesetter manufactured in compliance with ANSI/AWWA C800 (latest revision). The linesetter shall have lead free solder joints and factory air tested under water at 85 PSIG. The line setter shall include a check valve locking ball style meter valve.
- B. Manufacturer / Model:
  - 1. McDonald 720 Series
  - 2. Approved equal

## 2.5 WATER METER

- A. Water meters 3/4-inch to 2-inch shall be provided by the WMD. Meters larger than 2 inches may be installed by the WMD but at the Contractor's expense.
- B. Water meters 3-inch and larger shall be cold water turbine type meeting all requirements of ANSI/AWWA C701 or C702 as determined by the WMD. Meter registers shall be straight reading in U.S. gallons and be equipped with a device to afford capability for accurately testing the meter in accordance with AWWA Standards. The meters shall be equipped with a removable corrosion resistant strainer screen between the outer case and measuring chamber. The body case shall have the manufacturer's serial number imprinted thereon and have raised markings to indicate the direction of flow. At a minimum, meters shall be rated to withstand a pressure of 150 psi. All meters shall be equipped with Radio Read Technology (SmartPoint 520M).
- C. Manufacturer / Model:
  - 1. Sensus Omni C<sup>2</sup> or T<sup>2</sup>



## 2.6 METER BOX

- A. Meter boxes shall be high density polyethylene straight wall style. Wall thickness shall be such that when buried the box will support an incidental traffic load. Top cover shall be removable with ductile iron traffic rated meter reading lid per ASTM A536. Reading lid shall have lettering "WATER METER". Meter boxes shall be sized based on the meter size and other appurtenances to be included within the box.

- B. Manufacturer / Model:

| Meter Size | Meter Box                 | Meter Lid         |
|------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| ¾"         | Sigma-Raven RMB132418-SW* | Sigma LC 1324T-D* |
| 1"         | Sigma-Raven RMB132418-SW* | Sigma LC 1324T-D* |
| 1 ½"       | Sigma-Raven RMB173018-SW* | Sigma LC 1730T-D* |
| 2"         | Sigma-Raven RMB173018-SW* | Sigma LC 1730T-D* |

\*Or approved equal

## 2.7 REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTER

- A. Reduced pressure zone assembly shall be installed at each possible cross-connection to prevent backsiphonage and backpressure backflow of hazardous materials into the potable water supply. If the assembly is installed in a location with more than its rated working pressure, a water pressure regulator shall be installed upstream of the assembly.
- B. The assembly shall consist of a pressure differential relief valve located in a zone between two positive seating check valves.
- C. Backsiphonage protection shall include provision to admit air directly into the reduced pressure zone via a separate channel from the water discharge channel, or directly into the supply pipe via a separate vent.
- D. The assembly shall include two quarter-turn ball valves before and after the check valves, test cock, and air gap.
- E. The assembly shall meet the requirements of ASSE Standard 1013; AWWA C-511-92 CSA B64.4 and national plumbing codes.
- F. Materials:
1. Check Valve Body: Bronze
  2. Check Valve Seat: 909 Celcon
  3. Relief Valve Body: Bronze or FDA Epoxy Coated Cast Iron
  4. Relief Valve Trim: Stainless Steel
  5. Strainer: Bronze or FDA Epoxy Coated Cast Iron



- G. Drain lines shall be provided for assembly discharge.
- H. Contractor to see approved Cross Connection Control plan at the Water Management Department office or the City of Franklin website ([franklintn.gov](http://franklintn.gov)).
- I. Manufacturer / Model:
  - 1. Watts Industries, Inc. Series 909 with Series 909AG Air Gap
  - 2. Approved equal

## 2.8 DOUBLE-CHECK ASSEMBLY

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
  - 2. Approved equal
- B. Standard: ASSE 1048 and FMG approved or UL listed
- C. Operation: Continuous-pressure applications
- D. Pressure Loss: 5 psig (35 kPa) maximum, through middle 1/3 of flow range
- E. Size: As scheduled on drawings
- F. Design Flow Rate: As scheduled on drawings
- G. Body: Cast iron with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or that is FDA approved
- H. End Connections: Flanged

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Make no service assembly connections without approval from the WMD.
- B. No taps shall be made in any size pipe without approval of the WMD.
- C. All service pipe shall be renewed from the new water line to existing meter location unless otherwise directed by the Drawings or WMD. Where encountered, existing galvanized iron service piping shall be replaced up to a point 10 feet beyond the meter box.
- D. Existing service assemblies and meter boxes shall be replaced by new equipment unless otherwise directed by the Drawings or WMD.





- E. Service pipe shall be installed and connected to house/building service (at right-of-way or easement) in accordance with national and local plumbing codes, the details shown on the Drawings, and as specified for customer service connections/re-connections.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

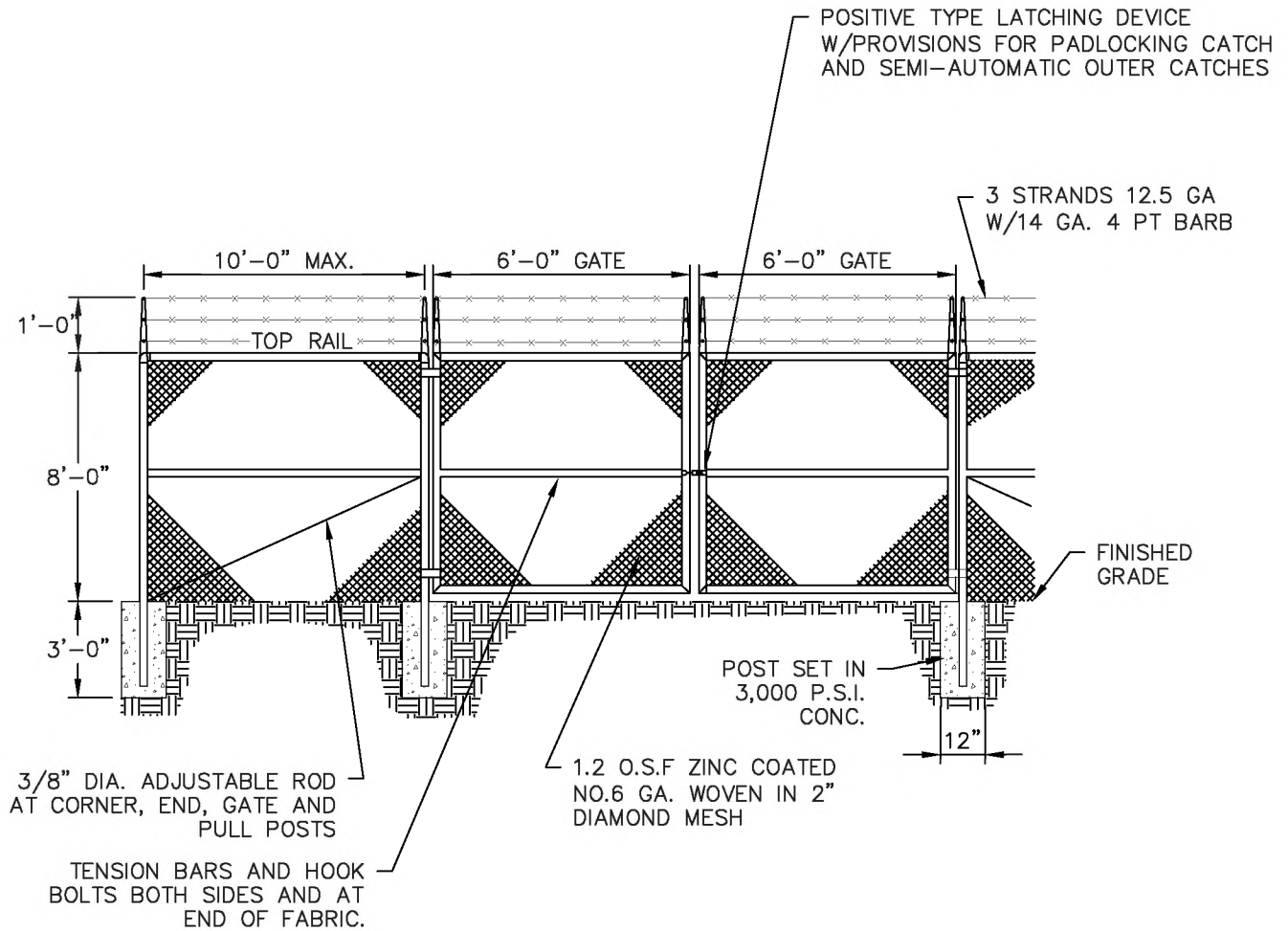
- A. In general, install the meter box as near the property line as possible within the public right-of-way, in the center of the building lot and out of the way of driveways, landscaping, headwalls, etc. Set plumb approximately 1 inch above the existing or proposed grade and so that the surface drainage will not enter it. Fill from the existing or proposed grade to the top of the meter box at a slope of 1:12. When the cut or fill slopes extend beyond the public right-of-way, install the meter box at the top or toe of slope, as applicable, or as directed by the Owner. Place a minimum of 2 cubic feet of clean dirt (free of rocks and bricks) under each meter box.
- B. Set the line setter plumb and level at the bottom of the meter box.
- C. For connecting the service lines to line setter and corporation cocks, use compression type connections.
- D. All residential meters shall be installed by the WMD. No meter shall be removed, tampered with, relocated, etc., unless approved by the WMD.
- E. Where existing water service is proposed to be interrupted by the abandonment/ retirement of an existing water line, Contractor shall reconnect service pipe to the new water line unless otherwise directed by the Drawings or WMD. Service assembly renewal shall be done after successful leakage and bacteriological testing of the new water line has been completed.
- F. Service pipe proposed to be installed under paved roads shall be done utilizing trenchless installation methods, unless otherwise directed by the Drawings or WMD. If rock is encountered, the governing roadway Agency should be contacted regarding open cutting the road to install the service pipe. Backfill and pavement repair requirements of the governing roadway Agency shall be followed. In some cases, the proposed service pipe crossing may need to be relocated. Minimum service pipe cover shall be the 36 inches under roadways.
- G. Service pipe proposed to be installed parallel to a roadway shall have a minimum pipe cover of 30 inches.
- H. Service pipe shall be installed at a minimum depth of 24 inches from the corporation valve to the meter box.
- I. After the service pipe and line setter is installed, turn water on service pipe between meter setter and main, blowing any accumulated trash out of the service pipe. A single piece of



copper pipe shall be used from the main to the meter unless the meter is over 100 feet from the main.

- J. Reduced pressure backflow preventers and double check valve backflow assemblies shall be installed in locations that facilitate testing and servicing, protects against freezing and vandalism, and allows for proper drainage.
- K. The meter box is to be installed at a location such that it will not be in a driveway, sidewalk, or under shrubs and trees. If, during construction of homes, the meter location conflicts with the location of the driveway, then the meter shall be moved at the expense of the builder or developer. A marker pole shall be installed at the meter box with a minimum of 3 feet in the ground and 2 feet above ground. The above ground portion of the pipe shall be painted blue.

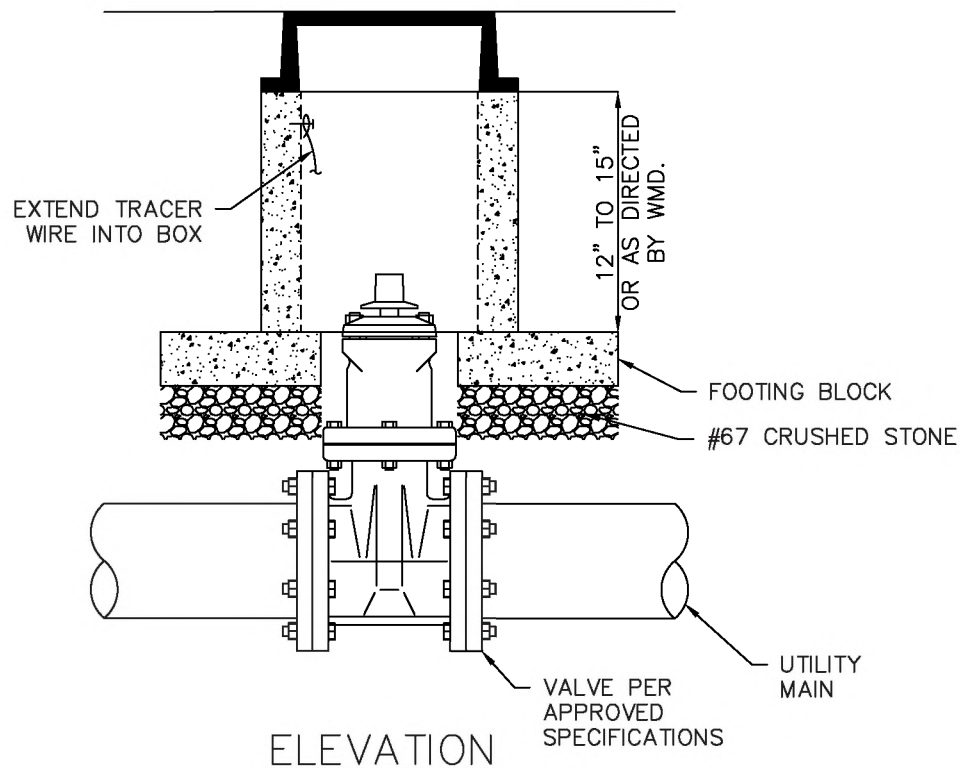
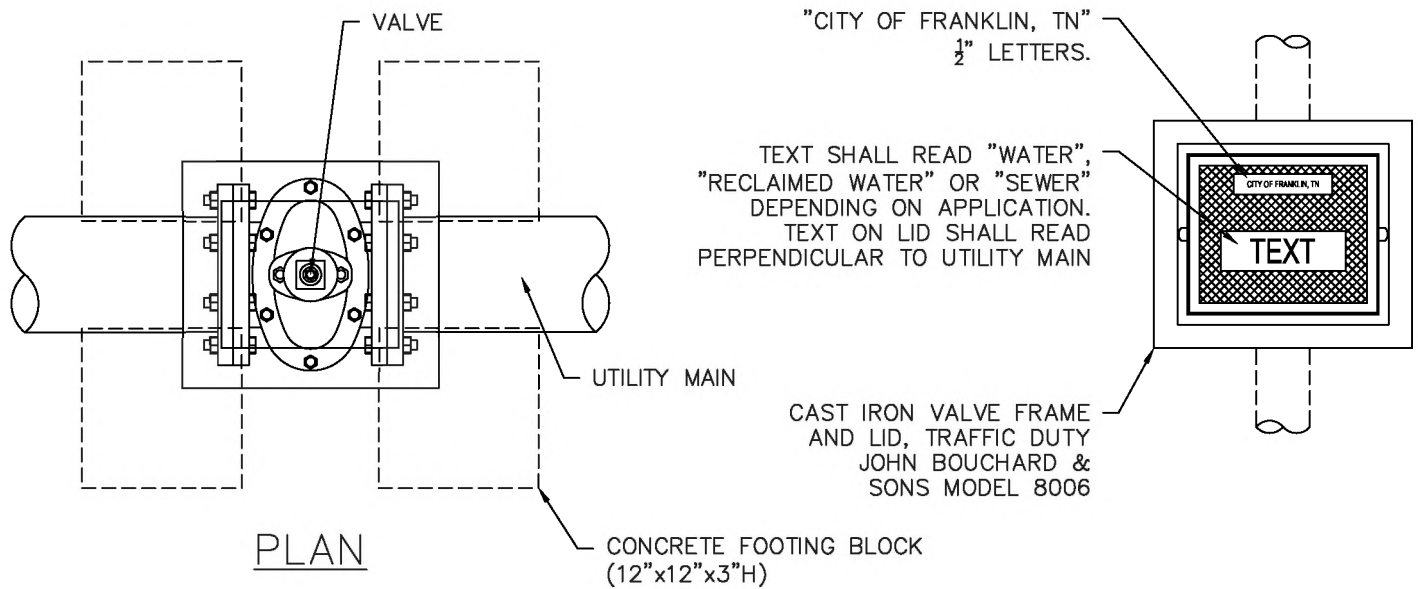
**END OF SECTION**



**NOTES:**

- 1) ALL POSTS AND OTHER APPURTENANCES SHALL BE HOT DIP GALVANIZED W/ MIN. 1.8 O.S.F. ZINC. ALL FITTINGS SHALL BE MALLEABLE OR DUCTILE IRON OR STEEL.





**NOTES:**

- 1) FOUR (4) CONCRETE BLOCKS ARE TO BE PLACED UNDER EACH CORNER OF THE VALVE BOX AS SHOWN.
- 2) CONCRETE SHALL BE 4,000 PSI @ 28 DAYS REINFORCED WITH WELDED WIRE MESH.
- 3) STRUCTURE SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C858.

**CONCRETE VALVE BOX**

DWG. NO.

**G-2**

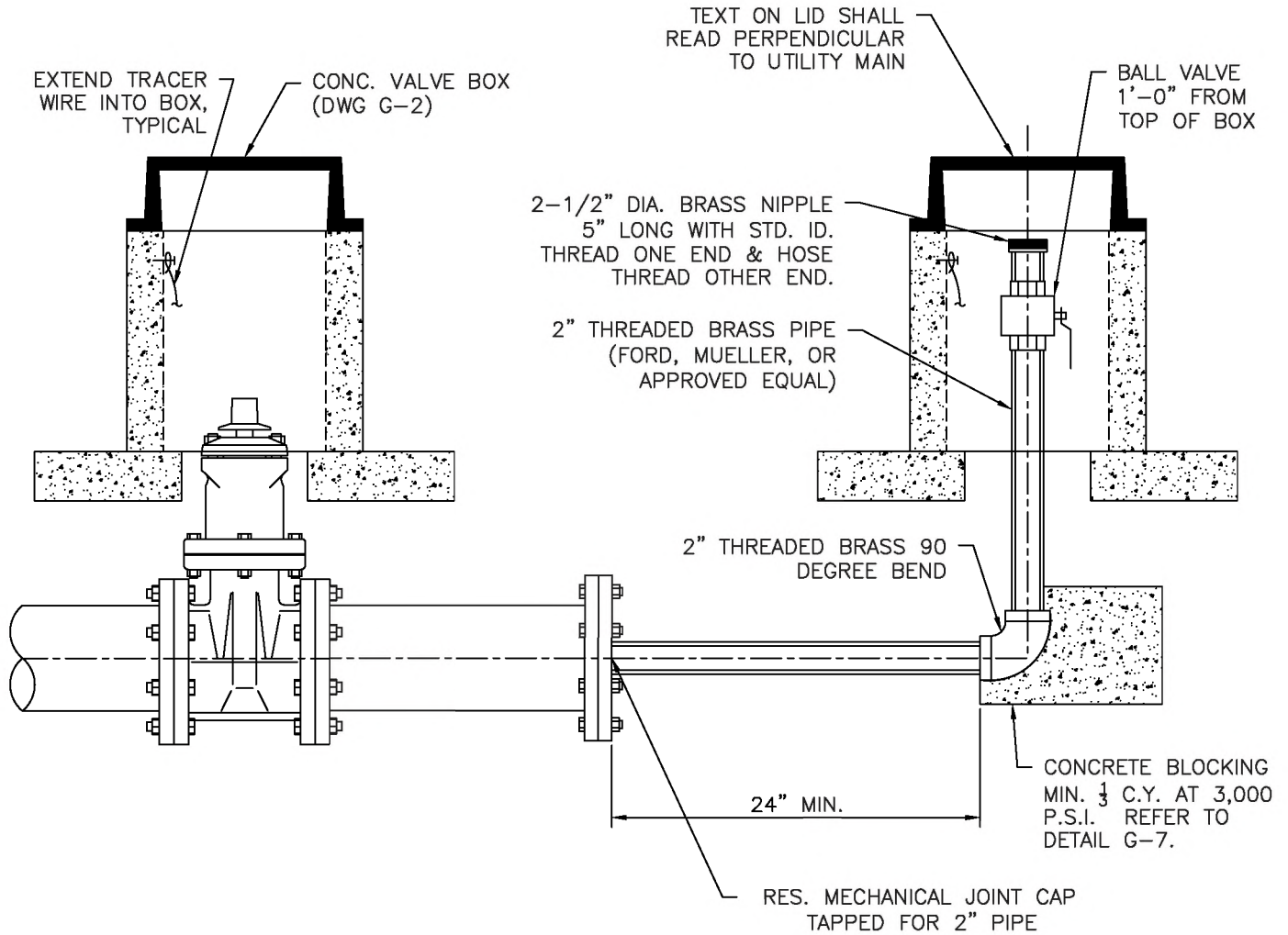


CITY OF FRANKLIN

NOT TO SCALE

WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

DATE:  
10/16/2019



| MAIN SIZE | END PIPE SIZE |
|-----------|---------------|
| 4" - 12"  | 2" BLOW-OFF   |

**NOTES:**

- 1) FOR MAINS THAT ARE TO BE EXTENDED USE A VALVE EQUAL TO THE MAIN SIZE AS THE BLOW-OFF CONTROL VALVE AND THEN REDUCE TO 2" PIPE.

RECLAIMED WATER MARKER LABEL:

CAUTION – RECLAIMED WATER PIPELINE  
NON-POTABLE WATER  
DO NOT DRINK

CITY OF FRANKLIN WATER MANAGEMENT  
DEPARTMENT (615) 794-4554

MARKER COLOR: PURPLE

SANITARY SEWER MARKER LABEL:

CAUTION – SANITARY SEWER PIPELINE  
DO NOT DRINK

CITY OF FRANKLIN WATER MANAGEMENT  
DEPARTMENT (615) 794-4554

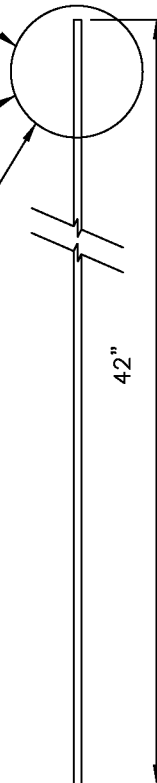
MARKER COLOR: GREEN

DRINKING WATER LABEL:

CAUTION – WATER PIPELINE

CITY OF FRANKLIN WATER MANAGEMENT  
DEPARTMENT (615) 794-4554

MARKER COLOR: BLUE



NOTES:

- 1) MARKER SHALL BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY BEHIND STRUCTURE WITH LABEL FACING ROADWAY.
- 2) MARKERS TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED ON PLANS OR WHERE DIRECTED BY OWNER.
- 3) MARKER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF DURABLE, UV RESISTANT, COMPOSITE MATERIAL.



HISTORIC  
FRANKLIN  
TENNESSEE

UTILITY IDENTIFICATION MARKER

CITY OF FRANKLIN

NOT TO SCALE

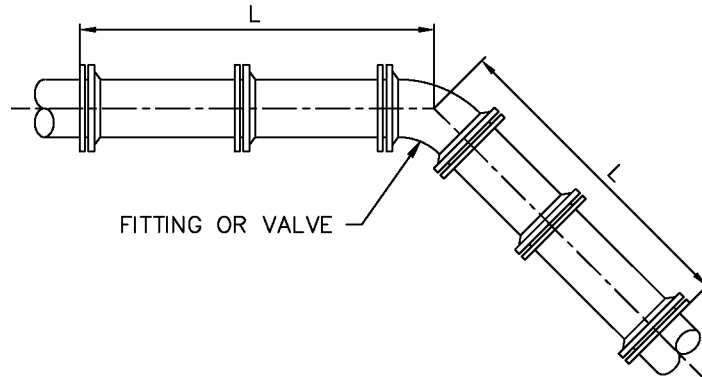
WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

DATE:  
10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**G-4**





**NOTES:**

- 1) RESTRAINED JOINTS SHALL BE PROVIDED ON EACH SIDE OF ALL VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL BENDS, TEES, DEAD ENDS, REDUCERS, AND VALVES.
- 2) MAXIMUM LENGTHS OF PIPE SHALL BE USED WITHIN RESTRAINED SECTIONS.
- 3) LENGTH OF RESTRAINED PIPE IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING ASSUMPTIONS USING THE EBAA IRON CALCULATOR. IF OTHER CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED, THE LENGTH OF RESTRAINED PIPE SHALL BE ADJUSTED ACCORDINGLY. ENGINEER SHALL SUPPLY CALCULATIONS TO THE CITY OF FRANKLIN FOR REVIEW.
  - A. DESIGN SOIL TYPE: ML (WORST CASE)
  - B. SAFETY FACTOR: 1.5
  - C. TRENCH TYPE: 3
  - D. DEPTH OF BURY: 3 FEET
  - E. TEST PRESSURE: 200 PSI
  - F. REDUCERS BASED ON A REDUCTION OF ONE PIPE SIZE SMALLER

| PVC PIPE                                                                  |                   |      |    |     |                 |      |     |          |                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------|----|-----|-----------------|------|-----|----------|-------------------------|
| LENGTH (L) OF PIPE TO BE RESTRAINED ON EACH SIDE OF FITTING OR VALVE (FT) |                   |      |    |     |                 |      |     |          |                         |
|                                                                           | HORIZONTAL ELBOWS |      |    |     | VERTICAL ELBOWS |      |     | REDUCERS | TEES, DEAD ENDS, VALVES |
| PIPE DIAMETER                                                             | 11 ¼              | 22 ½ | 45 | 90  | 11 ¼            | 22 ½ | 45  |          |                         |
| 4"                                                                        | 3                 | 6    | 12 | 29  | 7               | 14   | 29  | 23       | 70                      |
| 6"                                                                        | 4                 | 8    | 17 | 41  | 10              | 20   | 41  | 51       | 99                      |
| 8"                                                                        | 6                 | 11   | 22 | 53  | 13              | 26   | 54  | 54       | 129                     |
| 12"                                                                       | 8                 | 15   | 31 | 73  | 18              | 37   | 76  | 97       | 182                     |
| 16"                                                                       | 10                | 19   | 39 | 93  | 23              | 47   | 97  | 99       | 233                     |
| 20"                                                                       | 11                | 22   | 46 | 111 | 28              | 56   | 118 | 99       | 282                     |
| 24"                                                                       | 13                | 26   | 53 | 127 | 33              | 66   | 136 | 98       | 328                     |

**RESTRAINED JOINT TABLE - PVC**

CITY OF FRANKLIN

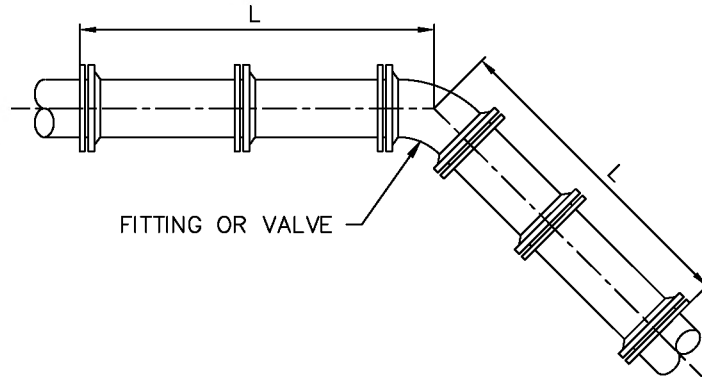
NOT TO SCALE

WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

DATE: 10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**G-5**



**NOTES:**

- 1) RESTRAINED JOINTS SHALL BE PROVIDED ON EACH SIDE OF ALL VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL BENDS, TEES, DEAD ENDS, REDUCERS, AND VALVES.
- 2) MAXIMUM LENGTHS OF PIPE SHALL BE USED WITHIN RESTRAINED SECTIONS.
- 3) LENGTH OF RESTRAINED PIPE IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING ASSUMPTIONS USING DIPRA THRUST RESTRAINT DESIGN FOR DUCTILE IRON PIPE. IF OTHER CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED, THE LENGTH OF RESTRAINED PIPE SHALL BE ADJUSTED ACCORDINGLY. ENGINEER SHALL SUPPLY CALCULATIONS TO THE CITY OF FRANKLIN FOR REVIEW.
  - A. DESIGN SOIL TYPE: SILT 1 (WORST CASE)
  - B. SAFETY FACTOR: 1.5
  - C. TRENCH TYPE: 3 WITH 4-INCH MINIMUM BEDDING (EXCEPT WHERE NOTED)
  - D. DEPTH OF BURY: 3 FEET
  - E. TEST PRESSURE: 200 PSI
  - F. REDUCERS BASED ON A REDUCTION OF ONE PIPE SIZE SMALLER
  - G. NON-POLY WRAPPED

| DIP PIPE                                                                  |                   |        |         |          |                 |        |          |          |                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|---------|----------|-----------------|--------|----------|----------|-------------------------|
| LENGTH (L) OF PIPE TO BE RESTRAINED ON EACH SIDE OF FITTING OR VALVE (FT) |                   |        |         |          |                 |        |          |          |                         |
| PIPE DIAMETER                                                             | HORIZONTAL ELBOWS |        |         |          | VERTICAL ELBOWS |        |          | REDUCERS | TEES, DEAD ENDS, VALVES |
|                                                                           | 11 ¼              | 22 ½   | 45      | 90       | 11 ¼            | 22 ½   | 45       |          |                         |
| 4"                                                                        | 3(6)              | 7(12)  | 14(24)  | 34(58)   | 6(9)            | 12(18) | 24(37)   | 19(29)   | 58(90)                  |
| 6"                                                                        | 5(8)              | 9(16)  | 20(33)  | 47(81)   | 8(12)           | 16(25) | 34(52)   | 42(65)   | 81(126)                 |
| 8"                                                                        | 6(10)             | 12(21) | 26(44)  | 62(106)  | 11(16)          | 21(33) | 44(68)   | 45(69)   | 107(165)                |
| 12"                                                                       | 8(15)             | 17(29) | 36(61)  | 86(147)  | 15(23)          | 30(46) | 62(96)   | 79(123)  | 150(231)                |
| 16"                                                                       | 11(18)            | 22(37) | 45(77)  | 109(187) | 19(29)          | 38(59) | 79(122)  | 81(125)  | 191(295)                |
| 20"                                                                       | 13(22)            | 26(44) | 54(93)  | 131(224) | 23(35)          | 46(71) | 95(147)  | 81(125)  | 230(355)                |
| 24"                                                                       | 15(25)            | 30(51) | 63(107) | 151(259) | 26(41)          | 53(82) | 111(171) | 80(124)  | 268(414)                |

LENGTHS IN PARENTHESES ( ) REPRESENT LINEAL FEET TO BE RESTRAINED WHEN PIPE IS PLACED DIRECTLY ON UNDISTURBED SUBGRADE WITHOUT BEDDING (FLAT BOTTOM TRENCH TYPE 2)

**RESTRAINED JOINT TABLE - DIP**

DWG. NO.

**G-6**

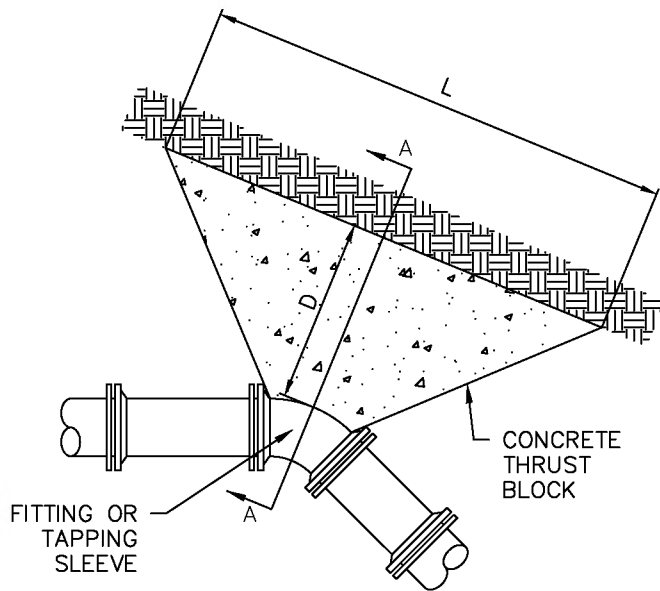


CITY OF FRANKLIN

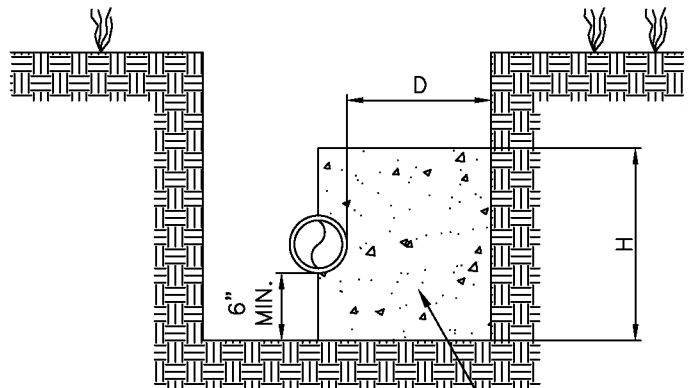
NOT TO SCALE

WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

DATE: 10/16/2019



PLAN



SECTION A-A

NOTES:

- 1) THRUST BLOCKS TO BE PLACED AGAINST SUITABLE, UNDISTURBED EARTH, AS APPROVED BY THE WATER MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT.
- 2) CONCRETE STRENGTH  $f'_c = 3,000$  PSI AT 28 DAYS.
- 3) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE MINIMUMS EXCEPT WHERE LARGER DIMENSION WILL INTERFERE WITH PIPE JOINTS OR BOLT REMOVAL ON FITTINGS. IN THESE CASES, SUBMIT REVISED DRAWINGS TO THE WATER MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT.
- 4) VERTICAL BENDS REQUIRE SEPARATE DESIGN AND DETAIL BY ENGINEER.
- 5) THRUST BLOCKING SHOWN IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING ASSUMPTIONS. IF OTHER CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED, SPECIAL DESIGN IS REQUIRED. ENGINEER SHALL SUPPLY CALCULATIONS TO THE CITY OF FRANKLIN FOR REVIEW.
  - A. BEARING AGAINST SOFT CLAY, SILT, OR ORGANIC SOILS NOT PERMITTED.
  - B. GROUNDWATER TABLE ELEVATION LOCATED BELOW BOTTOM OF BLOCK.
  - C. SAFETY FACTOR: 1.5
  - D. DEPTH OF BURY: 3 FEET
  - E. TEST PRESSURE: 200 PSI
  - F. HORIZ. SOIL BEARING: 2,000 PSF

| THRUST BLOCK DIMENSIONS |       |                   |       |       |       |        |       |                                  |       |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|
| PIPE DIAMETER           | D     | HORIZONTAL ELBOWS |       |       |       |        |       | TEES, DEAD ENDS, TAPPING SLEEVES |       |
|                         |       | 22 ½              |       | 45    |       | 90     |       |                                  |       |
|                         |       | L                 | H     | L     | H     | L      | H     | L                                | H     |
| 4"                      | 1'-6" | 1'-6"             | 1'-6" | 1'-6" | 1'-6" | 2'-0"  | 1'-6" | 1'-6"                            | 1'-6" |
| 6"                      | 1'-6" | 2'-0"             | 1'-6" | 2'-6" | 1'-6" | 3'-0"  | 2'-0" | 3'-0"                            | 1'-6" |
| 8"                      | 1'-6" | 2'-0"             | 1'-6" | 3'-0" | 2'-0" | 4'-6"  | 2'-6" | 4'-0"                            | 2'-0" |
| 12"                     | 2'-0" | 4'-0"             | 2'-0" | 5'-0" | 2'-6" | 7'-0"  | 3'-6" | 6'-0"                            | 3'-0" |
| 16"                     | 2'-0" | 5'-0"             | 2'-6" | 7'-0" | 3'-6" | 10'-0" | 4'-6" | 8'-0"                            | 4'-0" |



HISTORIC  
FRANKLIN  
TENNESSEE

**THRUST BLOCK TABLE (NON-RESTRAINED JOINTS)**

CITY OF FRANKLIN

NOT TO SCALE

WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

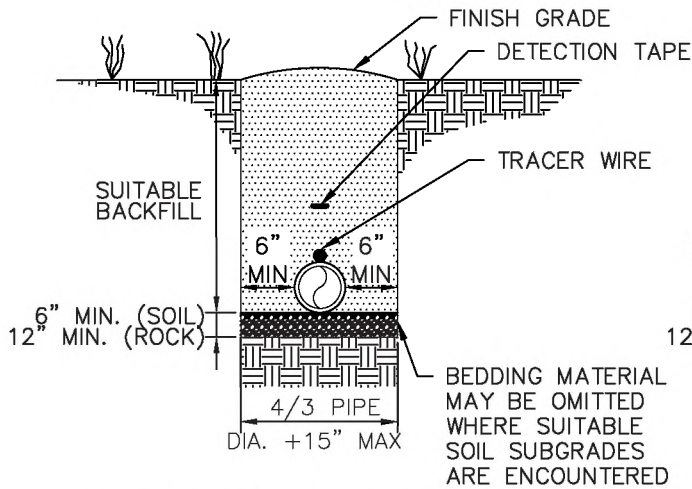
DATE: 10/16/2019

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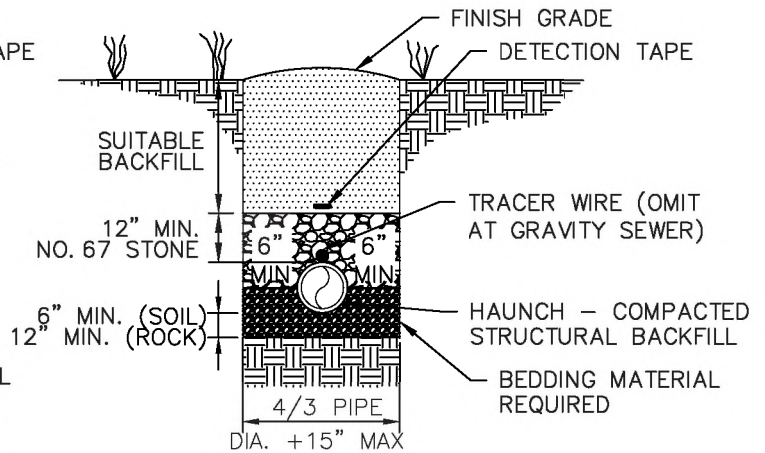
**G-7**



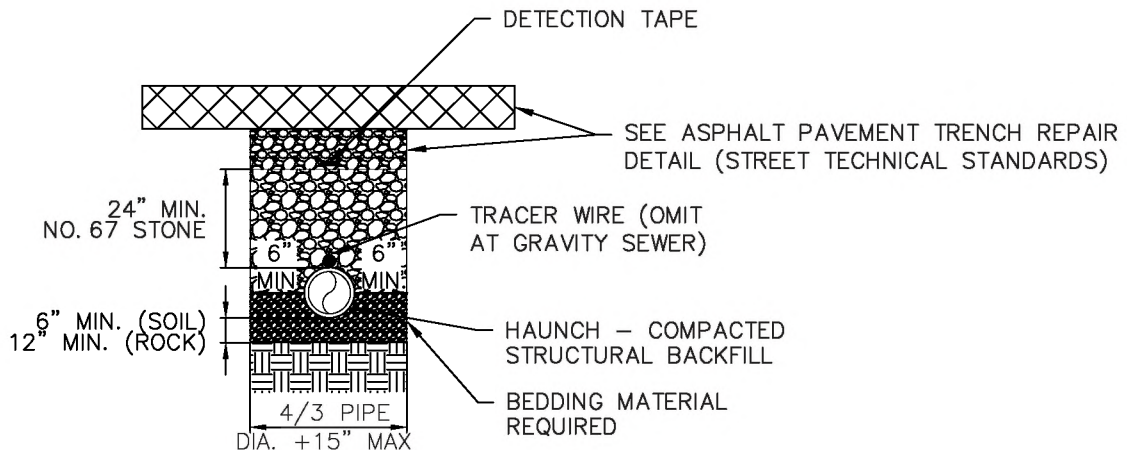
NOTE: 36" MIN. COVER  
FOR ALL UTILITIES UNLESS  
OTHERWISE APPROVED



DIP PRESSURE PIPE



OTHER PIPE



ALL PIPE UNDER PAVEMENT

**NOTES:**

- 1) ALL SUITABLE BACKFILL MATERIAL AND SUBGRADES SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE WATER MANAGEMENT DEPT.
- 2) ALL ROCK LOOSENED SHALL BE REMOVED; VOIDS CREATED BY SUCH REMOVAL SHALL BE FILLED WITH CRUSHED STONE.
- 3) REMOVE STONE FOR PIPE BELLS TO PROVIDE FULL CONTACT OF BEDDING.
- 4) BACKFILL SHALL BE TAMPED IN 6" LIFTS.
- 5) ACHIEVE 95% COMPACTION ON ALL BACKFILL.
- 6) NO ROCKS 6" IN DIAMETER OR GREATER ALLOWED IN SUITABLE BACKFILL.
- 7) PROVIDE STONE BACKFILL FOR PIPING WITHIN DRIVEWAYS, ROADWAYS AND PARKING AREAS UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED. SEE ASPHALT PAVEMENT TRENCH REPAIR DETAIL WHEN IN PAVED AREAS.
- 8) TRENCH DEWATERING SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TDOT STD DRAWING EC-STR-1 AND EC-STR-2
- 9) TRACER WIRE SHALL BE COPPER CLAD, 12 GA. MIN., WITH COLOR-CODED 30 MIL. HDPE INSULATED JACKET. PROVIDE WATERPROOF GREASE FILLED CONNECTIONS AT JUNCTIONS. TRACER WIRE SYSTEM SHALL BE TESTED FOR FUNCTIONALITY PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE. TRACER WIRE SHALL NOT BE USED FOR GRAVITY SEWER LINES.
- 10) PROVIDE CHECK DAMS AT 50'-0" O.C. MINIMUM, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY WMD.



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**UTILITY BEDDING AND BACKFILL DETAIL**

CITY OF FRANKLIN

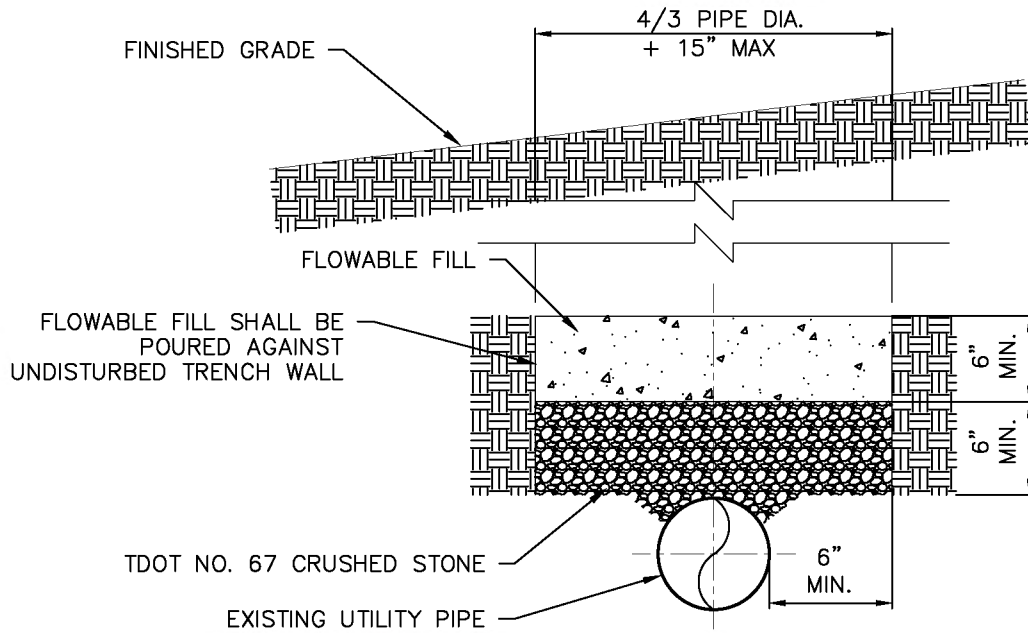
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MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

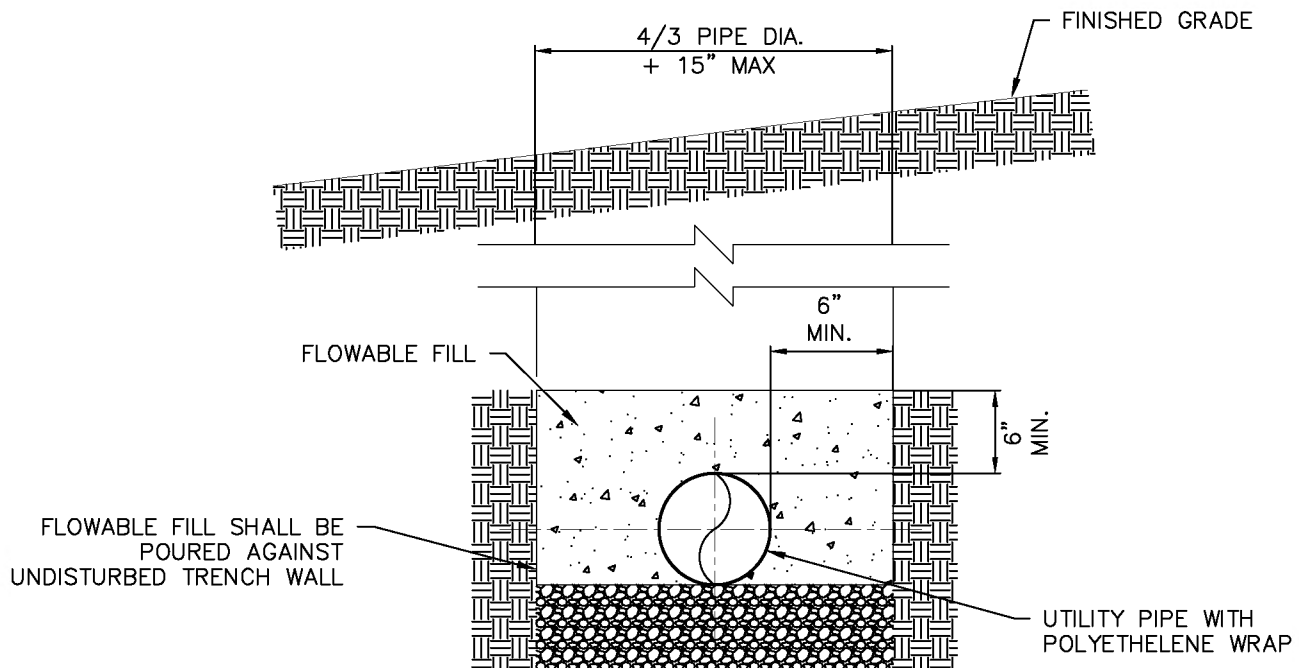
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10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**G-8**



### CONCRETE PROTECTION FOR EXISTING UTILITY LINES



### CONCRETE ENCASEMENT FOR NEW UTILITY LINES

**NOTES:**

- 1) FLOWABLE FILL (CLSM) COMPRESSION STRENGTH = 200 PSI MAX.
- 2) FLOWABLE FILL TO BE PLACED 16 HOURS BEFORE BACKFILLING TRENCH
- 3) PRIOR TO ENCASING DUCTILE IRON PIPE IN FLOWABLE FILL, WRAP PIPE WITH 4-MIL HDCL (HIGH-DENSITY, CROSS LAMINATED) POLYETHYLENE OR 8-MIL LLD (LINEAR LOW-DENSITY) POLYETHYLENE.



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## CONCRETE PROTECTION FOR BURIED UTILITIES

CITY OF FRANKLIN

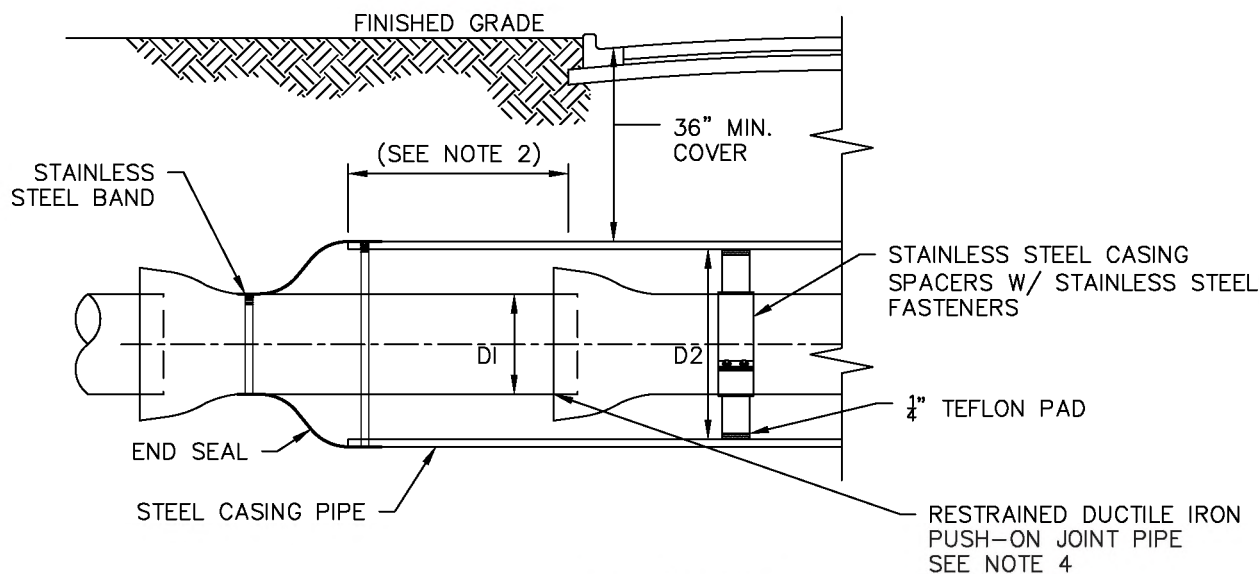
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DIRECTOR:

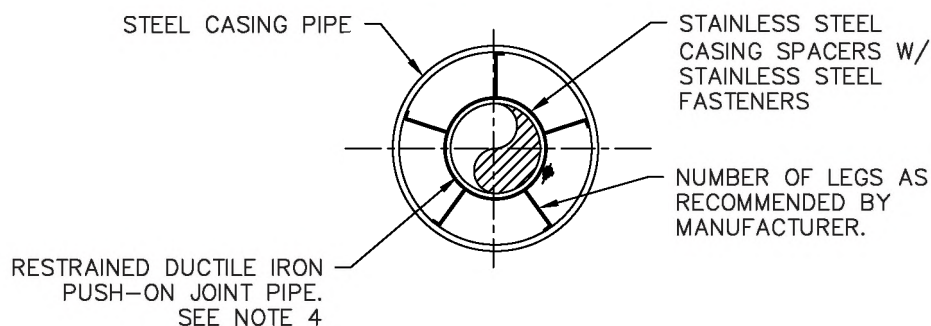
DATE: 10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**G-9**



ELEVATION



SECTION

NOTES:

1. WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS WITHIN TDOT OR RAILROAD JURISDICTION, ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS OF EACH AGENCY SHALL BE MET.
2. CASING SHALL EXTEND A MIN. OF 10' BEYOND EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR R.O.W., WHICHEVER IS FURTHER.
3. A MINIMUM OF 3 CASING SPACERS PER 20 LINEAR FEET OF INSTALLED CARRIER PIPE SHALL BE PROVIDED.
4. CARRIER PIPE SHALL BE RESTRAINED JOINT.

CARRIER PIPE AND CASING PIPE SIZES (MIN.)

| CARRIER PIPE NOM. DIA (DI)    | 2     | 4     | 6     | 8     | 10    | 12    | 14    | 16    | 20    | 24    |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CASING PIPE NOM. DIA. (D2)    | 6     | 14    | 16    | 18    | 22    | 24    | 30    | 30    | 36    | 48    |
| WALL THICKNESS (IN.) R.O.W.   | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.312 | 0.312 | 0.375 | 0.500 |
| WALL THICKNESS (IN.) RAILROAD | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.312 | 0.375 | 0.375 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.563 | 0.625 |

**BORE AND JACK CASING**

DWG. NO.

**G-10**

CITY OF FRANKLIN

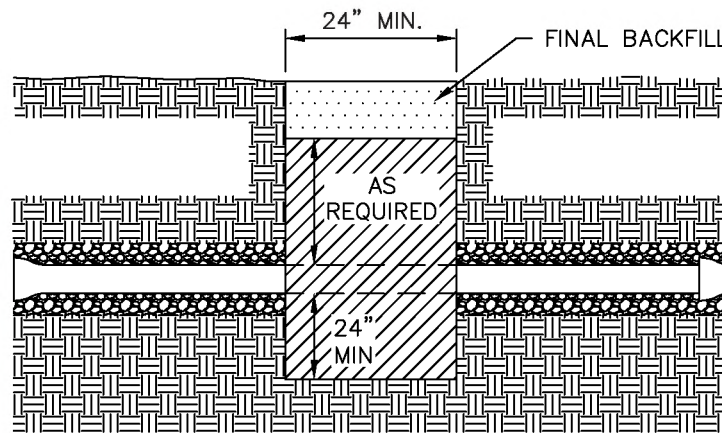
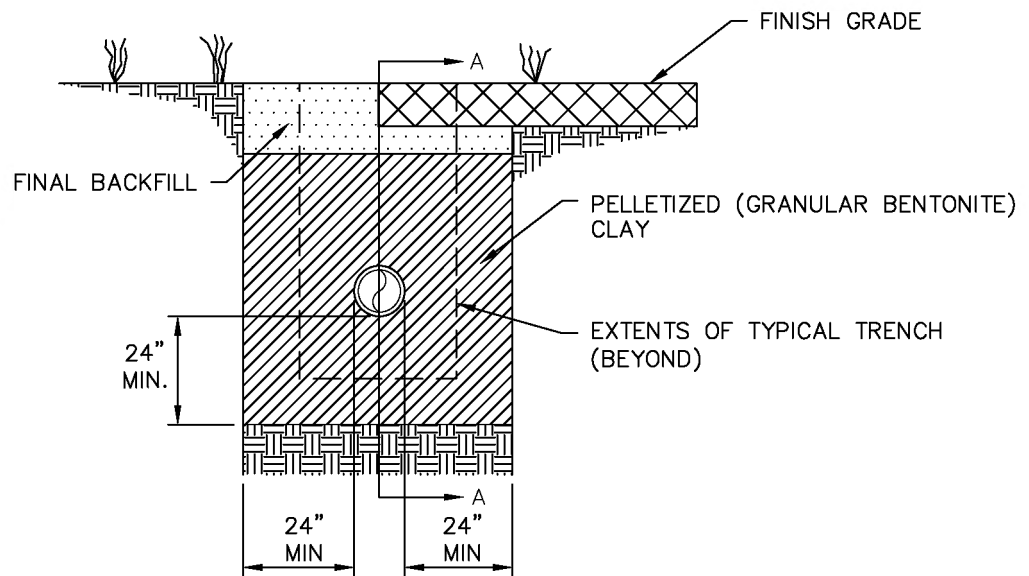
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DATE:  
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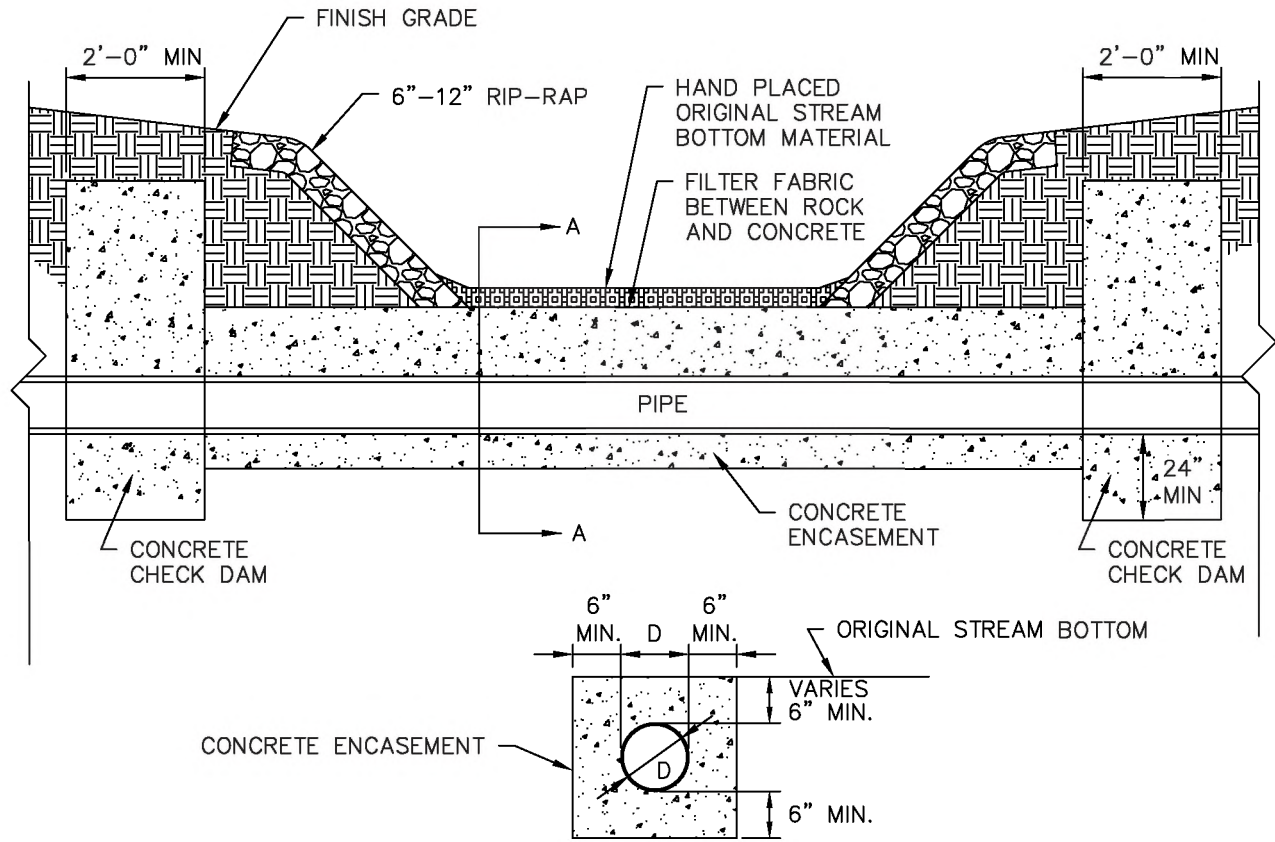




SECTION A-A

**NOTES:**

- 1) 24" KEYWAY TO BE CUT IN DIRT EXCAVATION (BOTTOM AND SIDES). IN ROCK EXCAVATION, REMOVE FRACTURED AND SHOT ROCK IN ROCK TRENCH, AND EXTEND PELLETIZED BENTONITE CLAY TO CLEAN, SOLID ROCK SURFACE (BOTTOM AND SIDES).



## SECTION A-A

### NOTES:

- 1) NO BLASTING IS PERMITTED IN THE EXCAVATION OF TRENCHES THAT LIE WITHIN 50 FEET OF A STREAM OR WETLAND, INCLUDING ALL STREAM CROSSINGS.
- 2) CROSSINGS SHALL INTERSECT THE STREAM CHANNEL AS CLOSE TO 90 DEGREES (PERPENDICULAR) TO THE STREAM AS POSSIBLE.
- 3) CONCRETE STRENGTH  $f'_c = 3,000$  PSI AT 28 DAYS.
- 4) ENCASEMENT WIDTH TO BE POURED THE WIDTH OF TRENCH WITH A MINIMUM OF 6" ON EACH SIDE OF PIPE. PROVIDE STAINLESS STEEL HOLD-DOWNS TO PREVENT PIPE FROM FLOATING DURING CONCRETE PLACEMENT.
- 5) CHECK DAMS TO HAVE A 24" POURED KEYWAY IN DIRT EXCAVATION (BOTTOM AND SIDES). IN ROCK EXCAVATION, REMOVE FRACTURED AND SHOT ROCK IN TRENCH, AND EXTEND CHECK DAM TO CLEAN, SOLID ROCK SURFACE (BOTTOM AND SIDES).
- 6) CROSSINGS THAT UTILIZE HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILLING MAY BE USED INSTEAD OF OPEN CUT WITH WMD APPROVAL.
  - A. BORE ENTRY/EXIT LOCATIONS ARE TO BE AT LEAST 50 FEET FROM THE STREAM BANK.
  - B. BORE DEPTH BELOW STREAM BED TO BE SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT RELEASE OF DRILLING FLUID.
  - C. A SITE-SPECIFIC CONTINGENCY AND CONTAINMENT PLAN FOR INADVERTENT RELEASE OF DRILLING FLUID MUST BE ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.



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## UTILITY STREAM CROSSINGS

CITY OF FRANKLIN

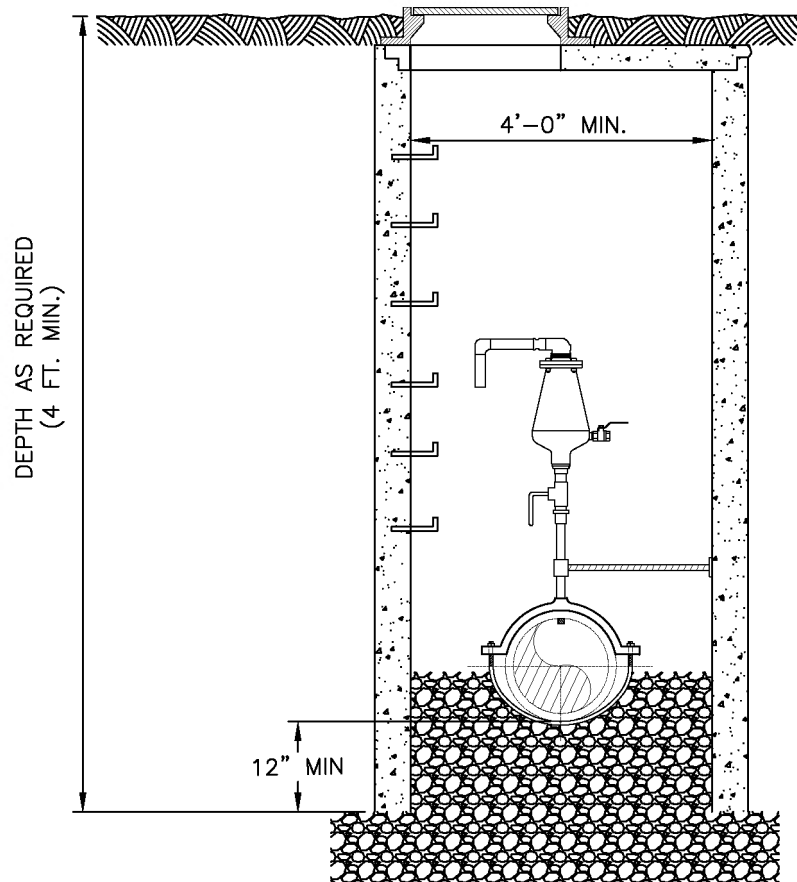
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DATE:  
10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**G-12**

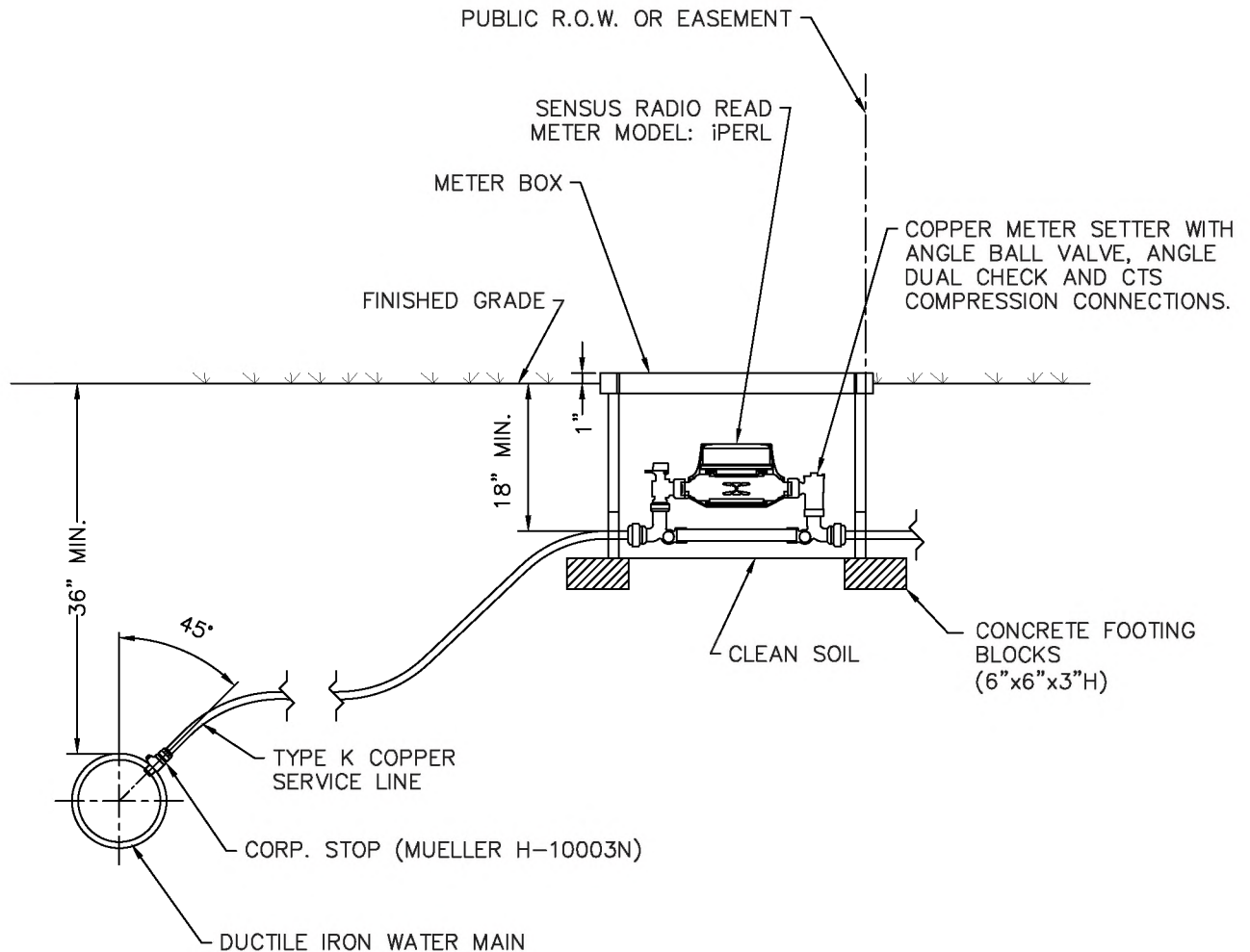


**NOTES:**

- 1) VALVE IS TO BE SIZED FOR CONDITIONS.
- 2) VALVE SHALL BE A.R.I. USA INC. D-040 OR APPROVED EQUAL FOR WATER MAINS.
- 3) VALVE SHALL BE A.R.I. USA INC. D-020, S-020, S-022 OR APPROVED EQUAL FOR SEWAGE FORCE MAINS AND RECLAIMED WATER MAINS.
- 4) IF ASSEMBLY IS TO BE INSTALLED IN TRAFFIC AREA, BOX AND COVER TO BE TRAFFIC BEARING AS APPROVED BY THE CITY OF FRANKLIN.



NOTES: HDPE METER BOX IS NOT TRAFFIC RATED. BOXES IN DRIVEWAYS, PARKING LOTS, AND OFF-ROADWAY APPLICATIONS SUBJECT TO OCCASIONAL TRAFFIC SHALL BE QUAZITE BOX (PG1324BB18) AND COVER (PG1324HH0050). BOXES IN DIRECT ROADWAY APPLICATIONS SHALL BE AASHTO H-20 LOAD RATED WITH 30% IMPACT AND APPROVED BY THE WATER MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT. PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER SEAL SHALL BE REQUIRED.



| METER SIZE | SIGMA HDPE RAVEN METER BOX | McDONALD COPPER METER SETTER |
|------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 3/4"       | RMB132418-SW-W 13"x24"x18" | 770-2-WDQQ 33                |
| 1"         | RMB132418-SW-W 13"x24"x18" | 770-4-WDQQ 4                 |

**NOTES:**

- 1) MINIMUM TRENCH WIDTH ON SERVICE SHALL BE 2 FEET.
- 2) INSTALL THE METER BOX AS NEAR THE PROPERTY LINE AS POSSIBLE WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PUBLIC EASEMENT. METER BOX SHALL BE SET PLUMB APPROXIMATELY 1" ABOVE PROPOSED GRADE AND SUCH THAT SURFACE DRAINAGE WILL NOT ENTER IT.
- 3) METER BOX AND SETTER TO BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR.
- 4) METER TO BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY THE CITY OF FRANKLIN.
- 5) MINIMUM SERVICE LINE COVER SHALL BE 36" BELOW FINISHED GRADE UNDER ROADWAYS, 30" IN UNPAVED AREAS, AND 18" AT SERVICE BOX.



## 3/4" AND 1" WATER SERVICE ASSEMBLIES

CITY OF FRANKLIN

NOT TO SCALE

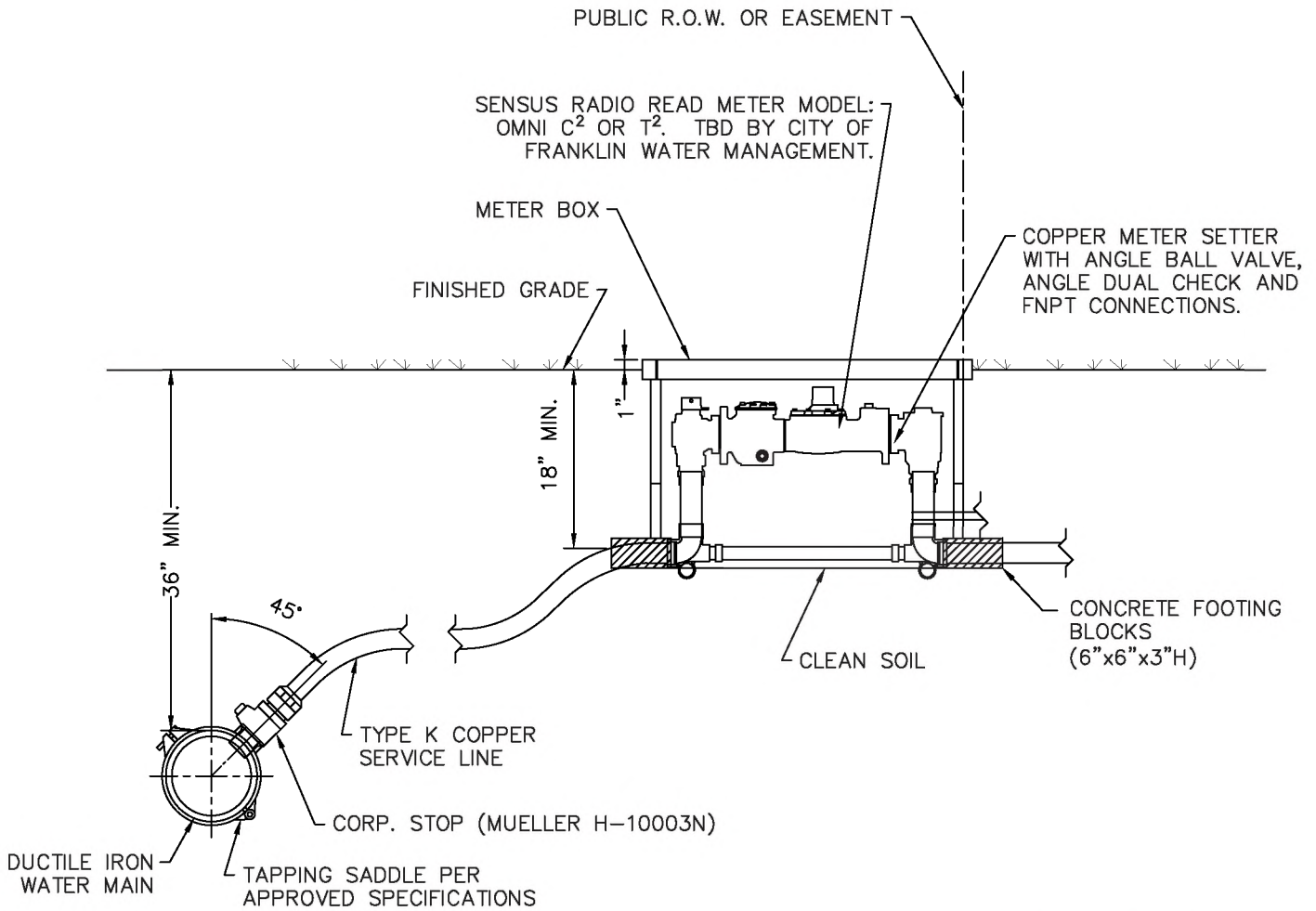
WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

DATE: 10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**W-1**

NOTES: HDPE METER BOX IS NOT TRAFFIC RATED. BOXES IN DRIVEWAYS, PARKING LOTS, AND OFF-ROADWAY APPLICATIONS SUBJECT TO OCCASIONAL TRAFFIC SHALL BE QUAZITE BOX (PG1730BB18) AND COVER (PG1730HH0050). BOXES IN DIRECT ROADWAY APPLICATIONS SHALL BE AASHTO H-20 LOAD RATED WITH 30% IMPACT AND APPROVED BY THE WATER MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT. PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER SEAL SHALL BE REQUIRED.



| METER SIZE | SIGMA HDPE RAVEN METER BOX | McDONALD COPPER METER SETTER |
|------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1.5"       | RMB173018-SW-W 17"x30"x18" | 720-609-WDFF-660 (NOTE 1)    |
| 2"         | RMB173018-SW-W 17"x30"x18" | 720-710-KDFF-770 (NOTE 1)    |

**NOTES:**

- 1) MINIMUM TRENCH WIDTH ON SERVICE SHALL BE 2 FEET.
- 2) INSTALL THE METER BOX AS NEAR THE PROPERTY LINE AS POSSIBLE WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PUBLIC EASEMENT. METER BOX SHALL BE SET PLUMB APPROXIMATELY 1" ABOVE PROPOSED GRADE AND SUCH THAT SURFACE DRAINAGE WILL NOT ENTER IT.
- 3) METER BOX AND SETTER TO BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR.
- 4) METER TO BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY THE CITY OF FRANKLIN.
- 5) MINIMUM SERVICE LINE COVER SHALL BE 36" BELOW FINISHED GRADE UNDER ROADWAYS, 30" IN UNPAVED AREAS, AND 18" AT SERVICE BOX.
- 6) BALL VALVE BYPASS SHALL ONLY BE USED AT APPROVED FACILITIES.



## 1-1/2" AND 2" WATER SERVICE ASSEMBLIES

CITY OF FRANKLIN

NOT TO SCALE

WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

DATE:  
10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

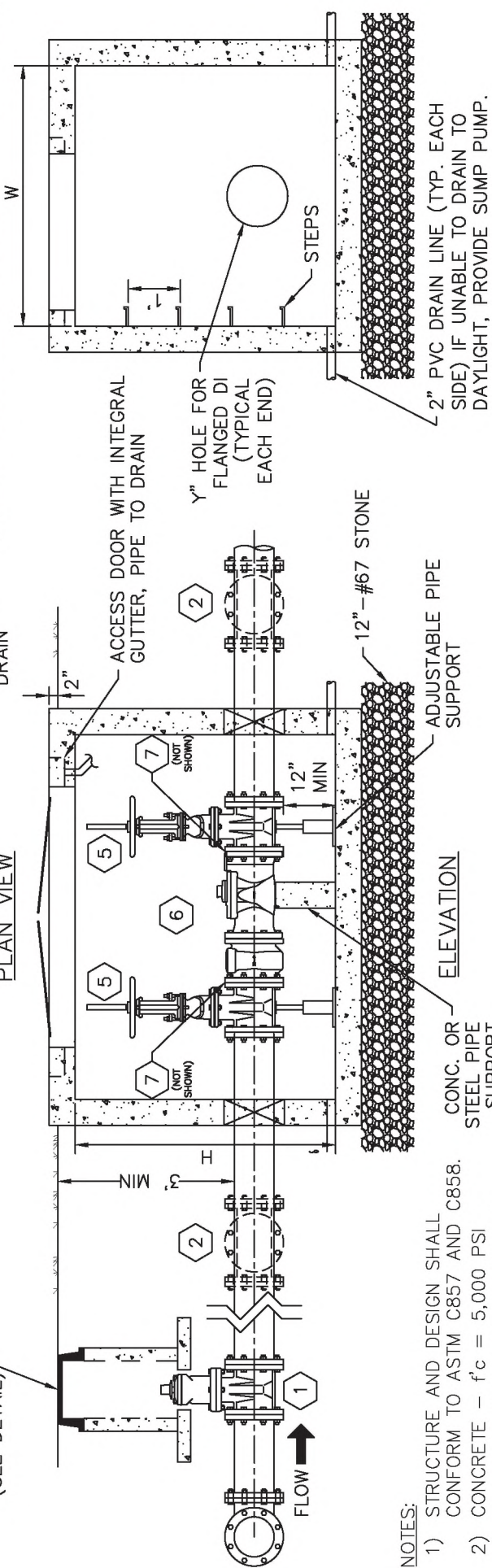
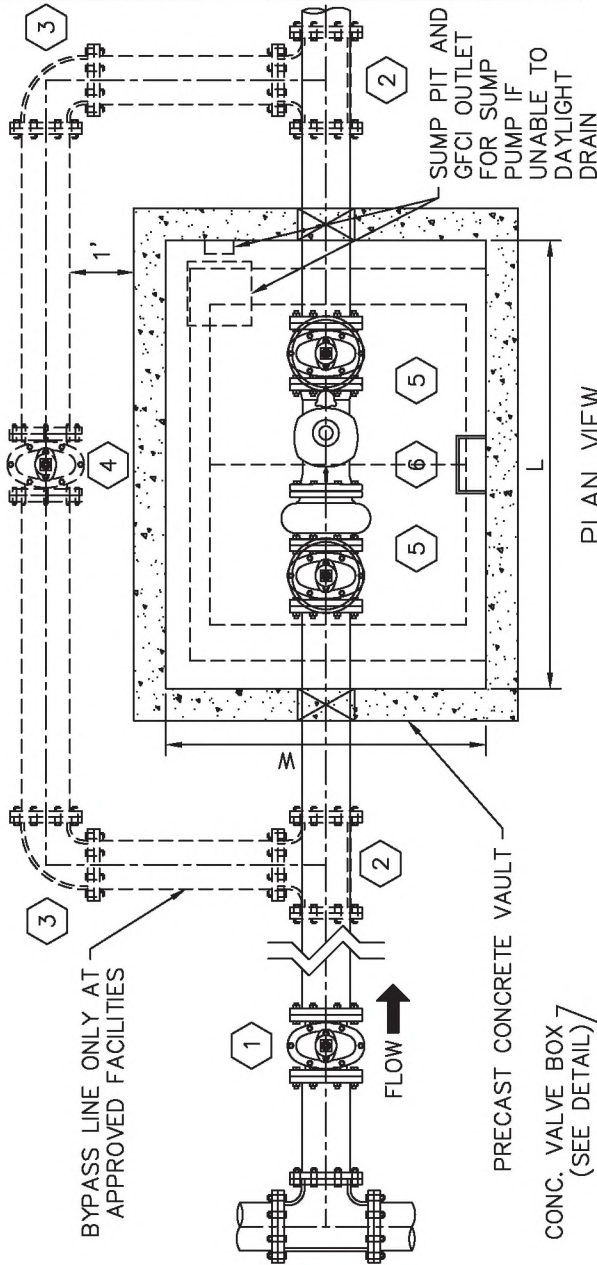
**W-2**



| METER SIZE | PRECAST VAULT (INSIDE DIMENSION) |    | HALLIDAY PRODUCTS ACCESS DOOR | "X" HOLE FOR FLANGED DIP |
|------------|----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
|            | L                                | W  |                               |                          |
| 3" & 4"    | 6'                               | 4' | H2W5442                       | 4"                       |
| 6"         | 6'                               | 5' | H2W5442                       | 6"                       |
| 8"         | 7'                               | 5' | H2W6048                       | 8"                       |

FITTING AND DEVICE LIST

|   |                                                                                                       |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | X" MJ GATE VALVE WITH VALVE BOX AT WATER MAIN CONNECTION.                                             |
| 2 | X" x X" DI MJ TEE                                                                                     |
| 3 | X" DI 90° MJ BEND                                                                                     |
| 4 | X" MJ GATE VALVE WITH VALVE BOX AT BYPASS                                                             |
| 5 | X" OS&Y FLANGED GATE VALVE                                                                            |
| 6 | SENSUS METER OMNI C <sup>2</sup> OR T <sup>2</sup> (TO BE APPROVED CITY OF FRANKLIN WATER MANAGEMENT) |
| 7 | 4"x3" DI FLANGED REDUCER (AT 3" METER ONLY)                                                           |



NOTES:

- 1) STRUCTURE AND DESIGN SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C857 AND C858.
- 2) CONCRETE -  $f'_c = 5,000$  PSI
- 3) REBAR - ASTM A615 GRADE 60
- 4) LOADS - AASHTO H-20 LOAD RATED WITH 30% IMPACT



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**3"-8" WATER METER**

CITY OF FRANKLIN

WATER MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR:

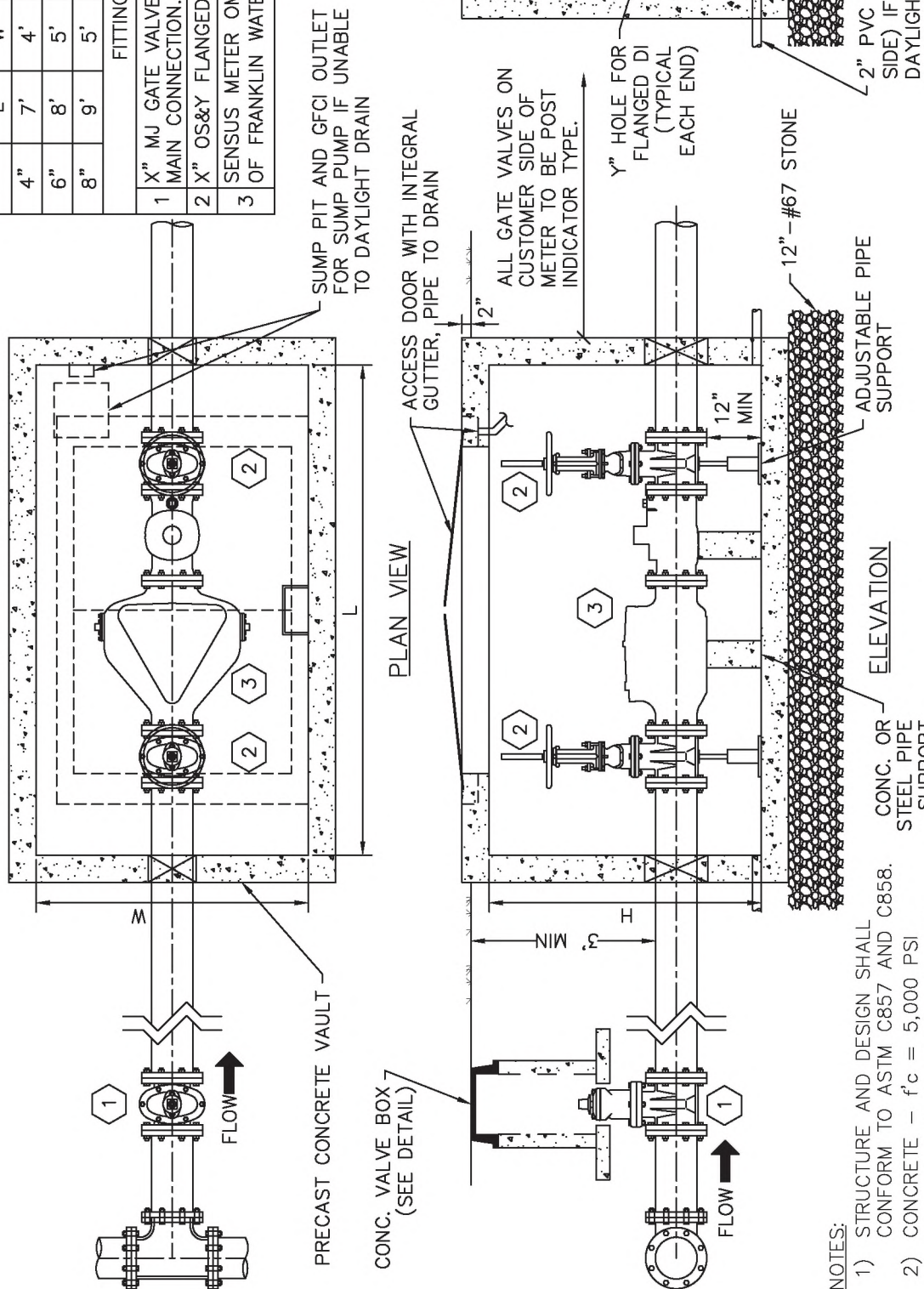
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DWG. NO. **W-3**

DATE: 10/16/2019



| METER SIZE              | PRECAST VAULT (INSIDE DIMENSION)                                                    |    |    | HALLIDAY PRODUCTS ACCESS DOOR | "X" HOLE FOR FLANGED DIP |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
|                         | L                                                                                   | W  | H  |                               |                          |
| 4"                      | 7'                                                                                  | 4' | 5' | H2W5442                       | 4"                       |
| 6"                      | 8'                                                                                  | 5' | 5' | H2W7248                       | 6"                       |
| 8"                      | 9'                                                                                  | 5' | 5' | H2W7248                       | 8"                       |
| FITTING AND DEVICE LIST |                                                                                     |    |    |                               |                          |
| 1                       | X" MJ GATE VALVE WITH VALVE BOX AT WATER MAIN CONNECTION.                           |    |    |                               |                          |
| 2                       | X" OS&Y FLANGED GATE VALVE                                                          |    |    |                               |                          |
| 3                       | SENSUS METER OMNI F <sup>2</sup> (TO BE APPROVED CITY OF FRANKLIN WATER MANAGEMENT) |    |    |                               |                          |



#### NOTES:

- 1) STRUCTURE AND DESIGN SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C857 AND C858.
- 2) CONCRETE -  $f'_c = 5,000$  PSI
- 3) REBAR - ASTM A615 GRADE 60
- 4) LOADS - AASHTO H-20 LOAD RATED WITH 30% IMPACT



## 4'-8" FIRE METER

CITY OF FRANKLIN

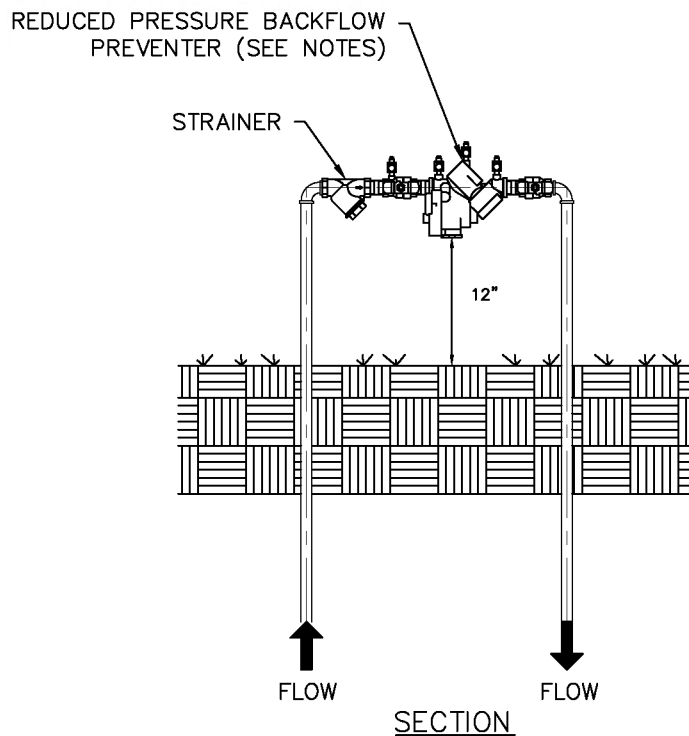
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DATE: 10/16/2019

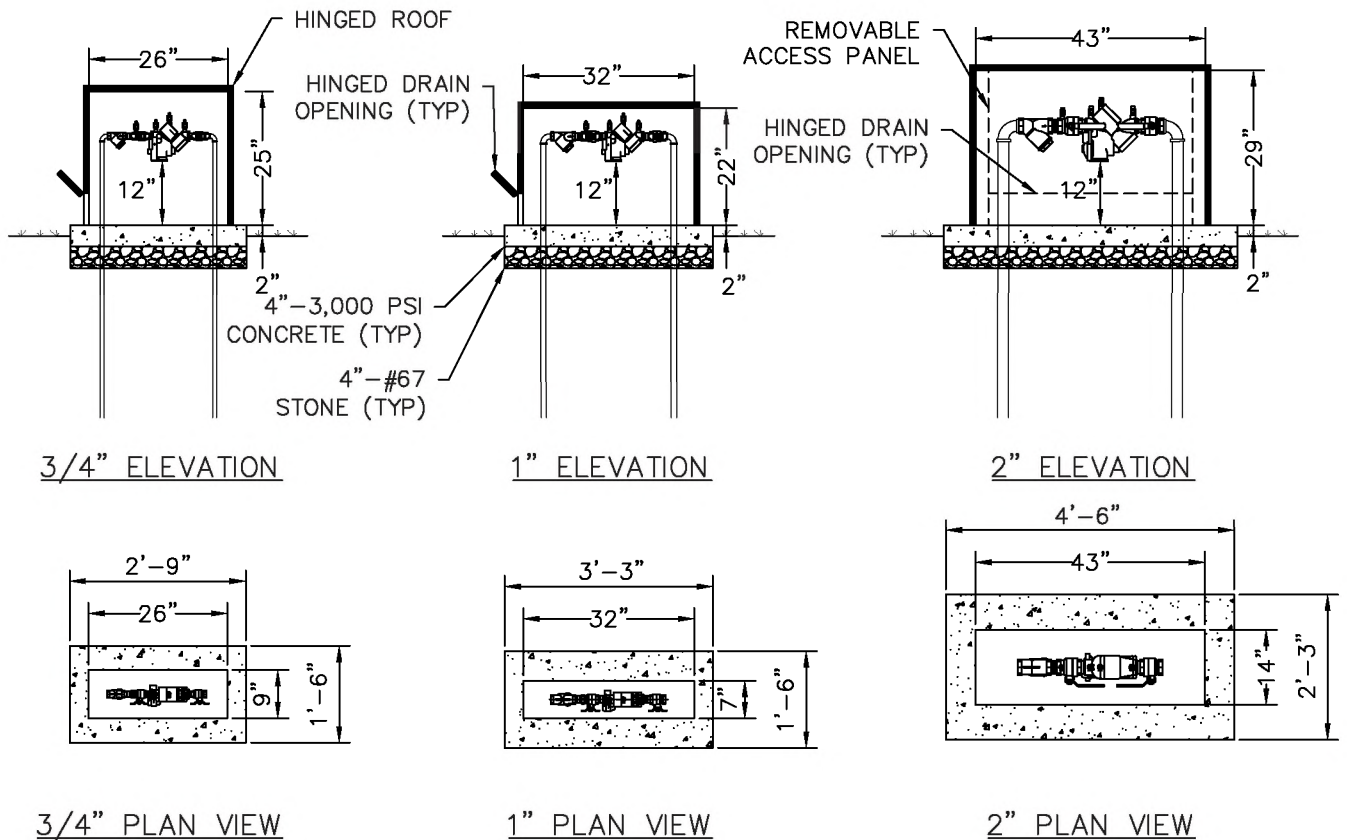
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W-4



**NOTES:**

- 1) BACKFLOW PREVENTER MODELS SHALL BE PER THE APPROVED COF WATER MANAGEMENT LIST.
- 2) MAINTAIN 5' CLEARANCE FROM TREES, WALLS, DRIVEWAYS, POLES, ETC.
- 3) BACKFLOW DEVICE TO REMAIN ACCESSIBLE AT ALL TIMES.
- 4) STRAINER REQUIRED ON ALL DOMESTIC BACKFLOW DEVICES.
- 5) BACKFLOW ASSEMBLY SHALL BE DRAINED DURING FREEZING WEATHER OR ENCLOSED IN INSULATED ENCLOSURE.

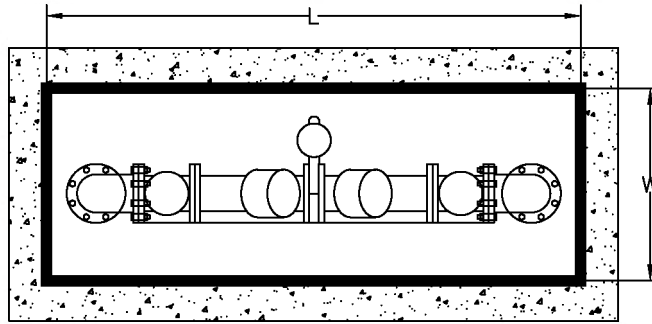


| BACKFLOW PREVENTER<br>SIZE | SAFE-T-COVER<br>ENCLOSURE<br>MODEL | ENCLOSURE SIZE |        |        | CONC. PAD   |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|-------------|
|                            |                                    | W(IN)          | L (IN) | H (IN) |             |
| 3/4"                       | 75SN-AL                            | 9"             | 26"    | 25"    | 1'-6"X2'-9" |
| 1"                         | 100S-AL                            | 7"             | 32"    | 22"    | 1'-6"X3'-3" |
| 1.5" AND 2"                | 200S-AL                            | 14"            | 43"    | 29"    | 2'-3"X4'-6" |

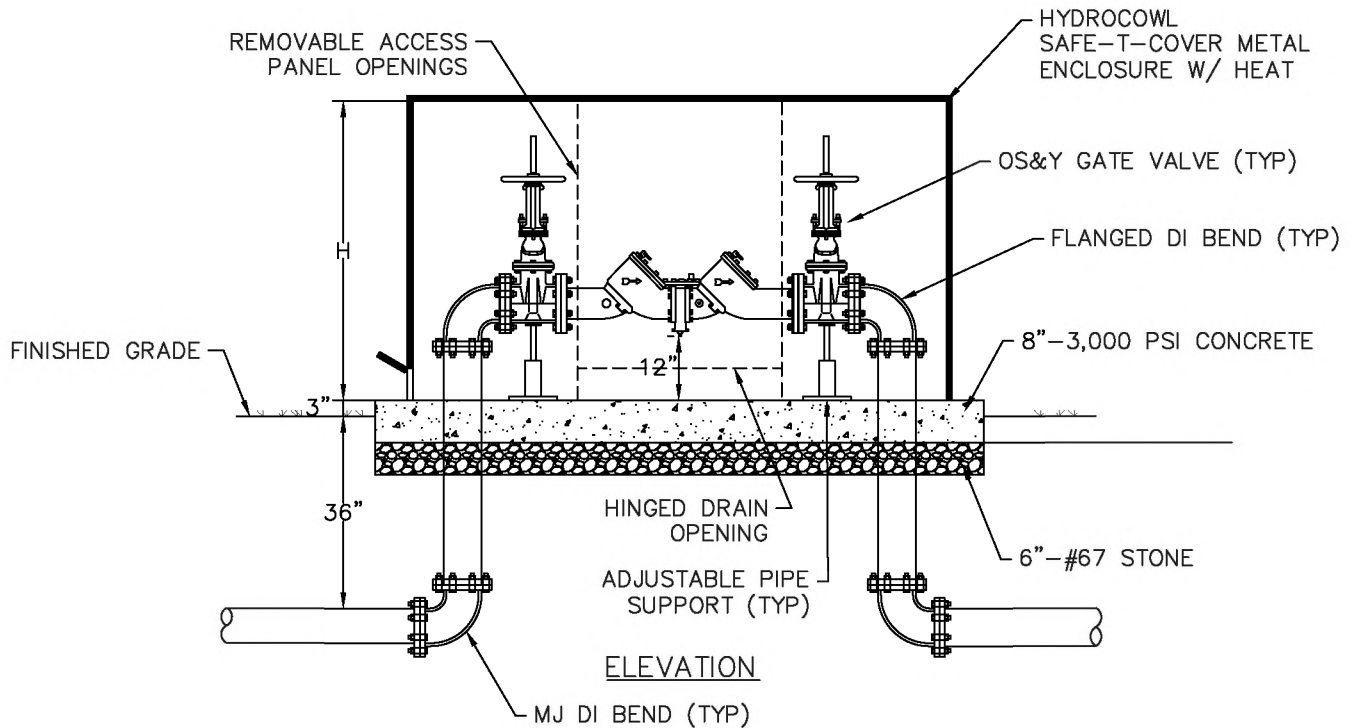
**NOTES:**

- 1) BACKFLOW PREVENTER MODELS SHALL BE PER THE APPROVED COF WATER MANAGEMENT LIST.
- 2) MAINTAIN 5' CLEARANCE FROM TREES, WALLS, DRIVEWAYS, POLES, ETC.
- 3) BACKFLOW DEVICE TO REMAIN ACCESSIBLE AT ALL TIMES.
- 4) BACKFLOW ASSEMBLY SHOULD BE DRAINED DURING FREEZING WEATHER OR ENCLOSED IN INSULATED ENCLOSURE.





PLAN VIEW



| BACKFLOW PREVENTER SIZE | SAFE-T-COVER ENCLOSURE MODEL | ENCLOSURE SIZE |        |        | CONC PAD     |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------------|
|                         |                              | W(IN)          | L (IN) | H (IN) |              |
| 3"                      | 300-AL                       | 22"            | 72"    | 38"    | 3'-0"X7'-3"  |
| 4"                      | 400-AL                       | 26"            | 86"    | 44"    | 3'-4"X8'-4"  |
| 6"                      | 600-AL                       | 36"            | 100"   | 56"    | 4'-3"X9'-6"  |
| 8"                      | 800T-AL                      | 38"            | 120"   | 80"    | 4'-4"X11'-3" |

NOTES:

- 1) BACKFLOW PREVENTER MODELS SHALL BE PER THE APPROVED COF WATER MANAGEMENT LIST.
- 2) MAINTAIN 5' CLEARANCE FROM TREES, WALLS, DRIVEWAYS, POLES, ETC.
- 3) BACKFLOW DEVICE TO REMAIN ACCESSIBLE AT ALL TIMES.
- 4) BACKFLOW ASSEMBLY SHOULD BE DRAINED DURING FREEZING WEATHER OR ENCLOSED IN INSULATED ENCLOSURE.



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## REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTER FOR 3"-8" LINES (ABOVE GROUND)

CITY OF FRANKLIN

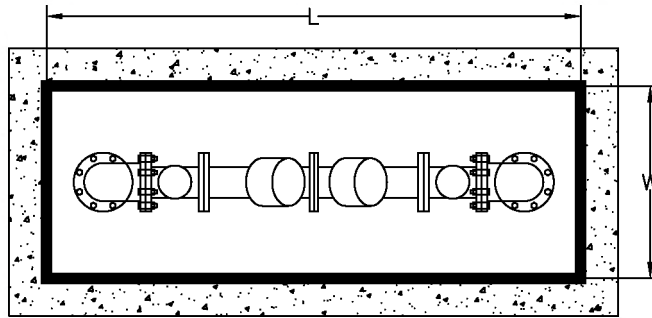
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DIRECTOR:

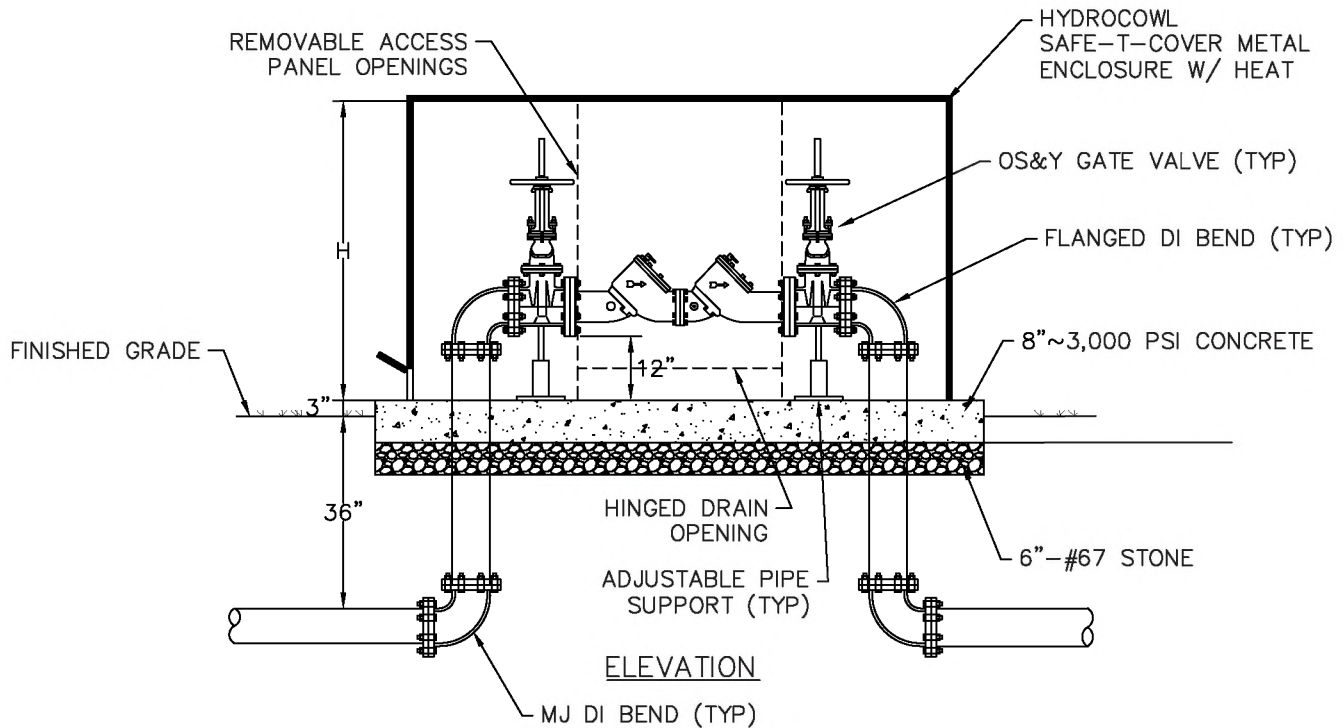
DATE:  
10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**W-7**



PLAN VIEW



| BACKFLOW PREVENTER SIZE | SAFE-T-COVER ENCLOSURE MODEL | ENCLOSURE SIZE |        |        | CONC PAD (W"XL") |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|------------------|
|                         |                              | W(IN)          | L (IN) | H (IN) |                  |
| 4"                      | 400-AL                       | 26"            | 86"    | 44"    | 3'-4"X8'-4"      |
| 6"                      | 600-AL                       | 36"            | 100"   | 56"    | 4'-3"X9'-6"      |
| 8"                      | 800T-AL                      | 38"            | 120"   | 80"    | 4'-4"X11'-3"     |

**NOTES:**

- 1) BACKFLOW PREVENTER MODELS SHALL BE PER THE APPROVED COF WATER MANAGEMENT LIST.
- 2) MAINTAIN 5' CLEARANCE FROM TREES, WALLS, DRIVEWAYS, POLES, ETC.
- 3) BACKFLOW DEVICE TO REMAIN ACCESSIBLE AT ALL TIMES.
- 4) BACKFLOW ASSEMBLY SHOULD BE DRAINED DURING FREEZING WEATHER OR ENCLOSED IN INSULATED ENCLOSURE.



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## BACKFLOW PREVENTER FOR 4"-8" LINES

CITY OF FRANKLIN

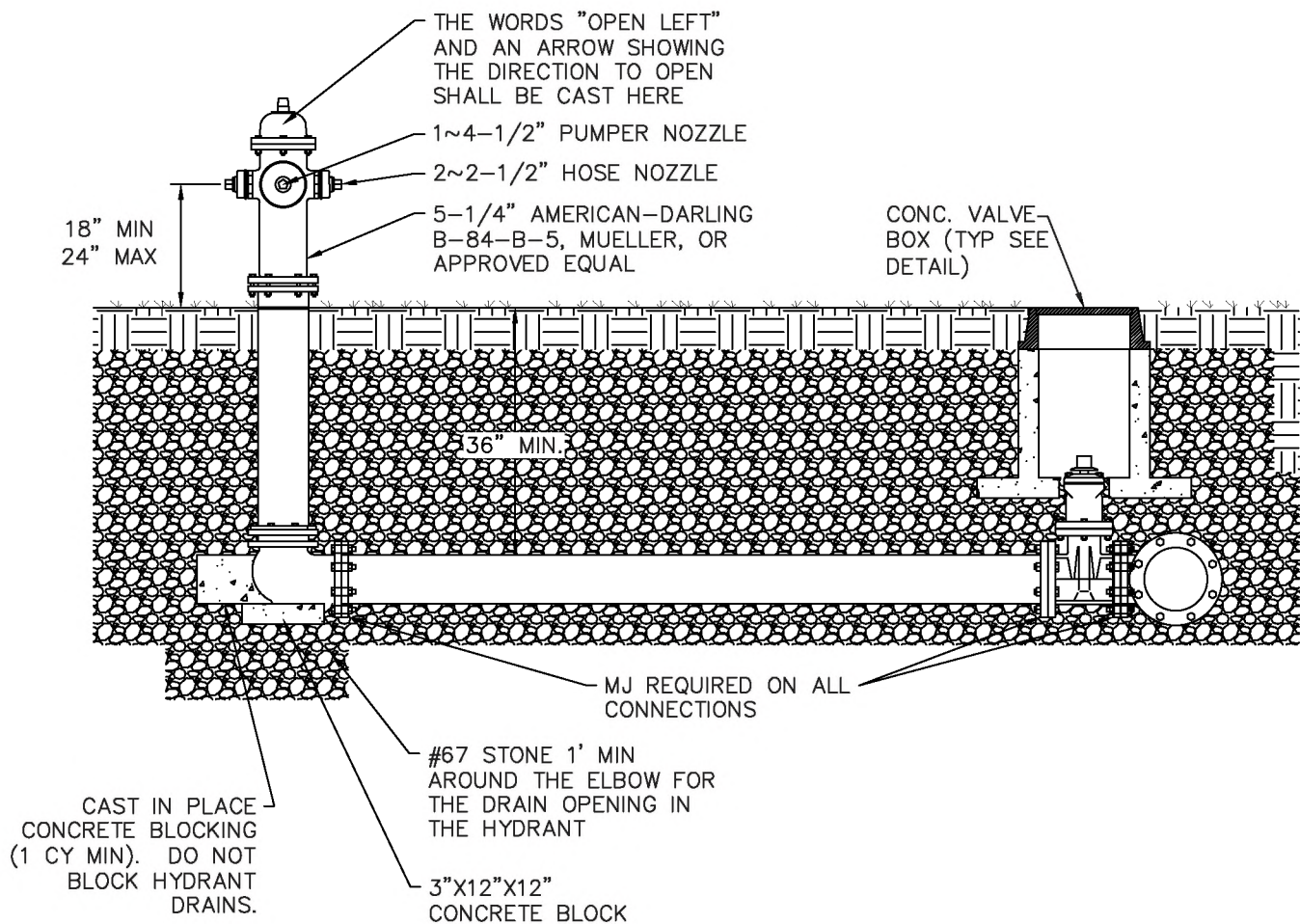
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WATER  
MANAGEMENT  
DIRECTOR:

DATE:  
10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**W-8**



**NOTES:**

- 1) MAINTAIN 5' CLEARANCE FROM TREES, WALLS, DRIVEWAYS, POLES, ETC.

**FIRE HYDRANT SETTING**

CITY OF FRANKLIN

NOT TO SCALE

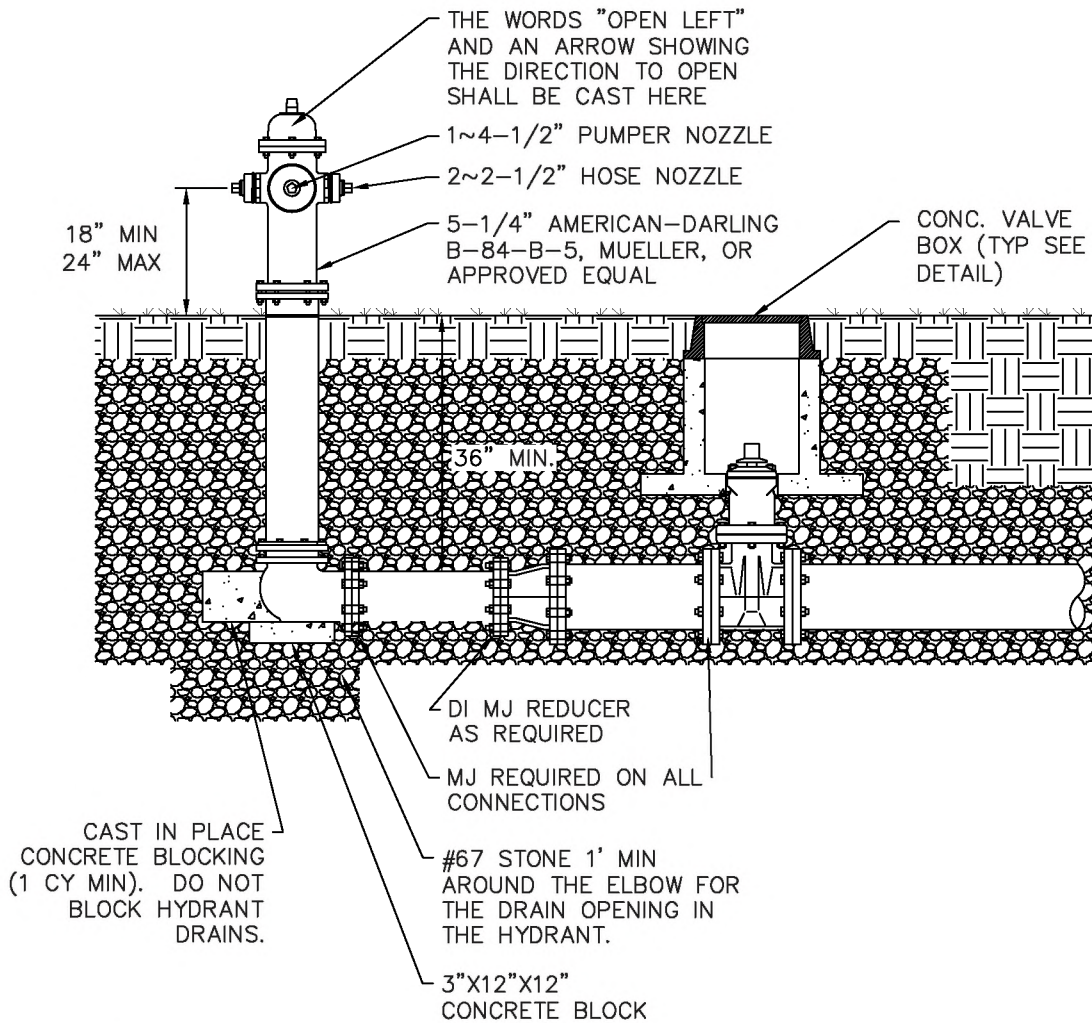
WATER  
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DIRECTOR:

DATE: 10/16/2019

DWG. NO.

**W-9**





| MAIN SIZE     | END PIPE SIZE                |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| 6" – 18"      | 6" BLOW-OFF                  |
| 18" & GREATER | AS APPROVED BY CITY ENGINEER |

**NOTES:**

- 1) MAINTAIN 5' CLEARANCE FROM TREES, WALLS, DRIVEWAYS, POLES, ETC.
- 2) FOR MAINS THAT ARE TO BE EXTENDED USE A VALVE EQUAL TO THE MAIN SIZE AS THE BLOW-OFF CONTROL VALVE AND THEN REDUCE.

**From:** [MyTDEC Forms \(no reply\)](#)  
**To:** [Patricia McNeese](#)  
**Subject:** Review Complete for Submission HPQ-MNMN-KZHQ9 in the MyTDEC Forms System  
**Date:** Wednesday, February 1, 2023 8:20:05 AM

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***ATTENTION COF staff: This email originated from outside the City of Franklin. Please use discretion when clicking on attachments & links from unknown senders or suspicious emails.***

Patricia,

**Engineering Services has completed its review** of the contents of your Drinking Water Engineering Plans Submittal submission [HPQ-MNMN-KZHQ9](#) in the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation MyTDEC Forms System.

**Correction Requests were identified and must be addressed** in order for the agency to continue processing. Please use the link shown above to open, revise, and resubmit.

Open correction requests include:

- **Standard Specifications**

*• Ensure that the attached resolution is the most recent adopted copy. • Please remove our old approval letter from the final standard specification document. • Remove the cover page of the specifications (old stamps & project #) and attach an updated cover page with a most recent P.E. seal. • Please remove any “sewer” references from the Table of Contents. The body of the specifications doesn’t include sewer works. • Section 33 1100, 2.1.A: Reference of ANSI 21.151/AWWA C151 needs to be corrected to read ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151. • Section 33 1100, 2.5.A and 2.6 A, B & C: If HDPE is being used for water mains ensure compliance with AWWA C906. AWWA Specification C906 was revised in February 2022. To ensure compliance with the new standard, the HDPE material is PE4710. (Previously 3408 or 3608). Otherwise specify if it is only for service lines. • Section 33 1100, 2.7.A.1: Reference of ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 needs to be corrected to read ANSI A21.10/AWWA C110. • Section 33 1100, 2.7.B: Ensure all references of AWWA & ANSI are in the correct form accordingly. • Section 33 1100, 3.7: Ensure compliance with the latest AWWA Specification C651 Disinfection of Water Mains. This specification includes disinfection instruction and bacteriological testing frequency. • Section 33 1100, 3.6.B: AWWA Specifications C905 has been revoked. PVC pipe diameters previously listed in that specifications are now included in AWWA C900.*

Thank you,  
Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation  
Engineering Services  
[DWR.Engineering@tn.gov](mailto:DWR.Engineering@tn.gov)



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**File #: 21-05266**

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**DATE:** September 25, 2023  
**TO:** Capital Investment Committee  
**FROM:** Michelle Hatcher, Director of Water Management

**SUBJECT:**

Consideration Of COF Contract No. 2023-0318, With C&T Engineering And Inspection, LLC For Harpeth River Stream Monitoring And Data Management

**PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide information to the Franklin Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BOMA) concerning a contract with C&T Engineering for professional services related to the Harpeth River water quality monitors.

**BACKGROUND/STAFF COMMENTS:**

As indicated in the 2017 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, the City is required to monitor the water quality in the Harpeth River at three locations upstream and downstream of our facilities. This monitoring data is then submitted to TDEC as part of the diurnal investigations that monitor the seasonal variations of the river. WMD staff was performing this work in-house. However, access to these sites has become more difficult over the past five years and WMD has evaluated the option of getting assistance on this as a long-term, feasible option.

The monitoring consists of three total locations collecting a variety of water quality parameters. Equipment is deployed annually at the Cotton Lane Bridge site, which is typically maintained weekly. The upstream site at Trinity Road and the downstream site at Moran Road are both seasonal and deployed from May to October, when flows are typically at their lowest. While maintenance needs may vary, they typically are greatest after a large storm event. This contract will also provide for professional services to review data and detect any abnormalities immediately rather than at the end of the month, which will help for calibrations or other equipment maintenance to ensure quality data is obtained.

**FINANCIAL IMPACT:**

The total amount of this contract is sixty thousand, six hundred and zero dollars (\$60,600.00) and will not be exceeded without an amendment to the initial contract. WMD does anticipate incurring this cost annually for the foreseeable future as this requirement remains in the NPDES permit.



**RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends that COF Contract No. 2023-0318 be recommended to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for approval.

**CITY OF FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE  
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT  
COF Contract No. 2023-0318**

THIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is by and between the City of Franklin, Tennessee, hereinafter referenced as City, and **C&T ENGINEERING AND INSPECTION, LLC**, hereinafter referenced as Consultant, who mutually agree as follows:

**DECLARATIONS.** City desires to retain Consultant to provide engineering, related technical, and other services in connection with City's project hereinafter referenced as Project. The Project is described as follows:

**HARPETH RIVER STREAM MONITORING AND DATA MANAGEMENT**

1. SCOPE OF SERVICES. Consultant shall provide engineering related technical services and/or inspection services for the Project in accordance with the Scope of Services (Services) as found in Attachment A which shall be considered as an integral part hereof.
2. Consultant shall submit as a part of Attachment A an individual Fee Schedule and a Completion Schedule for the Project based on the detailed Scope of Services.
3. In event of a conflict between this Agreement and the attached document(s), this Agreement shall supersede conflicting terms and conditions.
4. Consultant shall be paid on a monthly basis for work performed based on the Fee Schedule as contained in Attachment A in the Amount of Sixty Thousand Six Hundred and No/100 Dollars (\$60,600.00).

**The Board of Mayor and Aldermen Approved this Agreement on the  
\_\_\_\_\_ Day of \_\_\_\_\_ 202\_\_.**

## **TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES**

### **ARTICLE 1. SERVICES.** Consultant will:

- 1.1 Act for City in a professional manner, using that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised by and consistent with standards of competent consultants using the standards in the industry.
- 1.2 Consider all reports to be confidential and distribute copies of the same only to those persons specifically designated by the City.
- 1.3 Perform all services under the general direction of a senior professional employee, licensed and/or registered in the State of Tennessee, when appropriate.
- 1.4 Designate, in writing, the sole Project representative to coordinate with City the Services to be provided, including all contact information.
- 1.5 Unless provided for in the Project Scope of Services (Attachment A), Consultant shall perform all Services with his own forces (employees). Should sub-consultants be proposed to be used in the Project, a listing of said sub-consultants with Services to be performed shall be provided. After approval of this Agreement, no substitute for sub-consultants shall be allowed unless approved by City.
- 1.6 Retain pertinent records relating to the services performed for a period of seven (7) years following the completion of the work; during this period the records shall be available for review by City at all reasonable times.

### **ARTICLE 2. CITY'S RESPONSIBILITIES.** City, or its authorized representative, will:

- 2.1 Provide Consultant with all information regarding the Project, which is available to, or reasonably obtainable by, the City.
- 2.2 Furnish right-of-entry onto the Project site for Consultant's necessary field studies and surveys. Consultant will endeavor to restore the site to its original condition and shall remain solely liable for all damages, costs and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, for failure to make such restoration.
- 2.3 Designate, in writing, the sole Project representative to coordinate with and direct the Consultant, including all contact information.
- 2.4 Guarantee to Consultant that it has the legal capacity to enter into this contract and that sufficient monies are available to fund Consultant's compensation.

### **ARTICLE 3. GENERAL CONDITIONS.**

- 3.1 Consultant, by the performance of services covered hereunder, does not in any way assume, abridge or abrogate any of those duties, responsibilities or authorities customarily vested in other professionals or agencies participating in the Project.



- 3.2 Consultant shall be responsible for the acts or omissions of any party involved in concurrent or subsequent phases of the Project acting upon written instruction issued by the Consultant.
- 3.3 Neither City nor Consultant may assign or transfer its duties or interest in this Agreement without written consent of the other party.
- 3.4 **ALLOCATION OF RISK AND LIABILITY; GENERAL.** Considering the potential liabilities that may exist during the performance of the services of this Agreement, the relative benefits and risks of the Project, and the Consultant's fee for the services rendered, and in consideration of the promises contained in this Agreement, the City and the Consultant agree to allocate and limit such liabilities in accordance with this Article.
- 3.5 **INDEMNIFICATION.** Consultant agrees to indemnify and hold City harmless from and against legal liability for all judgments, losses, damages, and expenses to the extent such judgments, losses, damages, or expenses are caused by Consultant's negligent act, error or omission in the performance of the services of this Agreement. In the event judgments, losses, damages, or expenses are caused by the joint or concurrent negligence of Consultant and City, they shall be borne by each party in proportion to its own negligence.
- 3.5.1 **SURVIVAL.** The terms and conditions of this paragraph shall survive completion of this services agreement.
- 3.6 **LIMITATIONS OF RESPONSIBILITY.** Consultant shall not be responsible for (a) construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, procedures, or safety precautions and programs in connection with the Project unless specifically undertaken in Attachment A, Scope of Services ; (b) the failure of any contractor, subcontractor, Consultant, or other Project participant, not under contract to Consultant, to fulfill contractual responsibilities to City or to comply with federal, state, or local laws, regulations, and codes; or (c) procuring permits, certificates, and licenses required for any construction unless such procurement responsibilities are specifically assigned to Consultant in Attachment A, Scope of Services.

**ARTICLE 4. TERMINATION BY THE CITY.** The City may terminate this Agreement in accordance with the following terms and conditions:

- 4.1 **Termination for Convenience.** The City may, when in the interests of the City, terminate performance under this Agreement with the Consultant, in whole or in part, for the convenience of the City. The City shall give written notice of such termination to the Consultant specifying when termination becomes effective. The Consultant shall incur no further obligations in connection with the work so terminated, other than warranties and guarantees for completed work and installed equipment, and the Consultant shall stop work when such termination becomes

effective. The Consultant shall also terminate outstanding orders and subcontracts for the affected work. The Consultant shall settle the liabilities and claims arising out of the termination of subcontracts and orders. The City may direct the Consultant to assign the Consultant's right, title and interest under termination orders or subcontracts to the City or its designee. The Consultant shall transfer title and deliver to the City such completed or partially completed work and materials, equipment, parts, fixtures, information and Contract rights as the Consultant has in its possession or control. When terminated for convenience, the Consultant shall be compensated as follows:

- (1) The Consultant shall submit a termination claim to the City specifying the amounts due because of the termination for convenience together with costs, pricing or other data required by the City. If the Consultant fails to file a termination claim within one (1) year from the effective date of termination, the City shall pay the Consultant the amount the City deems the Consultant is due.
- (2) The City and the Consultant may agree to the compensation, if any, due to the Consultant hereunder.
- (3) Absent agreement to the amount due to the Consultant, the City shall pay the Consultant the following amounts:
  - (a) Contract costs for labor, materials, equipment and other services accepted under this Agreement;
  - (b) Reasonable costs incurred in preparing to perform and in performing the terminated portion of the work, and in terminating the Consultant's performance, plus a fair and reasonable allowance for direct job site overhead and earned profit thereon (such profit shall not include anticipated profit or consequential damages); provided however, that if it reasonably appears that the Consultant would have not profited or would have sustained a loss if the entire Agreement would have been completed, no profit shall be allowed or included and the amount of compensation shall be reduced to reflect the anticipated rate of loss, if any;

The total sum to be paid the Consultant under this Section shall not exceed the total Agreement Price, as properly adjusted, reduced by the amount of payments otherwise made, and shall in no event include duplication of payment.

- 4.2 Termination for Cause. If the Consultant does not perform the work, or any part thereof, in a timely manner, supply adequate labor, supervisory personnel or proper equipment or materials, or if it fails to timely discharge its obligations for labor, equipment and materials, or proceeds to disobey applicable law, or otherwise commits a violation of a material provision of this Agreement, then the City, in addition to any other rights it may have against the Consultant or others, may terminate the performance of the Consultant, in whole or in part at the City's sole option, and assume possession of the Project Plans and materials and may complete the work.

In such case, the Consultant shall not be paid further until the work is complete. After Completion has been achieved, if any portion of the Contract Price, as it may be modified hereunder, remains after the cost to the City of completing the work, including all costs and expenses of every nature incurred, has been deducted by the City, such remainder shall belong to the Consultant. Otherwise, the Consultant shall pay and make whole the City for such cost. This obligation for payment shall survive the termination of the Agreement.

In the event the employment of the Consultant is terminated by the City for cause pursuant to this Section and it is subsequently determined by a Court of competent jurisdiction that such termination was without cause, such termination shall thereupon be deemed a Termination for Convenience under this Section and the provisions of Section 4.1 shall apply.

- 4.3 Termination for Non-Appropriation. The City may also terminate this Agreement, in whole or in part, for non-appropriation of sufficient funds to complete or partially complete the Project, regardless of the source of such funds, and such termination shall be on the terms of Section 4.1.
- 4.4 The City's rights under this Section shall be in addition to those contained elsewhere herein or provided by law.

**ARTICLE 5. SCOPE OF SERVICES.** Consultant shall provide the Services as described in Attachment A, Scope of Services.

- 5.1 By mutual agreement, this Agreement and scope can be amended by the parties. The scope and fee for any additional tasks or services under such amendment shall be mutually negotiated and agreed to in writing prior to beginning such additional tasks or services.



**5.2 ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY.**

Where drilling/sampling services are involved, the samples obtained from the Project site are the property of the City. Should any of these samples be recognized by the Consultant to be contaminated, the City shall remove them from the Consultant's custody and transport them to a disposal site, all in accordance with applicable government statutes, ordinances, and regulations. For all other samples, the Consultant shall retain them for a sixty (60)-day period following the submission of the drilling/sampling report unless the City directs otherwise; thereafter, the Consultant shall discard the samples in accordance with all federal, state and local laws.

**ARTICLE 6. SCHEDULE.**

**6.1 TIME OF THE ESSENCE.** The parties agree that time is of the essence with respect to the parties' performance of all provisions of the Agreement.

**6.2** Before executing this Agreement, the Consultant shall have prepared and submitted for approval to the City a Completion Schedule for the Project with milestones for the various stages (tasks) of the Services as outlined in the Scope of Services. The Consultant shall submit and obtain the City's approval for any proposed changes to the logic, durations, sequences, or timing of tasks as approved in the Completion Schedule.

**6.3 FORCE MAJEURE.** Neither party will be liable to the other for any delay or failure to perform any of the services or obligations set forth in this Agreement due to causes beyond its reasonable control, and performance times will be considered extended for a period of time equivalent to the time lost because of such delay plus a reasonable period of time to allow the parties to recommence performance of their respective obligations hereunder. Should a circumstance of force majeure last more than ninety (90) days, either party may by written notice to the other terminate this Agreement. The term "force majeure" as used herein shall mean the following: acts of God; strikes, lockouts or other industrial disturbances; acts of public enemies; orders or restraints of any kind of the government of the United States or of the State or any of their departments, agencies or officials, or any civil or military authority; insurrections, riots, landslides, earthquakes, fires, storms, tornadoes, droughts, floods, explosions, breakage or accident to machinery, transmission pipes or canals; or any other cause or event not reasonably within the control of either party.

**6.4** Should City request changes in the scope, extent, or character of the Project, the fee and the time of performance of Consultant's Services as indicated in Attachment A shall be adjusted equitably.

## **ARTICLE 7. USE OF DOCUMENTS, DATA.**

7.1 All Documents, including, but not limited to, reports, drawings, specifications, and computer software prepared by Consultant pursuant to this Agreement are instruments of service in respect to the Project. Consultant shall retain an ownership and property interest therein (including the right of reuse at the discretion of the Consultant) whether or not the Project is completed.

7.1.1 **USE OF DATA SYSTEMS:** Ownership, property interests and proprietary rights in data systems used by Consultant do not extend to the data created by or supplied to Consultant by the City; all rights to that data (including derivative or hidden data such as metadata) shall vest solely in City at the moment of creation.

7.1.2 **DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS/DATA.** City may be required to disclose documents or data under state or federal law. City shall notify Consultant if a request for data or documents has been made and shall give Consultant a reasonable opportunity under the circumstances to respond to the request by redacting proprietary or other confidential information. Consultant waives any right to confidentiality of any document, e-mail or file it fails to clearly mark on each page as confidential or proprietary. In exchange, Consultant agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless City for any claims by third parties relating thereto or arising out of (i) the City's failure to disclose such documents or information required to be disclosed by law, or (ii) the City's release of documents as a result of City's reliance upon Consultant representation that materials supplied by Consultant (in full or redacted form) do not contain trade secrets or proprietary information, provided that the City impleads Consultant and Consultant assumes control over that claim.

7.2 By execution of this Agreement, Consultant and his sub-consultant(s) grant the City a royalty-free, perpetual, irrevocable, and assignable license to use any and all intellectual property interest Consultant or his sub-consultant(s) possess to any drawings, details, specifications, documents, and other information created before each of their first involvement with the Project and subsequently incorporated into the Project's documents. City-furnished data that may be relied upon by Consultant is limited to the printed copies that are delivered to the Consultant pursuant to Article 2 of this Agreement. Any copyrighted electronic files furnished by City shall be used by Consultant only for the Project as described herein. City's posting or publication of such documents created by Consultant for City shall constitute fair use and shall not constitute an infringement of Consultant's copyright, if any.

- 7.3 Documents that may be relied upon by City are limited to the printed copies (also known as hard copies) that are signed or sealed by the Consultant. Files in electronic media format of text, data, graphics, or of other types that are furnished by Consultant to City are only for convenience of City, unless the delivery of the Project in electronic media format has been dictated in Attachment A, Scope of Services. Any conclusion or information obtained or derived from electronic files provided for convenience will be at the user's sole risk.
- 7.4 Because data stored in electronic media format can deteriorate or be modified inadvertently or otherwise without authorization of the data's creator, the party receiving electronic files agrees that it will perform acceptance tests or procedures within sixty (60) days, after which the receiving party shall be deemed to have accepted the data thus transferred. Any errors detected within the 60-day acceptance period will be corrected by the party delivering the electronic files. Unless stated otherwise herein, Consultant shall not be responsible to maintain documents stored in electronic media format after acceptance by City.
- 7.5 When transferring documents in electronic media format, Consultant makes no representations as to long term compatibility, usability, or readability, of documents resulting from the use of software application packages, operating systems, or computer hardware differing from that as required of, and used by, Consultant at the beginning of this Project.
- 7.6 City may make and retain copies of Documents for information and reference in connection with use on the Project by the City, or his authorized representative. Such Documents are not intended or represented to be suitable for reuse by City or others on extensions of the Project or on any other project. Any such reuse or modifications without written verification or adaptation by Consultant, as appropriate for the specific purpose intended, will be at City's sole risk and without liability or legal exposure to the Consultant or to Consultant's sub-consultants.
- 7.7 If there is a discrepancy between the electronic files and the hard copies, the hard copies govern.
- 7.8 Any verification or adaptation of the Documents for extensions of the Project or for any other project will entitle Consultant to further compensation at rates to be agreed upon by City and Consultant.

## **ARTICLE 8. INSURANCE.**

- 8.1 During the performance of the Services under this Agreement, Consultant shall maintain the following minimum insurance:
- a) General Liability Insurance with a combined single limit of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 annual aggregate.
  - b) Automobile Liability Insurance with a combined single limit of \$1,000,000 for each person and \$1,000,000 for each accident.



- c) Workers' Compensation Insurance Coverage A in accordance with statutory requirements and Coverage B, Employer's Liability Insurance, with a limit of \$500,000 for each occurrence.
  - d) Professional Liability Insurance with a limit of \$1,000,000 annual aggregate.
- 8.2 Consultant shall add the City an additional insured on all policies unless otherwise prohibited.
- 8.3 Consultant shall, upon execution of this Agreement, furnish City certificates of insurance, which shall include a provision that such insurance shall not be canceled without at least thirty (30) days' written notice to City.
- 8.4 No insurance, of whatever kind or type is to be considered as in any way limiting other parties' responsibility for damages resulting from their activities in the execution of the Project. City agrees to include, or cause to be included, in the Project's construction contract, such requirements for insurance coverage and performance bonds by the Project's construction contractor as City deems adequate to indemnify City, Consultant, and other concerned parties against claims for damages and to insure compliance of work performance and materials with Project requirements.

#### **ARTICLE 9. PAYMENT.**

- 9.1 City will pay Consultant for services and expenses in accordance with the Fee Schedule proposal submitted for the Project as part of the Scope of Services. Consultant's invoices will be presented at the completion of the work or monthly and will be payable upon receipt. Payment is due upon presentation of invoice and is past due thirty (30) days from invoice date. City shall give prompt written notice of any disputed amount and shall pay the remaining amount.
- 9.2 Consultant shall be paid in full for all services under this Agreement, including City authorized overruns of the Project budget or unforeseen need for Consultant's services exceeding the original Scope of Services.
- 9.3 **TRAVEL; EXPENSES**  
City shall reimburse reasonable expenses, including travel and meals, when specified in the Scope of Services, but only in accordance with the City's Travel and Expense Policy and Procedures Manual. The maximum amount will be applied as of the date of travel and as listed in the per diem reimbursement rates on the "CONUS" website developed by the United States General Services Administration, located at [www.gsa.gov](http://www.gsa.gov) [click on 'per diem rates' under the 'etools' category].

## **ARTICLE 10. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

- 10.1 **EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY.** In connection with this Agreement and the Project, City and Consultant shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, sex, national origin, disability or marital status. City and Consultant will take affirmative action to ensure that the contractor used for the Project does not discriminate against any employee and employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, age, religion, color, gender, national origin, disability or marital status. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination, rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship.
- 10.1.1 Consultant shall insert the foregoing provision in all contracts relating to this Project.
- 10.2 **TITLE VI – CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964.** City and Consultant shall comply with all the requirements imposed by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d), 49 C.F.R., Part 21, and related statutes and regulations.
- 10.2.1 Consultant shall insert the foregoing provision in all contracts relating to this Project.
- 10.3 **NO THIRD PARTY RIGHTS CREATED.** City and Consultant each binds itself and its successors, executors, administrators, permitted assigns, legal representatives and, in the case of a partnership, its partners, to the other party to this Agreement and to their successors, executors, administrators, permitted assigns, legal representatives and partners of such other party in respect to all provisions of this Agreement. The Services provided for in this Agreement are for the sole use and benefit of City and Consultant. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to give any rights or benefits to anyone other than City and Consultant.
- 10.4 **WARRANTIES/LIMITATION OF LIABILITY/WAIVER.** City reserves all rights afforded to local governments under law for all general and implied warranties. City does not waive any rights it may have to all remedies provided by law and therefore any attempt by Consultant to limit its liability shall be void and unenforceable.
- 10.5 **IRAN DIVESTMENT ACT** By 1) entering into this Agreement and/or by 2) submission of a bid or proposal to the City of Franklin, the Consultant and each person signing on behalf of any Consultant, certifies, and in the case of a joint bid or proposal each party thereto certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of its knowledge and belief that neither they, nor any assignee of the resulting contract, is on the list created pursuant to T.C.A. § 12-12-106. The Consultant further certifies that it shall not utilize any

subcontractor/subconsultant identified on the list created pursuant to T.C.A. § 12-12-106.

- 10.6 NON-BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL Except for any contract with a total potential value of less than \$250,000, each consultant, except those with fewer than ten employees, and each person signing on behalf of any such consultant, by entering into this agreement certifies, under penalty of perjury, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, such consultant is not currently engaged in, and will not, for the duration of any such contract, engage in, a boycott of Israel, as that term is defined in Tenn. Code Ann. § 12-4-119.

#### **ARTICLE 11. EXTENT OF AGREEMENT:**

- 11.1 APPLICABLE LAW/CHOICE OF FORUM AND VENUE. This Agreement is made under and will be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to that state's choice of law rules. The parties' choice of forum and venue shall be exclusively in the courts of Williamson County, Tennessee. Any provision of this Agreement held to violate a law or regulation shall be deemed void, and all remaining provisions shall continue in force.
- 11.2 ENTIRE AGREEMENT. This Agreement, including these terms and conditions, represent the entire Agreement between City and Consultant for this Project and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations or agreements, written or oral. This Agreement may be amended only by written instrument signed by City and Consultant.

#### **ARTICLE 12. DISPUTE RESOLUTION, BREACH.**

- 12.1 If a dispute should arise relating to the performance of or payment for the Services under this Agreement, the aggrieved party shall notify the other party of the dispute within a reasonable time after such dispute arises. During the pendency of any dispute, the parties shall continue diligently to fulfill their respective obligations hereunder. No arbitration or mediation shall be required as a condition precedent to filing any legal claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement. No arbitration or mediation shall be binding.
- 12.2 BREACH. Upon deliberate breach of the Agreement by either party, the non-breaching party shall be entitled to terminate the Agreement with notice, with all of the remedies it would have in the event of termination, and may also have such other remedies as it may be entitled to in law or in equity.

#### **ARTICLE 13. SURVIVAL.**

The provisions contained in this Professional Services Agreement shall survive the completion of or any termination of the Agreement, contract



or other document to which it may accompany or incorporate by reference or which subsequently may be modified, unless expressly excepted from this Article upon consent of both parties.

BY: C. Brandon Garrett  
Consultant's Signature  
TITLE: Project Manager  
Date: 10/17/2023

BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. Ken Moore  
Mayor  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Approved as to Form:

\_\_\_\_\_  
J. Blake Harper, Staff Attorney



1113 Murfreesboro Rd Ste 106-102  
Franklin, TN 3706

615.567.3306  
[www.ctengineering.net](http://www.ctengineering.net)

September 20, 2023

Ms. Michelle Hatcher. P.E.  
Water Management Director  
City of Franklin  
124 Lumber Drive Franklin, TN 37064

Dear Ms. Hatcher,

Subject: Proposal for Professional Environmental Services  
Harpeth River Stream Monitoring and Data Management

Dear Ms. Hatcher:

C&T Engineering and Inspection, LLC (C&T) is pleased to submit this proposal to the City of Franklin Water Management Department as requested. Our preparation of this proposal is based upon our previous meeting at the project site including email correspondence sent to us by Mr. Jeff Giles containing site-specific information of mandated instream monitoring requirements complying with NPDES Permit No. TN0028827 (Attachment-A).

This proposal provides a general description of our proposed scope of services, the associated costs, and the proposed schedule.

## **1.0 BACKGROUND**

The City of Franklin in accordance with the provisions of the Tennessee Water Quality Control Act, Tennessee Code Annotated (T.C.A.), Sections 69-3-101 through 69-3-120, was issued an NPDES Permit No. TN0028827 by the Department of Environment and Conservation Division of Water Resources. NPDES Permit No. TN0028827 requires the City of Franklin Water Management Department to perform annual instream chemical, biological and diurnal dissolved oxygen monitoring in the Harpeth River as written in the monitoring and sampling schedule detailed in the approved NPDES permit.

## 2.0 PURPOSE

C&T Engineering and Inspection, LLC will assist the City of Franklin Water Management Department with required stream river diurnal monitoring of the Harpeth River using three individual sonde river monitors located at Moran Road 36.017195, -86.899823, Cotton Lane 35.967995, -86.900665, and Trinity Road 35.862051, -86.763107 bridges in Franklin TN.

NPDES Permit No. TN0028827 specific diurnal river monitoring requirements are as follows:

### Diurnal River Monitoring Locations:

- Cotton Lane Bridge (DS4, 52 consecutive weeks river monitor Attachment-B)
- Moran Road Bridge (DS5, seasonal monitor from May 1<sup>st</sup> -Oct 31<sup>st</sup> Attachment-C)
- Trinity Road Bridge (US2, seasonal monitor from May 1<sup>st</sup> -Oct 31<sup>st</sup> Attachment-D)

The NPDES permit issued to the City of Franklin and the three river monitoring locations with their corresponding GPS coordinates have been supplied to C&T by the City of Franklin Water Management Department.

## 3.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

### **RIVER MONITORING AND DATA COLLECTION**

C&T Engineering and Inspection staff scientists and biologists will provide professional environmental services associated with the Harpeth River stream monitoring and data collection requirements described within NPDES Permit No. TN0028827. The river stream monitoring locations are presented in a graphical format in the NPDES permit and additionally listed under bullet 2.0 in this document.

The environmental work associated with this Scope of Services will be completed once weekly throughout the diurnal monitoring periods including the following deliverables:

- 3.1 Stream location DS4 will be monitored on a weekly basis. The type of monitoring will be continuous using an instream sonde provided by the City of Franklin Water Management Department. Appropriate calibration and crosschecks will be performed via grab samples at each of the river monitoring locations and



documented in a calibration log. The sondes shall be able to monitor the instream temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, and conductivity at 15-minute intervals. C&T staff scientist will capture the recorded data from each sonde at each river monitoring location using the VuSitu Mobile App. Concurrent climatological data and stream flow estimates at each river monitoring station during the diurnal investigation will also be recorded. Once the data from each river monitoring location is captured it will be downloaded to a PC and the .csv files created from the sondes will be added to the river monitoring Excel file. The Excel file will then be reviewed by C&T scientist for completeness and accuracy before being sent to the City of Franklin.

- 3.2 Stream locations DS5 and US2 will be monitored during seasonal time periods between May 1<sup>st</sup> and Oct 31<sup>st</sup> as directed by the NPDES permit. The type of monitoring will be continuous using instream sondes provided by the City of Franklin Water Management Department. Appropriate calibration and crosschecks will be performed via grab samples at each of the river monitoring locations and documented in a calibration log to validate data and provide guidance on additional water quality needs. The sondes shall be able to monitor the instream temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, and conductivity at 15-minute intervals. The recorded data from DS5 and US2 will be processed the same as DS4 above in bullet 3.1
- 3.3 In the event the sondes are damaged, vandalized or producing readings that may be inaccurate C&T Engineering staff scientist will survey alternate stream locations and propose an alternate stream monitoring location be submitted for approval and an amendment made to the Diurnal Investigations Plan and for TDEC concurrence with the new location.
- 3.4 Once the seasonal river monitoring is complete for Moran Rd Bridge and Trinity Rd) Bridge (DS5 and US2) the instream sondes will be pulled from the Harpeth River and the recommended long-term storage procedure for each will be executed and followed by delivery to the City of Franklin Water Management Department for seasonal storage.

- 3.5 Annual processing of diurnal river monitoring data in connection with required regulatory submission and compliance. Data will be quantified, reviewed and provided in a comparable usable format as part of regulatory compliance reporting.

C&T will coordinate with the COF concerning the scheduling of data collection activities, the results of the data collection and any problems associated with the data collection process including data collection equipment, environmental factors which would impede the collection of data or other problems associated with the data collection process.

#### 4.0 FEES

Our not-to-exceed fees are based on the scope of professional services described above and will be billed on a Time & Materials (T&M) basis for each hour worked plus the cost of any materials needed as a pass-through cost. If C&T Engineering and Inspection encounters any conditions that require additional services and costs beyond what is presented in this proposal, C&T will contact Ms. Michelle Hatcher with our recommendations prior to proceeding with any services beyond the scope of this proposal. We will not exceed this proposal amount without written authorization from you. The estimated fee to perform the scope of services outlined above is provided below.

| Task                                          | Not-to-Exceed Cost |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 3.1 Once Weekly River Monitoring DS4          | \$37,375           |
| 3.2 Once Weekly River Monitoring DS5, US2     | \$15,125           |
| 3.3 Survey Alternate Monitoring Locations     | \$2,500            |
| 3.4 Long-Term Storage DS5, US2 Sondes         | \$1,000            |
| 3.5 Annual Diurnal River Monitoring Reporting | \$4,600            |

Based on the scope of services described above, the not to exceed lump sum cost to perform the above referenced services will be sixty thousand six hundred dollars **\$60,600**. Invoicing for professional services will be in accordance with the attached fee schedule.



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Franklin, TN 3706

615.567.3306  
[www.ctengineering.net](http://www.ctengineering.net)

## 5.0 CLOSING

C&T is prepared to begin the Harpeth River Stream Monitoring and Data Collection professional services as soon as the City of Franklin Water Management Department authorizes the work. We sincerely appreciate the opportunity to provide you with this proposal. If you have any questions, please contact us.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'C. Brandon Garrett'.

**C&T Engineering and Inspection, LLC**

C. Brandon Garrett, CPESC, TN-QHP

Senior Environmental Scientist/Project Manager

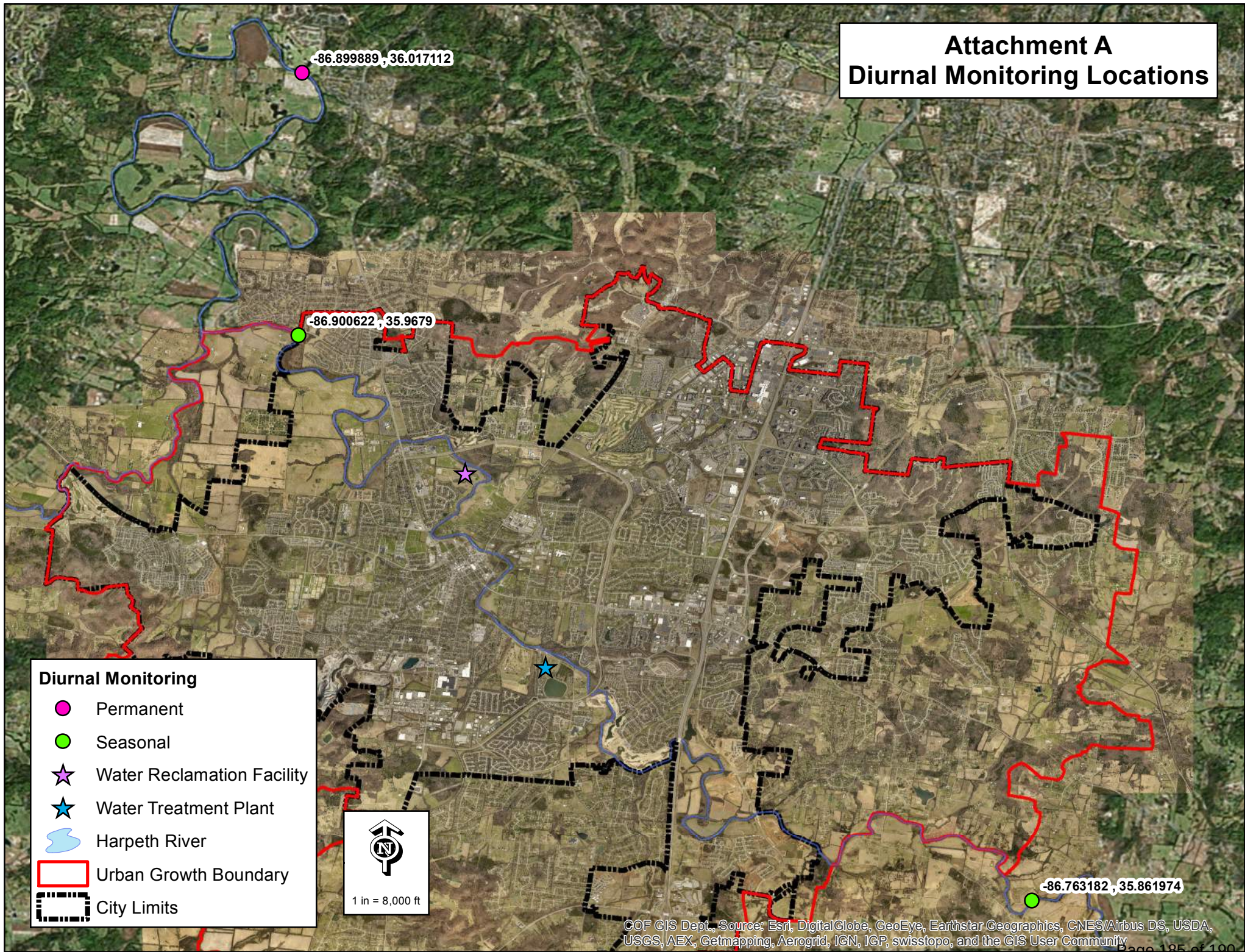
### *Attachments:*

Attachments -Monitoring Locations

C.c. Tom Lamb Client Service Leader

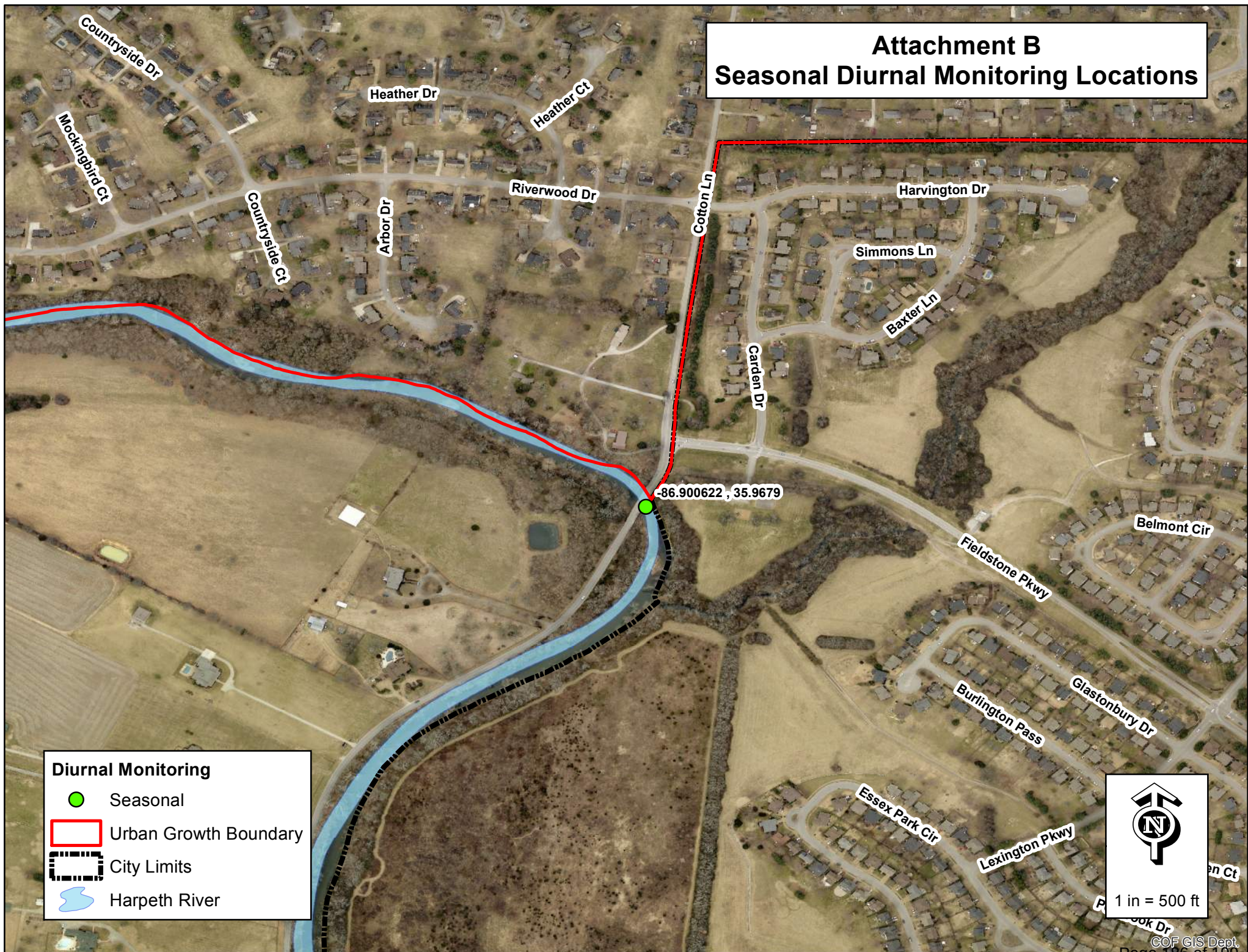


# Attachment A Diurnal Monitoring Locations



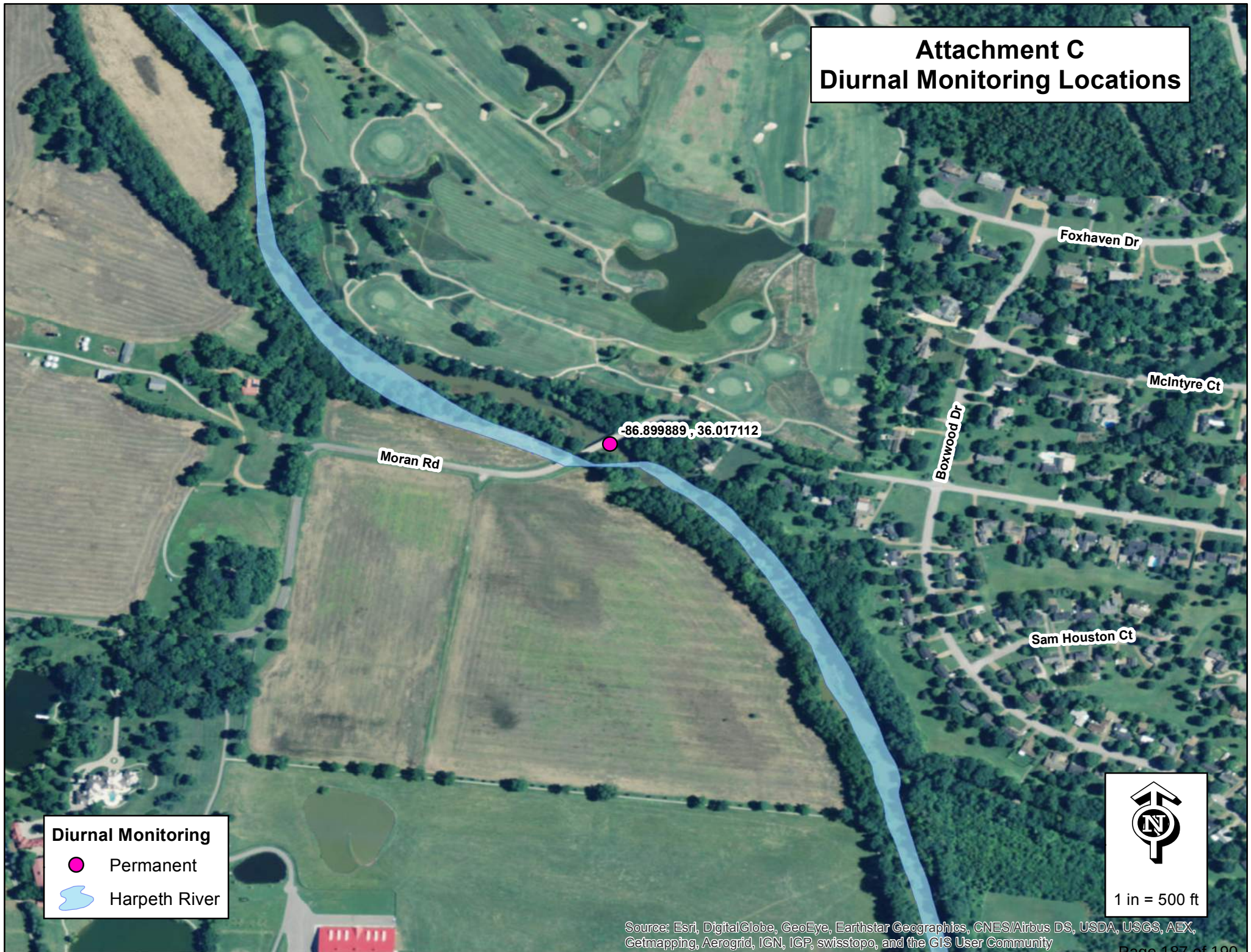


## Attachment B Seasonal Diurnal Monitoring Locations





# Attachment C Diurnal Monitoring Locations



## Diurnal Monitoring

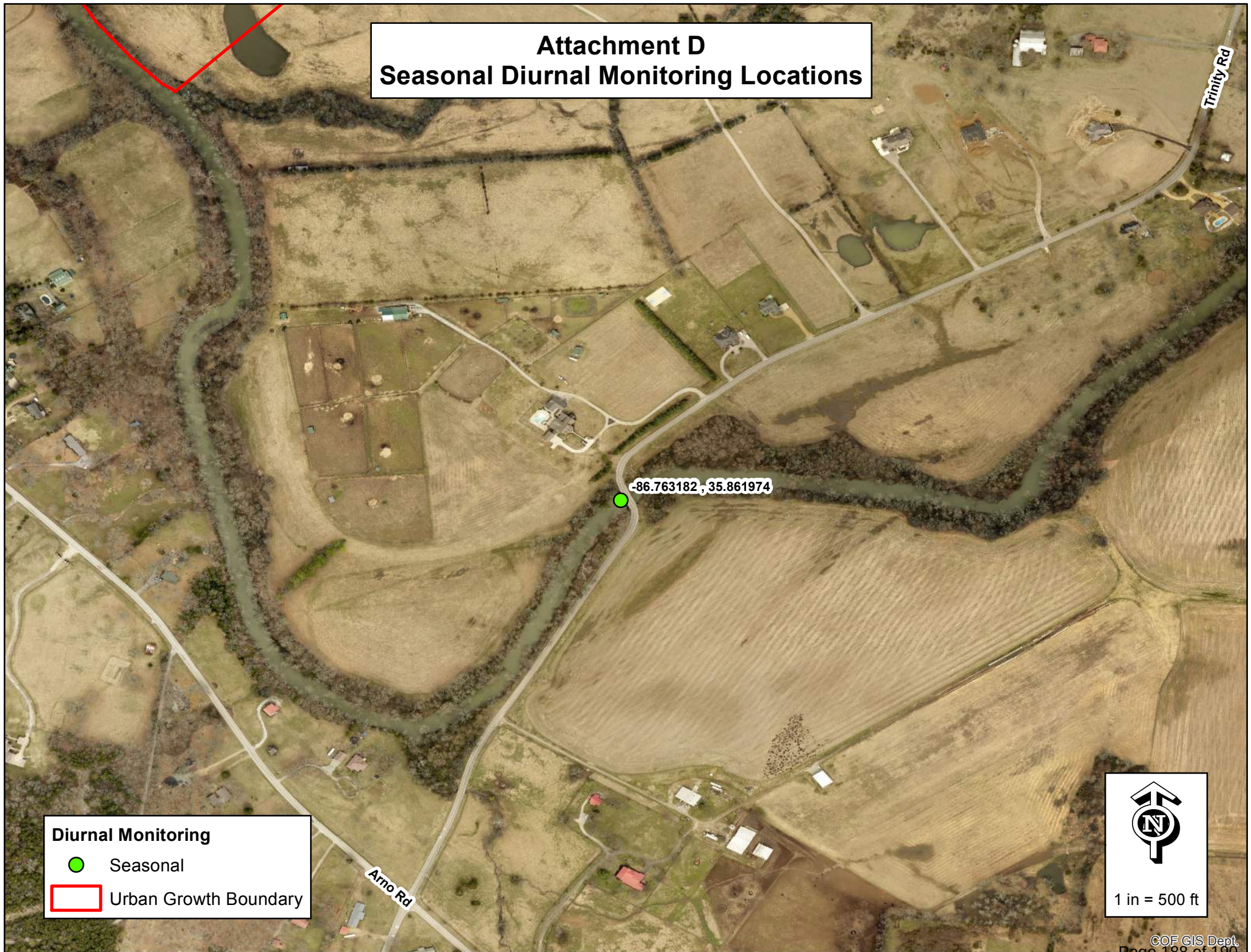
- Permanent
- Harpeth River



Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community



# Attachment D Seasonal Diurnal Monitoring Locations



## Diurnal Monitoring



Seasonal



Urban Growth Boundary



1 in = 500 ft



## City of Franklin

109 3rd Ave S.  
Franklin, TN 37064  
(615) 791-3217

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**File #: 21-05408**

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**DATE:** October 19, 2023  
**TO:** Capital Investment Committee  
**FROM:** Eric Stuckey, City Administrator  
Paul Holzen, Director of Engineering  
Jonathan Marston, Asst. Director of Engineering  
**SUBJECT:**

Capital Projects Dashboard And Status Updates For October 2023

**PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide information to the Franklin Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BOMA) concerning the status of some of the City's transportation, stormwater, and parks capital projects.

**BACKGROUND/STAFF COMMENTS:**

To access the live dashboard for the City of Franklin Capital Investment Projects, please go to the following City webpage:

[COF Dashboard Link](#)

Manually locate the dashboard following the instructions below:

Go to the City of Franklin's main website at: <https://www.franklintn.gov/>,  
Hover your cursor over "**Our City**" or "**Business**",  
Click on "[City Projects](#)",  
Click on "[Capital Projects Dashboard](#)".

**FINANCIAL IMPACT:**

N/A

**RECOMMENDATION:**

None



# City of Franklin Capital Investment Projects Dashboard

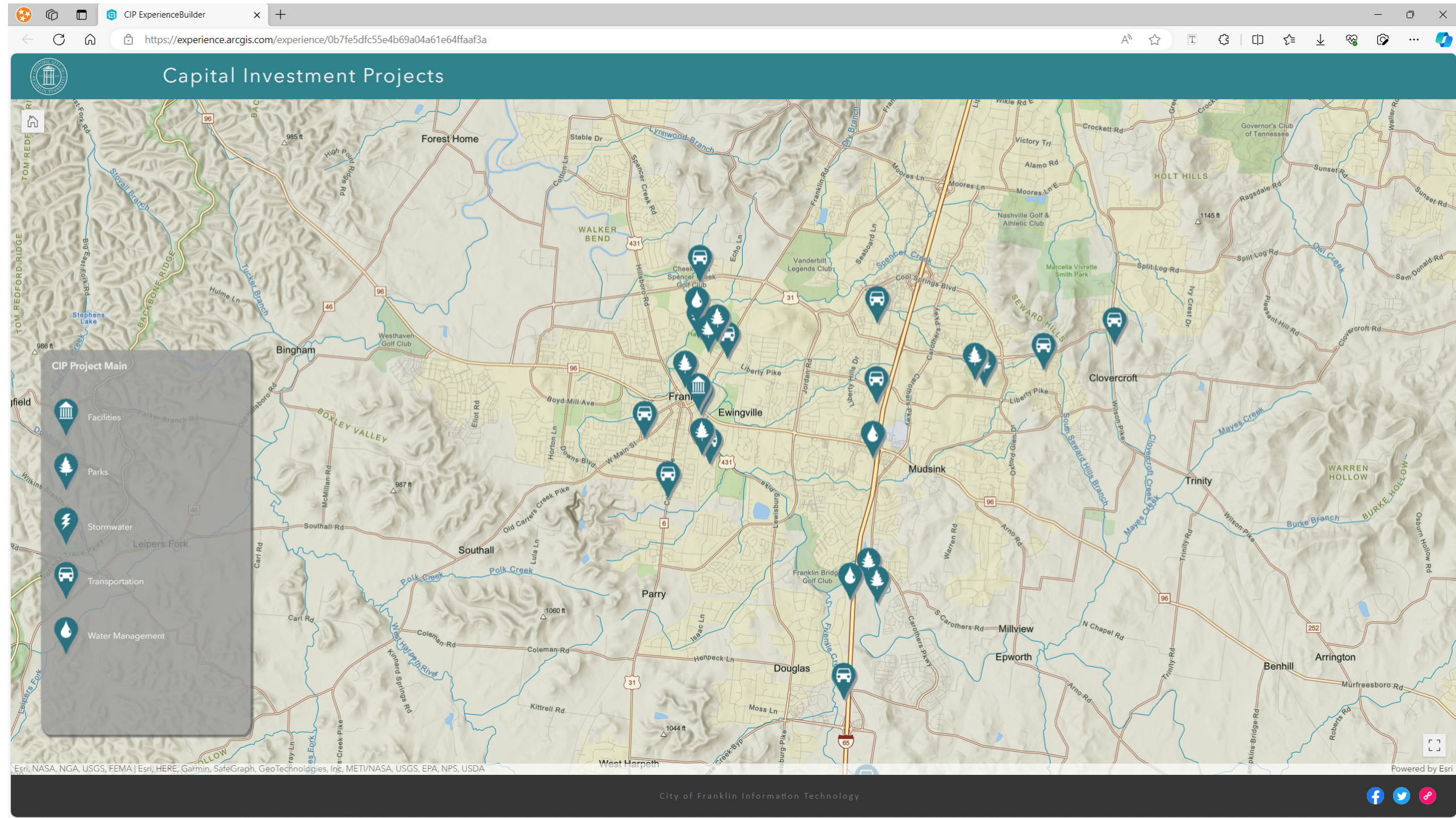


Image Captured from City of Franklin Website on 10/19/2023

Go to [www.franklinton.gov](http://www.franklinton.gov) >> Hover over “Our City” >> Click on “City Projects” >> Click on “[Capital Projects Dashboard](#)”

OR

Go to [www.franklinton.gov](http://www.franklinton.gov) >> Hover over “Business” >> Click on “City Projects” >> Click on “[Capital Projects Dashboard](#)”